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The Irish Times.

16 PAGES

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BIRTHS.

MONTAGUE—January 19, 1931, at 24 Morehampton terrace, Donnybrook, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Montague, a son.

ORR—January 26, 1931, at 89 Lower Bagot street, Dublin, to Sheelagh (née Birmingham), wife of Flying-Officer Lionel F. H. Orr, R.A.F., a daughter.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 8.

ANDERSON—January 21, 1931, at Wellington, New Zealand, W. J. Anderson, M.A., LL.D., late Inspector-General of Education, and brother of Mrs. Allen, 1 Princetown road, Bangor, Co. Down. (By cable.)

BAGNALL—January 27, 1931, at his residence, 86 Spencer road, Londonderry, George, dearly-beloved husband of Meta Bagnall, and third son of the late Robert Bagnall, Kittubber. Funeral from his late residence on to-morrow (Friday), 30th inst., at 8.30 a.m., for interment at Newtownstewart, arriving by motor at Mullingar about three p.m.

BOYCE—January 28, 1931, at her residence, 20 Herbert street, Dublin, Jane Caldwell Boyce, wife of Dr. Charles Boyce, and daughter of the late Frederick Wise, of Rochestown, Co. Cork. Funeral strictly private.

BROWNE—January 23, 1931, suddenly, at "Woodlands," Kilmacud road, Farnham, Hants, Anna Georgina, the dearly-beloved wife of Nassau Blair Browne.

CREAN—January 28, 1931, at Sir Patrick Dun's Hospital, Mrs. Delia Crean, late cook to Mrs. Jameson, Bray.

DRURY—January 26, 1931, at 3 Colleton Crescent, Exeter, Henry D'Olier Drury, M.A. (Cantab.), aged 81, for 37 years Mathematical Master at Marlborough College, son of the late William Barker Drury, of Boden Park, Rathfarnham, County Dublin, Registrar of the Court of Chancery in Ireland.

FALLON—January 27, 1931, at Bettyville, Bray, Charles Joseph, the dearly-beloved husband of Genevieve Fallon. R.I.P. Funeral strictly private, after 10 o'clock Mass (to-morrow (Friday) from the Church of the Most Holy Redeemer, Bray. No flowers.

FARIS—January 26, 1931, suddenly, at work at Lyncombe, Broadstone, Dorset, George Faris, beloved husband of Elizabeth Lyall Faris, and grandson of the late A. E. Young, Esq., Monaghan. Funeral to-day (Thursday) at 2 p.m. at the Broadstone Church.

HAMPTON—January 10, 1931, at 8 Scarborough road, Toronto, Canada, James Henry Hampton, B.A. (T.C.D.), C.A., youngest son of the late John Hampton, Kilmore, Armagh, and formerly Headmaster, Royal School, Cavan, in his 74th year.

HOPE—January 27, 1931, at Hong Kong, China, of typhoid fever, Molly, wife of James Hope, 1st South Wales Borderers, and elder daughter of the late Henry Louis Klug, J.P., D.L., and Mrs. King, of Ballyin, Sherlocks, King's County.

LOUGHRIDGE—January 26, 1931, at her residence, Breezemount, Myrtlefield Park, Belfast, Margaret, widow of the late Campbell Millar Loughridge, and mother of J. Canning Loughridge, Frankfort, Clonskeagh, in her 84th year.

MacMAHON—January 27, 1931, at St. John's Hospital, John Joseph MacMahon, M.P.S.I., Maryville, Ennis road, Limerick, eldest son of the late Andrew and Ellen MacMahon, Jail street, Kanis. R.I.P. Funeral from St. Munchin's Church to-day (Thursday), 3 o'clock, to Mount St. Lawrence.

NORTH—January 28, 1931, Theophilus Vere, late Irish Land Commission, at the Richmond Whitworth Hospital, Dublin, very dearly loved and loving husband of Mary Ethel North, Invermay House, Leicester avenue, Rathgar, and much loved elder son of the late Mary Jane and Thomas North. Funeral, strictly private, from hospital on Friday.

OGILVIE—January 27, 1931, at her daughter's residence, 1 Elm Park avenue, Sandycove, Elizabeth Ogilvie, relict of Alexander Ogilvie, and mother of Mrs. Allen, 1 Princetown road, Bangor, Co. Down. (By cable.)

PARKES—January 27, 1931, suddenly, at Castlehill, County Cavan, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Perrott.

RAWSON—January 26, 1931, at Havelock House, Grosvenor road, Rathmines, Dublin, Charlotte Jane Rawson, in her 82nd year. Funeral to-morrow (Friday) morning at 10 o'clock to Mount Jerome. "Peace, perfect peace."

REDDIN—January 27, 1931, at Kingstown, Margaret Reddin, of 66 Patrick street, eldest daughter of the late Mary Jane and Thomas Reddin. "Peace, perfect peace." Funeral Service at the Mariners' Church to-day (Thursday) at 9.30 a.m.

SCROOPE—January 23, 1931, at Great Maytham, Rolvenden, Kent, May, eldest daughter of Charles and Mrs. Scroope, Monkstown, Co. Cork. R.I.P.

STRICKLAND—As the result of a motor accident in London, Rita, wife of Major T. G. Strickland. R.I.P.

TATE—January 28, 1931, at The Castle, Rathdrum, Fannie H. R., daughter of the late John Tate, Esq., Coolballintaggert, County Wicklow. Funeral, Rathdrum, 2 p.m. to-morrow (Friday). No flowers, by request.

WHITNEY—January 27, 1931, at Kiltennel, Gorey, Abigail, widow of the late Richard Whitney. Funeral at one o'clock to-day (Thursday) for family burial ground, Hollyfort.

WILMOT—January 26, 1931, at Holly Bank, Derbyshire road, Sale, Cheshire, Sara Beatrice (Trixie), the beloved wife of Charles Gordon Wilmot.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

The late **Captain Thomas Joseph Biggs, C.E.**—**Mrs. Biggs** desires to express her deep thanks to all those kind friends who wrote expressing their sympathy in her very great and sad sorrow.

The relatives of the late **Miss Cumming** return thanks for letters of sympathy received in their bereavement.

IN MEMORIAM.

CLANCY—Sixteenth Anniversary.—In loving memory of Alderman John Clancy, J.P., Sub-Sheriff and Lord Mayor-Elect of Dublin; died 29th January, 1915. R.I.P. Also his wife, Elizabeth, who died 30th June, 1921. "Thy will be done."

JONES—In loving memory of our dear son, John Eaton, Oak Park, Carlow, after operation, January 29, 1916. Deeply mourned by all. Inserted by Mother.

SMYTH—In ever-loving memory of darling Willie, who died on 29th January, 1928, Seskinrea, Old Leighlin, aged 21 years.
"Do we forget, no never,
For Memory's golden chain
Binds our hearts to one we love
Till we meet in Heaven again"

SMYTH—Third Anniversary.—In loving memory of Elizabeth Smyth, Lower George's street, Dun Laoghaire, who died January 29th, 1928. Sacred Heart of Jesus, have mercy on her. Masses offered. Inserted by her loving sons, James L. and John D. Smyth, Newtown Park, Blackrock.

SMYTH—Third Anniversary.—In loving memory of my dear mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Smyth, 128 Lower George's street, Dun Laoghaire. Masses offered. Inserted by her loving daughter Lily and son-in-law.

SMYTH—Third Anniversary.—In sad and loving memory of Mrs. Elizabeth Smyth, 128 Lower George's street, Dun Laoghaire, who departed this life on January 29th, 1928. Masses offered this morning for the eternal repose of her soul at St. Michael's, Dun Laoghaire. Inserted by her loving husband, sons and daughters.

SMYTH—Third Anniversary.—In respectful and loving memory of my dear mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Smyth. Masses offered. Inserted by her son, Charles A., and daughter-in-law.

SPENCE—In loving memory of Arthur William Spence, who passed away in Bath on January 29th, 1928. Sadly missed.

WEST—In loving remembrance of our dearly-loved daughter, Patricia Monica, "Pat," who was called Home 29th January, 1929, aged seven years and eight months.
"Suffer the little children to come unto Me."

NICHOLS'
'Phone—61276. 'Phone—61276.
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Your Soiled Clothes
CLEANED LIKE NEW.
Suit, 7/6 Dress, 6/6
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MISCELLANEOUS.

GEOGHEGAN—FAMILY.—Will the direct descendants of Ignatius and Bridget Geoghegan, née McDonnell (married St. Nicholas of Francis street, Dublin, 1785), please communicate with Messrs. OLLARD and OLLARD, Solicitors, March, Cambridgeshire?

PRELIMINARY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Estate of
THE RIGHT HONORABLE WILLIAM CHAMBRE 6th BARON LANGFORD, Deceased (late of Summerhill, in the County of Meath, and of Heath Lodge, Uxbridge, Middlesex).
All persons having any claims against the assets of the above Deceased are hereby required to furnish particulars of same (in writing) to the undersigned.
Dated this 27th day of January, 1931.
THOMAS CROZIER and SON, Solicitors for the Executors of Deceased (Mabel Lady Langford and Henry Tristram Henchy), 14 Ely place, Dublin, C.2.

"TAMILESE," the Tea for Flavour. Sold by Educational Dairy, 9 Upper Baggot Street.

PIP—Yes, I will certainly be with you. Central Hotel Electric Grill Room, 7.30. I hear it is topping. Wear red flower.—Pop.

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BROOKS, THOMAS AND Co., LTD. DUBLIN. — BUILDERS' IRONMONGERY. Rainwater Goods, Locks, Furniture, Hinges, Skylights, Sash Fasteners, Weights, Bolts and Nuts. Axle Pulleys.

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POCKET KNIVES, large and varied selection.—BOOTH BROS., DUBLIN.

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HAVING bought the Goodwill and Stock of the late Mr. George Watson (Edmondson Bros.), The Seed House, 11 Dame street, we have pleasure in offering the residue of their stock at BARGAIN PRICES.
See special display at
DRUMMOND'S,
57 and 58 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.

BROADCASTING PROGRAMMES. PAGE SIX.

1931 — "SPIRIT OF GOODWILL" for 1931. BAGOTS O.B. LIQUEUR WHISKEY.

NO, THANK YOU. I MUST have the Cooltal Tea (Regd.).

APOLOGY.
FRANCIS SMYTH and SON offer their sincere apologies to customers who visited the Grafton Street Umbrella Shop about two weeks before Christmas, and were disappointed at the want of variety in stock. The reason for this was that wholesale orders claimed the entire factory output for all the Autumn, and consequently retail stocks which were considerably depleted owing to the broken weather existing, were not brought up to the usual standard until immediately before Christmas. To-day customers will find our usual wide range of modern Umbrellas, including the latest Promenade Umbrellas and Chubbys with plain, coloured and striped covers, and the newest and smartest handles. Their enquiries will receive immediate attention.

THOMPSON'S super Blades for GILLETTE RAZORS guarantee satisfaction. 5/- per packet, post free.—Thompson's Chemist, Nassau St., Dublin.

MONEY.—The Highest Advances to be obtained on Diamonds, Jewellery, Antique Silver, Waterford Glass, Furniture, Pianos. 'Phone 43066. WELDON'S FIRST-CLASS MONEY OFFICE, 65 MARLBOROUGH STREET (Nelson Pillar).

THE BRIGHTER WALTZ, by Santos Casani, in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day. Price Twopence.

TULLAMORE—The "Irish Times," the "Weekly Irish Times" and the "Irish Field" can be had at 6 o'clock each morning from Mr. M. F. GORRY, Harbour street.

CONSTANT HOT WATER SUPPLY AT A LOW COST. Install a "Cookanheat."
It will also Roast, Bake and Boil. Particulars from
BOCKELL LIMITED, DUBLIN.

POWER AND RANGE IN TWO-VALVE WIRELESS.—Illustrated Plan in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" To-day. Price Twopence.

THOS. HENSHAW and Co., Ltd., Christchurch Place, DUBLIN. — Farm and Garden Tools; Spades, Forks, Shears; Lawn Mowers, etc.

MURALINE Water Paint—Washable, Sanitary, Durable. Write for Colour Card and prices. CARSON'S, 22 BACHELOR'S WALK, Dublin.

BROWNE & NOLAN, LIMITED. — PRINTING STATIONERY. A/C BOOKS — OFFICE FILING EQUIPMENT.

MESSRS BEVERLY SMYTH and SONS, 30 Ely Place, Dublin, hereby give notice that goods stored on behalf of Mrs. Montgomery, late of 31 Castle avenue, Dover, will be sold at the expiration of three months to defray charges due.

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More lasting and economical than any ordinary paint — and easily applied.
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" Thos. Deckrell, Sons & Co., Ltd.
LIMERICK: J. & G. Boyd, Ltd.
GALWAY: T. McDonagh & Sons, Ltd.

C.I.Y.M.C.A., 8 Dawson street—To-night, 7.45, Bible Class; 8.15, Mr. Young's Lecture on "That Literature Has Done More for the Advance of the World than Science."

"KINDNESS TO WILD BIRDS"—All entries for this essay Competition in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES" must be delivered at this Office not later than first post on Saturday, 31st January.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with illustrations. Price Twopence.

BELFAST READERS.
The Irish Times is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time, please communicate with our Branch Office, 139 Royal Avenue.

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full of the best intentions, with a restless mind, requiring constant employment, and a stubborn will, but probably too happy-go-lucky to take great pains over anything, and change of variety and excitement seem necessary to her happiness. Clever at handicraft, but somewhat of a butterfly, and the energy and determination to succeed are not present.
The above is a Delineation of a reader's character from her handwriting. See others in the *Weekly Irish Times*

FARM COSTINGS AND TARIFFS—Page 3.

PRIDE goes before a fall, as big car learnt when he couldn't pass shrill; small was a WOLSELEY "Hornet," at £235.—GRAFTON MOTOR CO., Grafton street, Dublin.

SPECIAL Tariff for Washing, Painting, and Oiling of Cars at Portobello. Try it.—C. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., Sole Morris Importers.

LORD TUDOR SALOON, £185, on easy payments arranged.—SMITHFIELD MOTOR CO., LTD., SMITHFIELD (ref. Arran quay). 'Phone 21001-2.

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CONTRACTS.

COUNTY TIPPERARY NORTH RIDING.
TENDERS FOR PRINTING.
The Council of the above County will, at their meeting, to be held in the Courthouse, Nenagh, on Wednesday, 18th February, 1931, receive and consider Tenders for all Books, Forms, Circulars, Stationery, and General Printing in the County Secretary's and County Surveyor's Offices that may be required for the two years from 1st April, 1931, to 1st April, 1933.
Tenders, stating the names of two solvent sureties willing to enter into a bond with the Council for the due performance of the contract, will be received by me up to, but not later than, 4 p.m. on Tuesday, 17th February, 1931.
Specification may be had from me on application, and lists can be seen at my Offices on any day from this date to the day for lodging the Tenders.
By Order,
J. P. FLYNN, County Secretary.
County Council Offices, Nenagh.

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All letters addressed to initials or to Christian or fictitious names at a Post Office will not be dealt with, but immediately sent to Dead Letter Office. Advertisements with such addresses will not be inserted.
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24/11/'28.
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BELFAST—139 Royal Avenue ..... 'Phone 1787
CORK—33 Marlboro' Street ..... 'Phone 1064
LONDON—69 Fleet Street, E.C.4 ..... Central 4350
MANCHESTER—Winter's Buildings, 30 St. Ann Street ..... City 3048
Telephone No.—Dublin 23062.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST Tuesday, 20th, Black Cocker Dog, fore paws brown, tail cut. Reward 26 Hatch street. 28 A.
LOST, white smooth haired Female Terrier, brown head. Address on collar, 83 Stephen's Green. Reward.

FOR SITUATIONS VACANT,
SEE PAGE 2.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

CART Covers, Rick Covers, Motor Lorry Covers, Tarpaulin Tents, Marquees, and Sacks.—Petrie Brothers, Waterproofers, 36 Usher's quay. Price list on application. T
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FOLDING Dropside Cots at makers' prices.—Permanent Industrial Exhibition, 3 Stephen's Green. 28 A
PRAMS—Splendid selection new Models; lowest prices.—Ingram's Furniture Mart, 24 Aungier street, Dublin. 26 E
RUBBER Stamps—Specimen sheets free.—J. Byrne MacKenna, 41 Wellington quay, Dublin. 26 E
TYPEWRITERS, all makes, from £5, fully guaranteed.—Norton Typewriters, 9b Trinity street. 26 E
WATERPROOF Covers for Carts, Vans and Lorries. Best Cotton Sacks. Sale or Hire, on hire terms.—Coleman, 25 Chancery street (behind Four Courts). T

SPECIFIC ARTICLES WANTED.

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BEESZE, good quality, required for building concrete walls; please state price per ton delivered city; 50 tons.—X 1845, this office. 26 E
FEATHER BEDS WANTED. Highest prices given. Will send to examine in city.—IRISH FEATHER CO., LTD., TARA ST., Dublin. IRISH FIRM. 'Phone: Dublin 43407. T
OLD China Services, Antique Silver, Sheffield Plate. Purchased for cash.—C. Parker Cussen, 49 Grafton street. 56 E
WANTED, Fittings, suitable for chemist's shop; state price.—A 5, this office. 27 E
WANTED, Set of Drawers for Architect's Drawings, double elephant size.—X 1956, this office.

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PATRICK Cahill, Optician to His Holiness Pope Pius XI., 13 Wellington quay; 100 years established; high class work; moderate charges. T

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ANGLERS will see finest selection of Salmon Casts, Flies, Reels, Rods, Baits, etc., including Hardy's, at Hely's, Dame street. 8 12
AMMUNITION—Garnett's Velocity-Load Cartridges; "Kilcock" 17/6, "Shrewsbill" 15/- per 100, carriage paid Free State. All brands of English and American Gun and Rifle Cartridges supplied. Catalogues free.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 2
ANGLING, 1931—We anticipate heavy runs of salmon this year, the progeny of the record season 1926. Anglers, fortify yourselves with tackle of reliability and quality, as supplied by the oldest and most up-to-date Fishing Tackle House in Ireland.—M. Garnett and Son, Anglers' Resort, Crampton Court opposite Dublin Castle, Dublin. 8 23
GUNS—Garnett for New and Secondhand Guns. Your old Gun allowed for in exchange. Guns repaired; all makes of .22 Rifles supplied.—Garnett, Crampton Court, Dublin. 78 2

CONTINUED ON PAGE 2.

HOTELS.

WHERE TO STAY, LUNCH AND DINE. — DOLPHIN HOTEL and RESTAURANT, ESSEX ST. (PARLIAMENT ST.), DUBLIN.
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ST. ANDREW'S HOTEL,
EXCHEQUER STREET, DUBLIN.
One of the most comfortable Hotels in the City.
Over 60 Bedrooms.
High-class Cuisine and Moderate Charges.
Luncheon 12.30 to 2.30.
Dinner, 6 to 8.
Under the personal management of the Proprietress
MISS JOHNSTON.
Telephone—No. 23279.

ROYAL MARINE HOTEL,
DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).
Opposite Mail Boat Pier and Rail Termini.
Adjacent to Hot Salt Water and Steam Baths.
REDUCED WINTER RATES.
SPLENDID GOLF GARAGES. LIFT.
CATERING FOR WEDDINGS AND DANCES.
New Electric Light Installation.
Night Porters in Attendance.
Wire: Comfort.
'Phone: (130, 3 lines). Booklet Free.

HOTEL CARLISLE,
DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).
Beautifully Situated over East Pier.
Convenient to Golf Links, Baths.
Catering the Best.
Afternoon Teas a Speciality. Moderate Tariff.
MANAGERESS

WEST CENTRAL HOTEL,
SOUTHAMPTON ROW, LONDON, W.C. 1
(Near Euston, King's Cross and St. Pancras).
COMPLETELY RENOVATED.
All rooms with h. and c. water & central heating.
Finest Cuisine in Central London.
Room, Bed and Breakfast 8/6 to 10/6.

LONDON, DEAN HOTEL, Oxford st., W. Centre Shops, Theatres, Room, bft., bath, attendance. Double room fr. 16/-, single fr. 9/6; h. and c. water all rooms. 'Grams—Teldeanho, Wesdent, London.

LONDON, WEST CENTRAL HOTEL, Southampton Row, W.C.1. Good Food. Personal Service. Bed and Breakfast, 8/6 to 10/6.

ANGLESEA, Treardder Bay—Cliff Hotel (fully licensed), 'Phone 36, and Treardder Bay Hotel, 'Phone 30. Ideal for week-end golf. Wonderful air. Excellent Cuisine. Every comfort. Special winter terms.

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

LONDON, W.C. 1—Fotheringay, 17 Gordon street, near Euston Station—Bed and Breakfast, 6/6.—Miss Bowman. 78 25
"THE Pension," Park View, Summerhill, Cork, near G.S.R.—Board Residence, 42/- weekly. 24 21.

MONEY.
CASH ACCOMMODATION BY POST FROM £50 to £5,000
On Note of Hand alone, without any Security, to Ladies and Gentlemen. Strictly Private. No Charge whatever made if the Loan is not granted.
Full information will be supplied gratis and post free.
APPLY BY LETTER ONLY.
SECRETARY,
THE CITY AND COUNTY PRIVATE FINANCE CO., LTD.,
63 DAWSON STREET, DUBLIN.
(Established 1912.)

LOANS BY POST.
£20 TO £5,000
In any part of Ireland and Great Britain, to all respectable persons, on Note of Hand. Loans arranged by post, without interview. No fees charged, or beforehand charges.
THE STANDARD PRIVATE FINANCE COMPANY OF IRELAND, LTD.,
15 ANGLESEA ST., DUBLIN.
J. C. WALSH, Secretary.

WALDORF HOTEL,
ALDWYCH, LONDON.
Centrally Situated for City and West End.
REVISED AND MODERATE TARIFF.
Single and Double Rooms with Hot and Cold Water installed.
Private Suites with Bathroom, etc.
FIRST-CLASS CUISINE AND ATTENTION.
Charming Palm Court, Lounge and Ballroom.

VISITORS TO LONDON
will find at these Hotels
HOTEL RUBENS,
Buckingham Palace road (facing the Palace).
Manager, P. NABRAMORE, of Dublin.
HOTEL REMBRANDT,
Facing Brompton Oratory.
Every comfort in refined surroundings
At Most Moderate Charges for
TWO OF LONDON'S MOST SELECT HOTELS.
Every bedrm. h. and c. water. Elevator and 'phone. Suites for Wedding and other Receptions.
Reduced terms quoted by General Manager for Residents' or Business Men's special requirements.

LONDON—CORA HOTEL
(accommodating 236 guests), Upper Woburn place, W.C.1, near Euston, St. Pancras and King's Cross. Room and Breakfast 8/6. H. and c. in all rooms. Weekly Full Board Terms, £4 7/6. WEEK-END, Friday to Monday, three days. Room, Attendance and Table d'Hote Breakfast and Dinner. Sister Hotel to the Bonnington 33/-

LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
THE RIGHT HON. JONATHAN HOGG, late of Stratford, Orwell road, Rathgar, Dublin, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Victoria, Chapter 35 that all persons claiming to be Creditors of, or otherwise to have any claim or demand against the assets of the said Deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of July, 1930, are hereby required, on or before the 7th day of March, 1931, to furnish (in writing) particulars of all such claims and demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors named in the Will of the said Deceased, to whom Probate thereof was granted on the 17th day of October, 1930, forth of the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice in Saorstat Eireann.
And take further Notice that the said Executors will, after the 7th day of March, 1931, proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims and demands of which notice and particulars shall have been given as above required.
Dated this 15th day of January, 1931.
WHITE and MEARES, Solicitors, 28 Molesworth street, Dublin.

MICHAEL CONSIDINE, Deceased, late of 27 Duke street, Kensington, Sydney, New South Wales, Australia.
Pursuant to a Decretal Order of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, Australia, in its equitable jurisdiction, dated the 9th day of August, 1930, and made in a matter (8636 of 1930), intituled "In the matter of the estate of Michael Considine, Deceased, intestate, between the Permanent Trustee Company of N.S.W., Ltd., Plaintiff; and Mary Considine, the widow of the above-named Michael Considine, Deceased; Thomas Bernard Brogan, the executor of the will of Norah Brogan, Deceased; Ellen Considine, Thomas Considine and Mary Sheehan, Defendants;" whereby the following inquiry (inter alia) was directed—viz., As to who were the persons entitled by virtue of the Wills Probate and Administration Act, 1898, and the Act amending the same, to the real and personal estate of the said Michael Considine, deceased, living at his death, and whether any of them have since died, and, if so, who are their legal personal representatives.
Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be entitled under the said inquiry are to send by post (prepaid) to Mr. Augustus McEvilly, c/o Messrs. McEvilly and McEvilly, of 60 Castlereagh street, Sydney, New South Wales, solicitors herein for the plaintiff company, so as to reach him on or before the Twenty-second day of April, 1931, their full Christian and surnames, addresses, and descriptions and full particulars of their claims, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of the said Decretal Order, unless the Court in its discretion, or the Master in Equity on application otherwise orders. Claimants are to attend personally or by their solicitor before the Master in Equity at the Supreme Court, Elizabeth street, Sydney, on Wednesday, the Twenty-ninth day of April, 1931, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, being the time appointed for adjudicating upon the claims. A claimant not residing in New South Wales must send with particulars of his claim the name and address of a person in New South Wales to whom notice to the claimant can be sent.
Dated this Sixteenth day of December, 1930.
McEVILLY AND McEVILLY, Solicitors for the Plaintiff Company, Bishop Chambers, 60 Castlereagh street, Sydney, N.S.W., Australia.

1931 RESOLUTIONS (5)
APPRECIATE what is GOOD
by getting
HEITON'S COALS

TODD'S
SALE
Concluding Sale Off

SECONDHAND CARS

Purchasers of Secondhand Cars should inspect our stock which we have for disposal. We are offering them at very reasonable prices in order to make room for new models.

R. W. ARCHER & CO.,
65 LR. MOUNT STREET, DUBLIN.
'Phone: 62331 Dublin.
Distributors of STANDARD Cars.
'Grams: "Fordillac Dublin."

IN THE HEART OF THE CITY

BATTERY SERVICE
Wireless and Car Battery Charging and Repairs
Agents for CAV - ROTAX - LUCAS
AUTO BATTERY SERVICE CO.
Phone 21628 and 21629. **24 South King Street, DUBLIN**
(Proprietor—S. T. ROBINSON)

MOTOR HEARSE
On 14 H.P. ARMSTRONG SIDDELEY CHASSIS. IMMEDIATE DELIVERY. £295. Deferred Payments Arranged.
EXPRESS AUTO CO.,
2 AND 52 DAWSON ST., DUBLIN.

A PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.
8 h.p. STINGER Vans, full 5 cwt.,
£160, tax £10, paid.
Ring up 43336 for Demonstration.
HOOKHAM LTD.,
7 and 8 CITY QUAY, DUBLIN.

1930 MODELS SHOPSOILED.
15.7 h.p. 6 CYLINDER SPORTSMAN'S COUPE, £280.
8 h.p. SPORTS 2 SEATER, £135.
Exceptional Bargains.
HOOKHAM LTD.,
7 and 8 CITY QUAY, DUBLIN.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

SITUATIONS VACANT.

DRAPERY TRADE.

Wholesale House in the Free State requires the services of
WOOLLEN BUYER.
Only those experienced in handling large trade need apply.
Applicants should give fullest particulars, including salary expected, to—X 1605, this office.

BUYER

WANTED FOR GENT.'S WEAR SECTION, Comprising:
OUTFITTING, HOSIERY and READY-TO-WEAR.
Personal application, or by letter, giving full particulars of experience, to
MANAGER,
Messrs. John Arnott & Co.,
OF BELFAST, LIMITED. 28 F

A BUSINESS Training at Sherry's College, 10 Harcourt street, qualifies for the best posts. Prospectus free. T

ACCOUNTANTS have vacancy for Articled Clerk, without premium; no salary five years.—X 1827, this office. 26 F

ACCOUNTANT requires Shorthand Typist. Apply, enclosing stamped envelope, X 1943, this office. 27 D

ADANDON Unemployment—Wireless, Cable, Electrical Engineering; record successes; Prospectus 8d.—Atlantic College, 2 Upper Ely place, Dublin.

ADRESS Department—Good Saleswoman and Stockkeeper Wanted; South; country; references, religion salary.—Address "Z 2944, Saleswoman," this office. 27 F

GROCERY and Provisions—Wanted for Midlands, young Man, Protestant, about 25 years; good bacon hand preferred; state lowest salary (outdoor) and full particulars. Address "Z 2874, Assistant," this office. 26 F

HEAD Forester Wanted, for early in March, a thoroughly experienced Head Forester and Saw Mill Manager; terms £156; house, fuel. Address, with copies, "Z 2903, Forester," this office. 26 F

IN NOTICE

In addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this paper great care should be taken to include the exact word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope. T

JUNIOR Lady Clerk required for Drapery Firm; must be quick at figures; Shorthand and typewriting knowledge essential.—X 1957, this office. 27 D

JUNIOR and Maples—Wanted, clever Saleswoman for knitwear department; age, experience, salary (indoor). Address "Z 2912, Saleswoman," this office. 27 F

OPPORTUNITY for ambitious Man who can Sell British Goods to Traders in Dublin; territory partially developed; salary, plus commission; age 25-35. Apply, giving full details, to "Z 2888, Traveller," this office. 27 F

OLD-TIME Boxers—No. 6: Hen Pearce, "The Game Three" to-day. By Carlton Kent, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price 1½ pence. T

POWER and Range in Two-Valve Wireless—Illustrated article in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price 1½ pence. T

REQUIRED for a few months Lady Invoice Clerk in motor business; salary 30/- per week; knowledge of bookkeeping and shorthand typing essential; state age, experience, where educated.—A 34, this office. 28 F

SALESWOMAN for Mantles, Millinery, Outfitting and Hosiery, in provincial town; from 6 to 8 years' experience; Protestant; state salary, which strictly confidential; copies of references. Address "Z 2904, Saleswoman," this office. 26 F

SUPERIOR Mother's Help required, Protestant, for afternoons only, assist with three children.—A 41, this office. 28 A

THE Bricks Waltz, by Santos Casani, in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price 1½ pence. 27 F

VACANCY for thoroughly competent Man, Fish and Poultry, in Cork City; state age, wages, existing experience and wages, 425 Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 27 F

WANTED, experienced Milliner; accustomed to high energy and smartness; city experience only need apply.—X 1865, this office. 28 A

WANTED, for Cinema Cash Office, intelligent Girl, experienced in the handling of money; must be tactful and have some experience in office routine; state age, experience, wages expected, and give copies of references.—X 1804, this office. 26 F

WANTED, Middle February, Lady-Cook Housekeeper; good cooking essential; must be good manageress; strict; Belfast district. Reply Box "Y," Eason's Advertising Service, Belfast. 26 D

WANTED, Useful Help; plain cooking, small wash; "Z 2933, fond of children; country; £25. Address "Z 2933, Help," this office. 27 F

WANTED immediately, competent young Lady as Shorthand Typist, Bookkeeper Cashier, capable of taking charge of office provincial town; knowledge of auctioneering business preferred. Address, stating experience, age, salary expected and enclosing copies of references "Z 2937, Typist," this office. 28 F

WANTED, a first class Shorthand Typist.—J. McDowell, 3 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin.

WANTED, smart, experienced young Lady, Protestant, Assistant, Bakery, Confectionery, Grocery, country town. Address, with copies testimonials, stating salary (outdoor), "Z 2919, Lady," this office. 28 A

YOUNG Lady Wanted (Junior) for Office and Showrooms; typewriting essential; state age, etc.—X 1605, this office. 26 F

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

ADVANCES on Deeds, Shares, Endowment Policies, post-dated Cheques.—Wachman, 30 Drury street. T

ALL (approved) Post-dated Cheques Cashed immediately at 32 South Frederick street, Dublin. 27 7

CASH Advanced from £10 upwards. Apply 34 Exchequer street, Dublin. T

CASH Advanced to respectable Householders; business premises private; always at your service. Call, write or 'phone 51722.—58 Charlemont street. 7ft 16

CASH advances privately arranged, with or without security, on note of hand and bills; also Mortgages on city and country property, Insurances, etc.; long terms and equitable interest. New Debt Recovery Agency; unique and special attention. Inquiries invited.—Charles, Haigh and Son, Lister Bank Chambers, 3/4 Lower O'Connell street, Dublin. Telephone 45012. 27 23

DIRECTORSHIP offered in good class Dublin Firm; capital required £600; particulars in first instance.—1755, this office. 28 A

LOANS granted on moderate terms.—F. Tooher, 5 Foynes street, Dublin. 'Phone 21728. 30 4

£5 TO £500 Advanced privately on approved personal security; repay by small instalments to suit. Call or write for particulars, S. Freeman & Co., Garfield street, Belfast. T

£15 UPWARDS Advanced readily by post. Special terms to professional persons; terms arranged; also Post-dated Cheques Discounted in any part of Ireland; no fee charged. Apply in strict confidence to Secretary, Estates, Ltd., 45 High street, Belfast. 12 21

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS, OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

A GOOD experienced Chef required for busy city Restaurant. Reply, stating wages expected and copies of references to X 1982, this office. A

A FIRST Class Dublin Hotel requires an experienced Pastry Cook; must be good at cakes, sweets, brown and white bread, etc. Send copies of references to "Z 2976, Cook," this office. 28 F

FIRST Class Waiter or smart young Man, train, also recommercial, country. Address "Z 2936, Waiter," this office. 27 F

HOTEL—Wanted, two Laundresses; must be experienced. Interview Registry, Irish Times, To-morrow, 10 to 12. 27 D

UNDER Housemaid; also experienced General required. Apply mornings, Royal Hibernian Hotel. 28 E

WANTED, experienced Chef for first class Residential Hotel in the city; state wages, salary expected and send copies of references.—X 1763, this office. 28 D

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ASSISTANT Chef or all round Cook, hotel, restaurant; disengaged.—X 1744, this office. 25 D

ASSISTANT Manageress or Housekeeper, hotel or restaurant; experienced.—A 25, this office.

BREAKFAST Cook, good references; city, hotel preferred. A 17, this office.

EXPERIENCED Housemaid wishes place, city or suburban Hotel; recommended.—A 25, this office.

HOUSEMAID wishes place, private hotel; experienced; highly recommended.—A 23, this office.

WAITRESS wishes place, city, suburbs; well recommended.—A 21, this office.

YOUNG Boy (19) wishes to train as Porter.—X 1971, this office. 27F

LEGAL APPOINTMENTS.

RESPECTABLE, competent Managing Assistant, all round experience country office, recommended by present employers, now available.—"Z 2962, Assistant," this office. 28 A

SOLICITOR residing in Dublin for some years, would consider taking over a Practice or entering the service of a Firm where there is opportunity of succeeding to a Partnership; replies will be treated in strict confidence.—X 1977, this office.

Motor Matters, Cycles, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

ALL prospective buyers of Secondhand Cars should communicate with Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., Austin and Sunbeam Distributors, 57 and 58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. Just state the kind of car you are looking for and the price you want to pay. T

A NUMBER of Used Cars, including 1930 Riley 9 Saloon, 1929 Hillman 14 Saloon, 1929 Austin 12 Saloon, 1928 Hillman 14 Saloon, 1928 Hillman 14 Tourer, 1929 Ford Tudor Saloon, 1928 Citroen Saloon, 1927 Fiat 12 Tourer, and a number of other bargains.—R. & G. Cox, 205 Pearse street, Dublin. T

A SECONDHAND Morris? Yes, we have some at attractive prices, too. See our Stock or write.—Brittain, Ltd., Portobello, Dublin. 31 X

A SIX cents more if it's not a Renault. Renault knows how to make Prices, having done so successfully since 1906.—F. M. Summerfield, Ltd., 158 Lower Baggot street, Dublin.

CITROEN Coupe, 1930 model; in absolutely perfect order, as new; no reasonable offer refused.—James McGuinan, Annamoe Garage, Old Cabra road, Dublin. 26 F

CHRYSLER Five Seater and De Dion Two Seater, perfect running order; £30 each.—Seen 8 Shaw street. 28 E

CITROEN Six Saloon, as new, two spares, any trial, £145.—A 46, this office.

DRIVE Yourself—Cars for Hire, all makes, moderate rates.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street, 'Phone 45161.

FIAT 9 h.p. Two Seater, 1928/9, as new—Smith, 146 Rathmines road. 23 E

FOR Sale, 1930, four Cylinder, new, superior Overland Whippet Four Door Saloon, rexine upholstery and enclosed brakes, carrying the usual manufacturer's guarantee; clearing at reduced price. Address "Z 2845, Overland," this office. 23 E

FOR Sale, 1930 Baby Austin Saloon, shop soiled, carrying the usual manufacturer's guarantee; selling at reduced price. Address "Z 2846, Austin," this office. 23 E

FORD Roadster, 24 h.p. engine, 1928, in excellent running condition; for Sale; no reasonable offer refused.—X 1976, this office. 27 D

FOR Sale, Morris Cowley Saloon, condition and appearance as new, mileage 8,000; price £160. F. Pratt, Trim. 28 A

FOR Sale, Austin 16 h.p. 1929 Model, perfect order; any trial; can be seen any time; price £260. Address "Z 2985, Car," this office. 28 F

HOODS, Side Screens, Celluloid Panels renewed and repaired; Fabric-covered Bodies re-covered.—D. O'Brien, rear 32 Merrion square. T

HOODS, Screens, Fabric Bodies, Recovered and Repaired, lowest prices.—Gardiner, Pembroke lane, Pembroke street. 26 E

OWNER, obliged to Sell his two Cars; any reasonable offer accepted; Riley Monaco Saloon, blue, mileage only 10,000; Lea-Francis 1928 12 h.p. Tourer, new tyres, excellent all-weather equipment; both cars very carefully used and in beautiful condition.—10 Fitzwilliam square; 'phone 62979. 26 E

RENAULT 9 h.p. Coupe for Sale; very good running order, excellent appearance; no reasonable offer refused.—X 1974, this office. 27 D

SECONDHAND Cars and Commercial Vehicles, large selection and keen prices; cash or easy terms. Interview us first.—Doyle's Motors, Ltd., 16 Bachelor's Walk. T

SALE or Exchange, 1928 Brooklands Sports Lea Francis, black and red, taxed, 4 seater.—R O 1610, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 28 A

TALBOT 10 h.p. drophead Coupe, in beautiful condition and perfect mechanical order, 6 Dunlop wire wheels, balloon tyres; always looked after carefully; price £70.—Northbrook Garage, Northbrook road, Ranelagh. 'Phone Rathmines 324. 27 F

TALBOT 90 Phaeton Coupe, in exceptional condition, £150; Fiat "9" Saloon, 1929, very little used, £100; Fiat 10/15 Saloon £70.—Andrew J. Doyle, 51 South King street. T

USED Cars, in guaranteed condition—Armstrong Siddeley 12 h.p. Six Cylinder Saloons, £195; 15 h.p. Six Cylinder Saloons, from £225; 14 h.p. Four Cylinder Saloons, from £175; Crossley Tourers, from £70; Morris Two Seaters and Saloons, from £50. All cars are really genuine value. Armstrong Siddeley models carry makers' guarantees. Cash or deferred terms. Your inspection cordially invited.—Express Auto Co., 2 and 52 Dawson street, Dublin. 28 F

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED.

MOTOR Mechanic Wanted, able to do all repairs; state wages, send copies discharges; married man. Address "Z 2953, Mechanic," this office.

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

INDOOR Man Servant Wanted, plain cooking, experienced, gentleman's family (no children); copies, full particulars. Address "Z 2926, Man," this office. 27 F

WANTED, March, Herd Shepherd and General; young married Man, skilled, sheep, cattle, horses; not afraid to work, who understands all agricultural machinery; can give full particulars, wages, with liberal freedom. Address "Z 2913, Herd," this office. 27 D

WANTED, country Man, milk, deliver sheep lambing, knowledge ploughing; small, both temperate, characters; wages £24 yearly. Address "Z 2965, Man," this office.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

A PLAIN Gardener required, County Wicklow; 20/-, house, and perquisites; enclose copies.—A 13, this office. 28 A

MAL.. SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

HERD and Yardman wants situation; married, small family; well recommended.—Goff, Leixlip. 27 F

HIGHLY respectable couple (brother and sister), T.C., without home or means, seek engagements; would care position of coffee or other property; trustworthy.—X 2992, this office. T

MARRIED Couple, experienced Indoor Servants, middleaged, Protestants, disengaged, job or permanent; wages £1/5/- found; laundry and travelling expenses. Advertiser, Hampton Cottage, Belmont avenue, Belfast. 26 E

WANTED, position as Second Footman by a young Man, aged 20; England or Ireland; Roman Catholic; highest references available. Address "Z 2935, Footman," this office. T

YOUNG Man wants position, Protestant, desires position, General Man, milk, plain gardening; good driver, mechanic; tall, good appearance; excellent references. Address "Z 2927, Man," this office. T

YOUNG Man seeks position in County Down as Dairy Hand; not afraid of work; good character and references. Address "Z 2940, Employment," this office. 27 D

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED.

GOOD plain Gardener and General Man, R.C., seeks situation; six years last place; can be highly recommended.—X 1758, this office. 24 D

GARDENER, strong energetic, his experience; no family; recommended. Address "Z 2881, Gardener," this office.

LADY and Steward seek re-engagement; life experience in village buying, selling, managing of men, keeping accounts; excellent testimonials. Address "Z 2980, Steward," this office. 28 A

SITUATION required as general Foreman Gardener, first class experience, indoor and out, also growing for market; single; highly recommended.—J. Seery, Howth Castle Gardens, Dublin. T

THE Archdeacon of Kildare recommends Thomas Rabb, Working Gardener, Caretaker, any position trust. Good wife; Protestant, married, no family.—Kill Rectory, Kildare.

YOUNG Man, married, R.C., seeks situation as Gardener, general, drive motor, machinery, etc.; highly recommended. Address "Z 2945, Man," this office. 27 D

CHAUFFEURS DISENGAGED.

DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Motor Mechanic, 22 years in all garage; town or country.—X 1976, this office. 27 D

MAN, highly recommended, seeks position as Motor Driver, Porter, Handyman, or any employment.—X 1894, this office. 27 E

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

RESPECTABLE young General; references required; family three (one child).—130 Leinster road. 27 F

STRONG young General or Help required at once, Bray; small family.—567, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 27 F

WANTED, clean young country General, nicely trained and taking her second post; no washing; good home and prospects.—36 Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge, after 6. 26 F

WANTED, experienced General; good references essential; two in family. Apply in person, Tower Lodge, Harbour road, Dalkey. 27 D

WILL Lady recommend young Protestant Girl, train as General; good home; family two.—X 1987, this office. T

WANTED, General, good cook, clean in person and habits; state age and wages; comfortable home.—233, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 27 F

WANTED, General servant; good references, duties, good cooking; family three (adults).—26 Fairview park, Dublin. 27 D

WANTED, good young General, trained. Apply 6 Hatch street. T

WANTED, General for Bray; some experience of housework; comfortable place; £20; references exchanged. Call 16 Fairview road. 27 F

WANTED, young General; partly trained might do. Call 16 Palmerston road, Rathmines.

YOUNG Girl Wanted for light housework, indoor, Rathmines; references.—A 11, this office. 27 D

YOUNG Daily General Wanted, plain cooking, washing, Rathgar; recommended.—R O 1607, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid required; also young Girl as Housemaid, one willing to do some washing and mending; both must be well recommended, no others need apply.—Any afternoon, Mrs. Verner, Glenglyn, Zion road, Rathgar, and bring references.

WANTED, House Laundrymaid, small washing, two in family. Apply, with copy references, Mrs. Barrington, Marryille, Cashel, Co. Tipperary. 28 A

WANTED, well recommended House Parlourmaid, needlewoman; good wages. 3.30 to 7, 51 Ailesbury road. T

NURSES WANTED.

REQUIRED immediately, Daily Girl, take out two children, 11 to 7. Ballsbridge district.—456, Irish Times Branch Office, Bazgot street Bridge. 27 D

WANTED immediately, thoroughly experienced Nurse, two young children; state age, copies; recent references.—X 1779, this office. 24 D

WANTED immediately, Nurserymaid; some experience; state age, religion and wages.—Mrs. Best, Innismore, Delgany. 26 E

WANTED, experienced Nurse, 5 children, suburbs; good wages to suitable girl. Apply A 4, this office. 27 F

£36—B.C. Nurse, experienced, young children; light washing; nursery cleaned; not entire charge; interview; send copies.—36 Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge. 26 E

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

A KITCHENMAID (R.C.) Wanted immediately for College, Mondays; early riser. Address "Z 2889, Kitchenmaid," this office. 26 D

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Lady's Maid, needlewoman, useful; traveller, packer, etc Address "Z 2914, Maid," this office 27 F

EXPERIENCED Working Housekeeper wants situation in business house, daily or otherwise; well recommended.—A 40, this office. 28 E

YOUNG Woman wishes Daily Work, cooking, etc.; good references.—234, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 27 D

"IRISH TIMES"
EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone, 23062.
'Phone 23062

COOKS AND DAIRMAIDS WANTED.

COOK, Protestant, Wanted. Apply Lady Coote, Palermo. 27 F

COOK Wanted for County Carlow; good cooking essential; must be good butter maker; kitchenmaid kept; good references, state age and wages. Address "Z 2958, Cook," this office. 28 F

COOK Wanted, Meath, £36 (small family); three maids.—Griffin's Registry, 40 Donnybrook.

EXPERIENCED Cook (general), superior girls, required immediately; excellent sailings.—O'Keefe's Registry, Donnybrook.

GOOD Cook General; February 7th; Irish family, fare paid.—Mrs. Stopford, Allendale, Eglish Bar road, Birchington, Kent. 25 E

GOOD plain Cook Wanted, small family, three servants kept; excellent copies discharges, state age and wages expected.—Mrs. Lavrester-Pulbrook, Clane, Co. Kildare. 27 D

WANTED immediately, experienced, singlehanded Cook, between 30-40; three in family; small dairy; must be well recommended; send copies and state wages expected.—Mrs. Loftus Studdert, Culiane, Kilkeel, Co. Clare. 24 D

WANTED, experienced Cook General; house parlourmaid kept. Apply, with references, between 12 and 2 or after 8, 25 Lower Leeson street. 27 D

WANTED, good Cook General, well recommended, young; Stillorgan bus route; state wages expected.—X 1975, this office. T

WANTED, experienced Cook, two in family; house parlourmaid kept; state wages.—X 1950, this office. 27 D

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CHAUFFEURS CONTINUED.

DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Motor Mechanic, 22 years in all garage; town or country.—X 1976, this office. 27 D

MAN, highly recommended, seeks position as Motor Driver, Porter, Handyman, or any employment.—X 1894, this office. 27 E

DOMESTICS CONTINUED.

RESPECTABLE young General; references required; family three (one child).—130 Leinster road. 27 F

STRONG young General or Help required at once, Bray; small family.—567, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 27 F

WANTED, clean young country General, nicely trained and taking her second post; no washing; good home and prospects.—36 Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge, after 6. 26 E

WANTED, experienced General; good references essential; two in family. Apply in person, Tower Lodge, Harbour road, Dalkey. 27 D

WILL Lady recommend young Protestant Girl, train as General; good home; family two.—X 1987, this office. T

WANTED, General, good cook, clean in person and habits; state age and wages; comfortable home.—233, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 27 F

WANTED, General servant; good references, duties, good cooking; family three (adults).—26 Fairview park, Dublin. 27 D

WANTED, good young General, trained. Apply 6 Hatch street. T

WANTED, General for Bray; some experience of housework; comfortable place; £20; references exchanged. Call 16 Fairview road. 27 F

WANTED, young General; partly trained might do. Call 16 Palmerston road, Rathmines.

YOUNG Girl Wanted for light housework, indoor, Rathmines; references.—A 11, this office. 27 D

YOUNG Daily General Wanted, plain cooking, washing, Rathgar; recommended.—R O 1607, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED House Parlourmaid required; also young Girl as Housemaid, one willing to do some washing and mending; both must be well recommended, no others need apply.—Any afternoon, Mrs. Verner, Glenglyn, Zion road, Rathgar, and bring references.

WANTED, House Laundrymaid, small washing, two in family. Apply, with copy references, Mrs. Barrington, Marryille, Cashel, Co. Tipperary. 28 A

WANTED, well recommended House Parlourmaid, needlewoman; good wages. 3.30 to 7, 51 Ailesbury road. T

NURSES WANTED.

REQUIRED immediately, Daily Girl, take out two children, 11 to 7. Ballsbridge district.—456, Irish Times Branch Office, Bazgot street Bridge. 27 D

WANTED immediately, thoroughly experienced Nurse, two young children; state age, copies; recent references.—X 1779, this office. 24 D

WANTED immediately, Nurserymaid; some experience; state age, religion and wages.—Mrs. Best, Innismore, Delgany. 26 E

WANTED, experienced Nurse, 5 children, suburbs; good wages to suitable girl. Apply A 4, this office. 27 F

£36—B.C. Nurse, experienced, young children; light washing; nursery cleaned; not entire charge; interview; send copies.—36 Sandymount avenue, Ballsbridge. 26 E

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC., WANTED.

A KITCHENMAID (R.C.) Wanted immediately for College, Mondays; early riser. Address "Z 2889, Kitchenmaid," this office. 26 D

DOMESTICS DISENGAGED.

EXPERIENCED Lady's Maid, needlewoman, useful; traveller, packer, etc Address "Z 2914, Maid," this office 27 F

EXPERIENCED Working Housekeeper wants situation in business house, daily or otherwise; well recommended.—A 40, this office. 28 E

YOUNG Woman wishes Daily Work, cooking, etc.; good references.—234, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 27 D

"IRISH TIMES"
EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.
HOURS: 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, all capacities.
31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone, 23062.
'Phone 23062

COOKS AND DAIRMAIDS WANTED.

COOK, Protestant, Wanted. Apply Lady Coote, Palermo. 27 F

COOK Wanted for County Carlow; good cooking essential; must be good butter maker; kitchenmaid kept; good references, state age and wages. Address "Z 2958, Cook," this office. 28 F

COOK Wanted, Meath, £36 (small family); three maids.—Griffin's Registry, 40 Donnybrook.

EXPERIENCED Cook (general), superior girls, required immediately; excellent sailings.—O'Keefe's Registry, Donnybrook.

GOOD Cook General; February 7th; Irish family, fare paid.—Mrs. Stopford, Allendale, Eglish Bar road, Birchington, Kent. 25 E

GOOD plain Cook Wanted, small family, three servants kept; excellent copies discharges, state age and wages expected.—Mrs. Lavrester-Pulbrook, Clane, Co. Kildare. 27 D

WANTED immediately, experienced, singlehanded Cook, between 30-40; three in family; small dairy; must be well recommended; send copies and state wages expected.—Mrs. Loftus Studdert, Culiane, Kilkeel, Co. Clare. 24 D

WANTED, experienced Cook General; house parlourmaid kept. Apply, with references, between 12 and 2 or after 8, 25 Lower Leeson street. 27 D

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IT PAYS TO FERTILISE AND DOUBLY SO

WHEN DISTRIBUTION IS MADE BY THE "INTERNATIONAL" (McCORMICK-DEERING) ARTIFICIAL MANURES AND LIME DISTRIBUTOR.

Awarded Silver Medals for unsurpassed practicability

Easily Cleaned — Easily Drawn

DESIGNED BY A PRACTICAL FARMER FOR THE BENEFIT OF FARMERS

The Inventor's Aim Has Justified the Claim.

"THE BEST DISTRIBUTOR MADE."

FULL PARTICULARS FROM

International Harvester Company of Great Britain, Ltd.
Service Depot—11 Leinster St. (S), Dublin

Cork Farmers' Union Abattoir & Marketing LTD.

A RECORD OF PUBLIC SUPPORT IN 1930

Our Live Stock Shipping Department handled 44,341 Pigs, Cattle, etc.

Our Abattoir Department Slaughtered 33,597 Porkers, Lambs, etc.

Grand Total, 77,938; Approximately 1,500 Animals weekly.

These figures are a sure indication. We provide the means for the direct sale of produce in the world's best markets at the minimum of expense, and for the purchase of Foodstuffs, Manures, Seeds, Coal, etc., at rock-bottom prices.

WE WANT GREATER SUPPLIES IN 1931

THE WHOLE ADVANTAGE IS PASSED TO THE SUPPLIER

CHOICEST IRISH CREAMERY BUTTER WANTED

CHEQUES POSTED PROMPTLY ON RECEIPT OF INVOICES.

The Monument Creameries, 25 Lower Camden Street, Dublin, require large quantities of ABSOLUTELY CHOICEST Light Salt Creamery Butter, suitable for their High-class Retail trade.

Bankers: Munster & Leinster Bank, Ltd., O'Connell Street.

Telegrams: "Monument, Dublin." Telephone: Dublin 51317.

Fourteen retail branches throughout Dublin City and Suburbs.

Boiler Tips for emptying and easy access for cleaning.

PORK PRICES for your Potatoes

The new ALFA Boiler and Steamer greatly increases the nutritive value of Pig Food, Cattle Fodder, Poultry Mash, etc. Steam kills all bacteria without removing nutritive elements from the food.

Can also be used for sterilising Dairy Utensils, heating water, Laundry Work, &c.

You cannot afford to be without an ALFA Steamer

THE BEST STEAMER ON THE MARKET

Write NOW for full particulars.

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46 South Dock Street, Dublin, S.E.4

MEDICATED CANDY
FOR FEEDING BEES.
MADE WITH GUARANTEED PURE SUGAR.
Prices 1/- per lb. Post 6d.
7lbs. POST FREE.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED.
HAMILTON, LONG & CO., Ltd.
5 Lower O'Connell St., Dublin.
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Prompt Attention to Post Orders.

SEMSOL
Applied to Grass in Autumn or Winter produces an early growth of nutritious and disgestible herbage in the Spring.
Order now from your local Merchant.

RINGWORM on CATTLE
CURED AFTER THREE DRESSINGS
Mr. W. R. C. Adams, Midleton, writes: "I applied the Veterinary Ointment as directed to my calves, which were suffering from Ringworm in an advanced stage. After three dressings the bare patches began to decrease in size, and are now covered with hair."
UNEQUALLED FOR RINGWORM, MANGE, SORE UDDERS and all animals' Skin Diseases. TRY IT FOR DOGS. Write for Free Sample.
GIBSOL
VETERINARY OINTMENT
Of chemists, 2/6; or post free from Gibsol, Ltd., Clare Lane, Dublin.

The famous external Preparation for Drying Cows. Rapid, infallible, economical, devoid of all injurious after-effects. Farmers and stock-breeders should never be without it. 1/- per bottle of all chemists or 1/3 post free
ANDERSON & VIRGO
WORCESTER.

Irish Farming Review

Ewes and lambs on January grass at Mount Ruby, Mallow, Co. Cork.

FARM COSTINGS AND THE BUTTER TARIFF.

LIMITATIONS TO PROTECTION.

WHETHER the newly imposed butter tariff will prove effective, only a "trial run" for a reasonable period can determine. But there are certain dangers to be guarded against. There is a danger that the protected producer may expect too much from safeguarding and turn from it in disgust if it leaves him where he was. Interlocked with this is a danger that the producer, instead of turning his confidence in the tariff into increased activity and efficiency, will fail to keep his product up to the standard at which it can permanently satisfy a remunerative demand. Lastly, there is the fear that this tendency to laxity on the part of producers will bring about a neglect of considerations of costings. May not reflections such as these have stirred in the minds of Ministers unwilling to oppose the Commission's decision yet dubious as to its effectiveness?

Conflicting Advice and Exceptional Agreement.

Of these three dangers the last is the most difficult to avoid in agriculture. The factory, the company, all efficient commercial concerns watch their costings with an inquisitorial mind directed towards probable profits and losses. The farmer seldom can do this, yet this is the one counsel which all his advisers seem to be agreed to urge on him. Told that he should grow this or that by one type of expert, and warned not to grow it by the next; told to restrict his area, for, say, cereals by one authority and to extend it by another; to go into dairying, to go out of dairying; to sell all his butter in bulk through one centre on the lines of "big business," to market it independently—it is no wonder that he often decides "to give the experts the go by." But one piece of advice they tender, which is just obvious commonsense and which farmers who do any thinking cannot fail to agree with, is the advice to costings to the utmost compatible with a sound and profitable business. To put it into successful operation, however, needs qualities and agencies which not all farmers possess. It may need more equipment than is sometimes to be found on the small farm for weighings and measurings. It needs, over and above these physical facilities, the weighings and measurings of the mind, which it should be one of the chief aims even of a primary school education to impart, yet which the farmer's son, who leaves school at fifteen, may conspicuously lack.

Costings and Successful Farming.

None the less, questions of costings lie at the base of successful farming, and every farmer, whether he has acquired the facility for working them out or not, knows this, and tries in his own way to find out whether his cows or sheep are paying their way, or whether it pays to grow malting barley. We fear, indeed, that few farmers keep accounts, or, at least, keep them lucidly enough to be able to tell off-hand what crops or live stock are earning their keep, or which of his fields is contributing adequately to the upkeep of the holding. These questions are so much more intricate than the accountancy of the shop or the mill that the farmer is not to be blamed, yet it is no small part of the tragedy of the "marginal" farmer that he really does not know how swiftly he is drifting towards adversity until he has arrived there. In days like these, when price-fixing is not beyond the control of the farmer or the State, it becomes essential to his well-being to find some clue to reduced costings.

Positive and Negative Economies.

Are there any clues? So far as costs of material go, there is the co-operative store or creamery, through which to give his orders, but the savings in such costs are not often a large proportion of his real costs, nor, for the small farmer, are his labour costs high, though there is a danger that because these have to be paid in cash he may exaggerate their importance. The way, we believe, in which he can best reduce costs is not by negative and niggling economies, but by intensive attention to the quality, first, of his raw material, and, secondly, of his finished product. We can best illustrate our meaning by considering a dairying problem.

We have implied that the new tariff may fail to improve the butter industry if it is made an occasion for exercising, not greater, but less skill and effort. The object of the tariff is to increase our winter dairying. How great the need for this is is exhibited in certain tables published in the December issue of *Studies*, in an article by Dr. Henry Kennedy, in which the Irish monthly production of butter for 1929 is placed beside the Danish monthly butter export for the same year. Our percentage production for February was 1.1, against Denmark's export percentage of 7.2. In June—the period when the market is "flooded" with butter—our percentage was 15.6, Denmark's 9.3. Over 57 per cent. of our make was produced in one-third of the year; Denmark's proportional output in these four months (May to August, inclusive) was 37.2. Our lowest four months yielded 7.5 per cent. of the annual supply, and in these months (December to March, inclusive) Denmark shipped no less than 30.7 of her year's export—more than four-fifths of her summer proportion, where we produced less than a seventh of our summer output! And the result? Denmark holds the market, and our price for equivalent quality is "miles" below Danish!

Wanted: Pioneer Experiments.

Dr. Kennedy's remedy, or one of them, is silage, and his article may be regarded as a challenge to all who have studied this subject to discuss its possibilities, especially in their economic aspects, in relation to dairying. But—and here is the crux of these and many questions relating to costings—how many farmers are able to do this adequately? In the absence of a final demonstration of the value of the silo (not necessarily in its most elaborate form) as a weapon of defence, is not this, like cow-testing, a case for cautious experiment? In any case, is not winter dairying (or, as we should prefer to call it, all the year round dairying) a potential source of "cost savings," though involving some initial outlay? We need pioneers in this matter of farm costings, men whose notion of "saving" is not exclusively restricted to counting the pence they spend, but who know how a small investment in farm equipment may effect the credit side of the account. The point is that, unless the best value can be got from the cow, we shall not only never catch up on our principal competitors, but we shall not indefinitely continue even to make ends meet. Those who do so to-day might produce better results with more careful attention to costings, and we think the State should incite and encourage them to do so, and even to lead the way by experiments undertaken publicly not necessarily for profit, but for discovery.

BROODERS AND THEIR MANAGEMENT.

ARTIFICIAL REARING.

THERE are so many types of brooders now on the market that it is often difficult for the inexperienced to decide what kind to purchase. For successful artificial rearing of chickens certain requirements are essential in a brooder, namely:—

(1) Ample accommodation for the number of chickens during the period in which they required artificial heat. A 100-chick size is sufficient for the specified number only when they are "day olds" and at the end of a month it will be barely roomy enough for fifty birds. Hence if you want to comfortably rear the hatch from a 100-egg incubator you will need a brooder constructed for 150, or two smaller ones of equal combined capacity.

(2) Good ventilation and freedom from draughts, where chickens can run in and out from one apartment to the other without liability to chill.

(3) Simplicity in design combined with facilities for easy cleaning.

All brooders intended for outdoor use should be weather-proof and very soundly constructed, and should connect with a well-sheltered run. Always choose a machine which does not allow lamp flames or fumes to enter the brood chamber; those which permit the fumes to enter the chamber are generally unsatisfactory.

The most popular type, and now the most generally used brooder is, perhaps, the portable hover. The great advantage of these brooders is that they can be used in any house and can be removed when the chicks no longer require the artificial heat. They are very successful when used in portable houses, which may be moved often to fresh ground.

The Hot-Air Machine.

Next in popularity and with a long record of satisfaction, these brooders are reasonable in price, and if properly cared last a very long time; in cheap machines of this type there is danger of faulty ventilation and lamp fumes, but there are a number of most reliable makers. For all-round use, indoor or out-door and for the average person, they are easy to manage and inexpensive to run.

The "Hot-Water" machines, owing to the cost, which must be high on account of the copper tank, are now seldom used; their great advantage is that should the lamp go out the heat of the water will keep up the temperature for some time.

Management of the Brooder.

The chief points in the management of the brooder are the regulation of the temperature, frequent cleaning, proper litter, and a constant water supply.

With regard to the temperature, from 85 to 90 degrees F. is sufficient when the chickens are first put in, and it may be gradually lowered as they grow stronger. The heat of the birds is sufficient to raise the temperature by five degrees, hence this must be calculated when regulating it. The behaviour of the

MR. FREDERICK CRONIN, Auditor, University College (Dublin) Agricultural Society, who recently read a paper on "The Laboratory of the Animal."

chickens is usually the best guide to the correct temperature; if they lie comfortably about the floor it is right; when they pant, and keep their beaks open, it is too high, and if they huddle together, either the temperature is too low or there is a draught.

The sleeping apartment of the machine should be cleaned out every day, and the best litter to use in it is fine dry sand, over which is spread a thick layer of chopped straw; failing the sand, chopped straw alone may be used, provided there is sufficient to keep the droppings from the floor. Sawdust is entirely unsuitable as brooder litter. In the outer run of the brooder, or where a hover is used in the house, the best material is earth, with some chopped straw over it. When it gets hardened, and beaten down from use, it should be raked up, and some fresh straw placed over it again, provided this litter is kept dry, it is not necessary to change it often

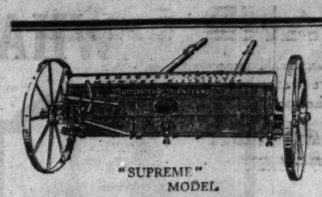
It is essential that brooder chickens should always have access to fresh, clean water, as owing to the dry, hot atmosphere, they suffer from thirst. If placed in a small fountain, or if one is improvised from a tin and hung on the side of the brooder and raised slightly above the floor, there will be no danger of its getting capsized and causing accidents.

When houses with concrete floors are used for hovers or other brooders, a wooden floor should be put under the hover, and by strips of wood underneath, should be raised slightly off the concrete. The dropping board from a hen-house may be used for this purpose; the chickens should never be allowed to sleep on the concrete during the early stages, but when they are over a month, and provided with a good thickness of dry litter over the concrete, they should be safe. After removal of chicks from the brooder, they should have a storm lantern in their house for a few nights, after which warm bedding is sufficient.

Battery brooders are, of course, altogether suited to the needs of the large pedigree or commercial breeder. They are, at least at present, not designed for the small poultry-keeper, but perhaps in time, with the general use of electric current, it may be possible to have them in all sizes. The smallest unit made nowadays is the 400-chick size, and this would cost practically as much to run as one double the size. As yet the "batteries" are only in their infancy, but in the most up-to-date and largest poultry farm in the Free State they are counted a complete success. The chickens remain in these cage-like brooders until they are nearly eight weeks, and are reared on a specially formulated dry-mash mixture; it is said that the average death-rate is exceptionally low, but, with proper care and management, this should be low in any brooder.

Overcrowding and overfeeding are the two great dangers, and should be ruthlessly avoided.

WYANDOTTE.



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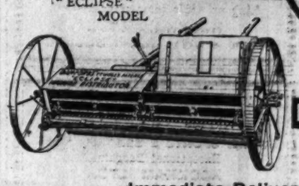

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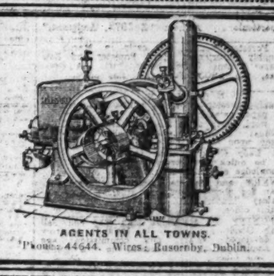

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PREMIUM BULLS FOR DAIRY FARMERS

A PRACTICE THAT MUST BE STOPPED.

FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

Owing to the extensive trade in dropped calves done in such districts as South Tipperary, and also to the fact that milk is wanted for creamery purposes, there is a tendency on the part of small farmers to use any sort of a bull so long as he carries a licence. Big, coarse, non-pedigree bulls are preferred with a view to having calves with plenty of size, which are likely to sell well when newly dropped. A large number of premiums are, I understand, available in this district for shorthorn and dairy shorthorn bulls, but the demand for them is not nearly so great as in areas less favoured by nature.

Unfortunately, in many other parts of the country where dairying is one of the main industries, a similar tendency is noticeable. As long as they can get their cows in calf, the farmers concerned do not seem to worry about the class of bull used. In this way the progress of the live stock schemes framed by the Department of Agriculture is retarded. Every bull intended for stock purposes must be licensed, but some are better than others, and if the worst are consistently used by dairy farmers the Irish live stock industry must go back.

One objection to premium bulls is that they cost too much, and another that their progeny are not hardy. When one considers the improvement that can be effected by the use of top grade bulls, it cannot truly be said that they are too expensive. The stock-owner who knows his business will not hesitate to buy a premium bull simply because the price seems high, if the beast is otherwise suitable. In the same way, the farmer who watches the calves by a premium bull will observe that they invariably thrive much better than youngsters by a poor quality sire, whether he is pedigreed or not.

In dairy farming areas, a good bull mated with cows that have been tested for milk production can effect a big improvement in the herd. There is strong proof in support of this statement both in Great Britain and Ireland, so that I need not labour the point. This is a matter in which the Irish Free State should continue to lead the world. In most countries dairy farmers who do not want to rear calves adopt the retrograde practice of getting their cows into calf simply for the purpose of ensuring a steady milk supply. So far as the Irish Free State is concerned this ought to stop.

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Manufacturers, DUBLIN.

GREATER EGG CONSUMPTION.

QUALITY EGGS WILL SELL

FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

A further increase in the consumption of eggs in Great Britain, increased supplies from the Southern Hemisphere for the autumn and winter trade, and a good fresh Irish egg at one penny retail during the flush of the season are forecast in the annual circular issued by Mr. George Shorten, a well-known Liverpool produce merchant.

He points out that during 1930 price fluctuations in the Irish egg trade pursued a normal course, although at a substantially lower level than in recent years. The maximum wholesale price for 15lb. Irish Free State eggs in 1930 was 22s. 6d., and in 1929 26s. 3d. delivered, Liverpool. The minimum wholesale price in 1930 was 8s. 9d., and in 1929 10s. 6d. delivered, Liverpool. The minimum price for 1930 constitutes a post-war record.

More Eggs Eaten in Free State.

Imports from Ireland, it is pointed out, were down by 234,000 hundreds, as compared with 1929, while the total imports from all countries increased by one and a half million hundreds. It is probable that this falling off in Irish exports is, in part, accounted for by increased home consumption, as from the latest figures available, the Irish Free State consumes 56 per cent. and exports 44 per cent. of all hen and duck eggs produced.

A notable feature of the import tables is the huge increase in Australian arrivals, which rose from 80,000 hundreds in 1927 to 566,000 hundreds in 1930.

The British regulation which requires that all imported eggs be marked on the shell cannot be said to have affected the flow of imports one way or the other. As Mr. Shorten remarks: "Quality will sell good eggs and price will sell cheap eggs."

Foreign Imports.

Shipments from the principal Continental countries are now under control of the Governments concerned, Holland being the latest to frame regulations, which came into force in October last. Included in these is one prohibiting the use of hay or straw as a packing material.

Regarding the adverse criticism of Irish Free State eggs which arose last autumn, Mr. Shorten regrets that the new Agricultural Produce (Eggs) Act does not deal with the export of "Trade" or "2nd Grade" eggs, which are a constant source of friction between buyer and seller. In the absence of any direct prohibition to export such eggs, he hopes that the new regulations will, by their salutary effect on quality in general, lead to the ultimate extinction of "trade eggs."

It may be pointed out that most people who get "trade eggs" know exactly what they are buying, because they must be stamped "2nd quality."

MORE CORN CRUSHERS IN USE.

CHEAP FOOD FOR PIGS.

FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT.

OWING to the more widespread use of home-grown grain there has been a big increase in the number of corn crushers purchased by farmers, while all over the country the power millers are experiencing a greater demand for their services. I also notice an extraordinary number of farm cookers coming into the country These latter are handy outfits for the steaming of all classes of food for stock. The small quantities of gram in our local markets have also been a matter of comment.

All these facts would indicate not alone that the farmer has found a better outlet for his farm produce by feeding it to his own stock, but that his animals are receiving better care.

At the same time agriculturists may be reminded that too much boiling can be done without any adequate return; that finely-ground meals fed in raw condition will give even better results than the same commodities boiled, and that indiscriminate feeding without reference to the suitability of the foods is wasteful.

With maize at such an extremely low price as rules at present, however, and facilities for convenient cooking of potatoes, we can at least hope that the amount of pork and bacon produced will see a substantial increase—if only the breeders of pigs will rise to the occasion.

Accidents will happen
FIRES WILL OCCUR
For satisfactory settlements and prompt payments
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FEEDING SPRING LAMB.

BEFORE lambs are put on feed they should be carefully examined, and if there are any traces of disease or vermin the affected ones should either be treated immediately or rejected from the fattening lot. Plenty of salt and fresh water should always be supplied fattening lambs. In cases where the lambs seem slow to come on to their feed it is better to increase the quantity of roughage and reduce the concentrates. In any case, no more meal should be supplied at the beginning than will be cleared up in a few minutes, and if this is properly made up an average daily gain of from one-third to one-half a pound will result. Where roots are fed lambs will make a higher daily gain at a less cost in meals and are less likely to go off feed.

Care of the Ewe.

Where ewes are about to lamb now they should be brought into a shed or sheltered paddock, where they or their young can get immediate attention. They should get food of some sort at will, preferably hay, with a supplementary ration of roots or oats or both. Roots should not be overfed, but a few scattered around compel the ewes to take exercise and in this way are useful also.

Before the lamb is dropped the ewe's udder and quarters should be properly cleared of long tufts of wool, but it is most unwise to turn up the animal to do this. If the newly-dropped lamb is weak, as it often is when doubles arrive, it should be helped to suck for the first time. If chilled, immersion up to the head in warm water or wrapping in warm cloths will probably bring it right, but the great thing is to see that it gets its first feed of the mother's milk, and when it is able to do this there is usually little fear of it.

It is worth remembering that there is now a preventative of lambing sickness, and where this trouble is feared it should be resorted to. Our losses at lambing time are far and away too high, and should be reduced.

R. M.

HEAVY POTATO CROPS.

YIELDS ranging from seven to 25 tons per statute acre were recorded in the annual potato competition organised by Imperial Chemical Industries, Ltd., in sixteen counties where no competitions had previously been held. The highest honour was Arran Banner, which came on top in almost every instance, closely followed by Kerr's Pink. Varieties like Arran Chiefs, Old Champions, etc., were far down on the list. The average yield for the competition from the whole of the country was over 16 tons.

The average of the fertilisers used was:—1½ cwts. sulphate of ammonia, 4 cwts. superphosphate, 1½ cwts. muriate of potash.

The prize-winners in most of the counties invariably gave a more concentrated dressing, the average for which would be about:—2 cwts. sulphate of ammonia, 4 cwts. superphosphate, 1½ cwts. muriate of potash.

Spraying was done tolerably well, and in a number of instances the crop was sprayed four times with excellent results.

The keynote of success of the prize-winners seems to be:—(1) A complete understanding of the requirements of their crops. (2) Thoroughness in every item in connection with the growing thereof. (3) A little enthusiasm.

ENSURING EARLY GRASS.

BY following simple rules good grass can be got to grow in the first half of April—probably a month earlier than usual. One or two of the best fields should be chosen, in fairly good heart, and sheltered from north and east. If possible, a big field should be chosen. If the grass is rough or matted, it should be harrowed hard with a sharp tined harrow to tear out the dead and useless material which clogs growth in spring.

The following mixture should be applied in February—3 cwt. semsol, 1 cwt. potash salts (or kainit), 1 cwt. sulphate of ammonia. This treatment will give grass in April instead of May.

After the first early grazing, which should not be too hard, rest the treated land for a week or two. A second flush will soon come away, and can then be grazed again or laid up for hay.

Extending the Season.

Just as early grass can be got in April by the help of fertilisers, so, by their help, the growing season can be prolonged well into autumn. If the land is already well supplied with phosphates and potash it will only be necessary to apply in August 1-2 cwt. sulphate of ammonia per statute acre. On poor or unmanured land it is advisable to give a dressing of semsol and kainit as well.

Before applying the fertilisers, graze the fields down closely, unless they have been cut for hay. Grass treated with fertilisers and eaten when it is short is better than ordinary grass. In feeding value it is as good as an expensive feeding stuff. It is a complete food for cows yielding up to four gallons a day. The feeding of cake or meal on good pastures throughout the summer is entirely unnecessary, and a waste of money. Manured grass will replace expensive feeding stuffs. All pastures can be made to give earlier, better and richer grass by such attention.

TRACTORS v. HORSES ON THE FARM.

COMPARING the costs and uses of horse and tractor power on the farm, investigations made at the Oxford Research Institute of Agricultural Engineering lead to the conclusion that tractor costs per hour work out at an average of 2s. 5d., while horse costs are something over 5d., and these results are more or less confirmed by work at other centres. The restricted hours put in by farm workers in Great Britain under the Agricultural Wages Act tend to increase the cost of horse labour, for horses are returned to the stable before they are tired by a full day's work.

Ploughing Costs Compared.

The cost of ploughing an acre of land with horses (according to Dr. B. A. Keen, of Rothamsted) varies from 14s. 10d. to 20s., and with tractors from as low as 8s. to 15s. 9d. Tractor work, of course, shows less "finish," but, on the other hand, the value of this finish is now being questioned.

It is noted that on most farms, while a horse works at least 1,700 hours a year, a tractor is used only for 300 to 700 hours in the same period, being kept chiefly as a stand-by in times of pressure, or to supplement horse labour.

W. B.

Egg Production Increases.

THE second period of four weeks of *The Poultry Gazette* Egg-Laying Test at Raheny terminated on December 9th. Egg-production showed an increase on the first period by three eggs per bird. The number of eggs recorded was 2,252—an average of 11.6 eggs per bird. This brings the total for the two months up to 3,958 eggs—an average of 20.3 per bird. White Wyandottes averaged 12.8 eggs; R.I. Reds 11.1 eggs; White Leghorns 11.0; White La Bresse 14.0; Anconas 9.6; Light Sussex 7.3.

FARMERS in the beet-growing areas have a valuable substitute for roots in beet pulp mixed with molasses. At first they had not much faith in it, but when offered at a reasonable price they found it worth using.

FOR SENDING ABROAD TO FRIENDS the best Irish Paper is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

Profitable Tomatoes.

CAN THEY BE GROWN HERE?

BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

IN one of his most amusing books Mark Twain wrote of a boy who pined away and died of grief simply because he could not get turnips to grow on trees. That boy worshipped the turnip, and fain would have lifted it from its lowly position on the ground—a worthy, if fruitless, ambition. Now, if that youth only had been persuaded to devote his attention to the tomato, how different would have been his story. True, the tomato does not actually grow on a tree, but a stout tomato vine has quite an arboreal appearance, and, loaded with brilliant fruit, presents at once an object attractive, useful and delicious.

The merits of the tomato have long been recognised, especially by our various neighbours abroad, who "dump" large quantities of tomatoes on our markets to their own great profit and the discomfort and impoverishment of our farmers and vegetable growers. Holland is a great sinner, and the honest, industrious Dutch have brought the tomato-growing industry to a high pitch of perfection. Their well-packed, attractively set off, properly graded fruit always finds a ready sale at half the price our home-grown produce commands. We do not know how to grow tomatoes yet, and our methods of production are far too expensive.

I understand that to realise a profit at all our home-grown tomatoes must be sold at 6d. per lb.; yet, at the same time, good foreign "tommies" are selling at only 5d. a lb., and paying a handsome dividend to thrifty Hans and Gretchen. In England an attempt has been made to grow tomatoes on a large scale under glass. Central heating, organised labour, and careful economy have greatly lessened the cost of production, and now, I understand, the scheme has been very successful. There is no reason why we should not do the same over here; the mild and equable climate that prevails almost uniformly over the South of Ireland, particularly round about Glengarriff, is highly favourable for the production of high-class vegetables and flowers.

UNDER GLASS.

Of course, the tomato vines would have to be under glass, as the humidity of our atmosphere makes it almost impossible to grow tomatoes in any quantity out of doors, since the tomato is very liable to attacks of fungoid diseases that spread with devastating rapidity. These diseases can only be staved off by constant spraying with chemicals, notably Paris green and sulphate of copper, dissolved in water; and there is not the least use spraying plants that will be drenched in warm rain for, perhaps, a week on end.

With help from the Government a very promising little industry could be started. There will always be a demand for good tomatoes, and the cracked and blemished fruit is easily made into piquant jams and preserves. Chutnies and sauces of unequalled flavour are produced from the same damaged goods, and one factory, at least, in the Channel Isles does very good business in fruit that is otherwise unsaleable.

The manufactured article is famous, is supplied to the House of Commons, and employment is given to a number of persons. I have seen magnificent tomatoes grown near Dublin, and there seems to be no reason whatsoever why we should not produce all we want in this direction, as the plant is easily grown, and once planted out, requires little care except "side-shooting," thinning and tying-up to keep it healthy and productive.

WHAT DUBLIN WOMEN ARE WEARING.

SOME very charming frocks have been chosen this week by our Lady Correspondent from among the many that she has seen at Dublin dances recently. Dublin women are keeping well abreast of the latest fashions, and their taste in frocks is recognised as being of a very high standard. Our Lady Correspondent describes this week's frocks as follow:—From Left to Right—No. 1—This effective dance frock of turquoise-coloured lace has a simple bodice, circled round the neckline with tiny shaded flowers. The skirt is trimmed below the waistline with a single frill, which is repeated on the skirt, with a double frill slightly above the knee. No. 2—Emerald green georgette composes this gown, which features the new Victorian sleeves, which join at the back and tie in a loose knot. The wide skirt is fluted, and dips to the floor at the back. No. 3—This distinctive gown has a bodice entirely covered with tiny coloured beads, while the floor length skirt is composed of frills of turquoise blue and black lace. The ensemble is completed by the wearing of black kid gloves. No. 4—Cleverly arranged waterfall frills add charm to this lovely gown of flame coloured crepe-de-chine. The bodice has a cape effect, which is graduated towards the back, where it falls to below the waistline. No. 5—Georgette in a pale lime shade is used to carry out the design of this floor length frock. The shoulder straps widen and continue to the low waistline, while the bodice is finely gauged between each strap.

To Protect Pedestrians.

PROPOSED LEAGUE IN FREE STATE.

BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

A PEDESTRIANS' Protection League has been suggested in the Free State. This proposal has arisen out of concern as to what the Government may be putting into its new Traffic Bill. No one knows the length or depth to which the new traffic rules may go, and some citizens fear that all the clauses will be inspired with a pro-vehicular-anti-pedestrian spirit.

It is thought that one section of vehicle users, the pedal cyclists, will not enjoy many privileges under the new Traffic Bill. The proposers of the Pedestrian Protection League invite cyclists to join with them in safeguarding the natural rights of man when on his feet, or using them, as cyclists do. There are 500,000 bicycles in this country, and possibly 50 per cent. of these cycle riders are of voting age. Their joining with the pedestrians will form such a body of one mind that when the Traffic Bill is before the Dail the politicians will think twice in considering the merits of the Government's measure.

It is out of this large section of the population that the League may be formed, and public-spirited people are invited to come forward and assist an organisation that will ensure that deputies shall be made conscious of the weight of opinion behind the idea that pedestrian rights must not be ignored in the Traffic Bill.

AN INTERVIEW.

Mr. P. S. O'Hegarty, who, when giving evidence before the Traffic Commission, stated that he had been 45 years a pedestrian and six years a cyclist, was asked for his opinion on the suggested Pedestrians' Protection League.

He said that it was obvious to him that to the traffic authorities the pedestrian was just a nuisance. "It was high time," he said, "that they should organise in defence of their rights. They were not being considered at all."

"You are aware," he was asked, "that one of the dictionary meanings of the word 'pedestrian' is given as 'pertaining to common people'?"

Mr. O'Hegarty laughed assent, and said that he held that the traffic regulations were quite undemocratic. "What is more," he said, "the traffic authorities are against the pedestrian." He had seen an article in a review, in which the Assistant Commissioner wanted to make it an offence for two pedestrians to talk together on the pavement.

Hardly a day passed on which some judge did not tell pedestrians that they must get out of the way of motor traffic. Judges and juries seemed to look upon the pedestrian as a monstrosity. The current idea was that the purpose of the traffic regulations was to enable motor cars to get from one point to another irrespective of other road users. Pedestrians would be well advised to get some organisation together to protect their rights. The new aristocracy was really worse in some ways than any that went before it.

Mr. O'Hegarty said that he cycled through the city every day. "If you go down Grafton street on a bicycle every morning, as I do," he added, "you will find the street with motor cars parked on either side and only a small laneway left for other vehicles to pass through. Only one car can pass at a time, and the police regulate it as one-way traffic. The same applies to other narrow streets." He held that only business cars, and no private ones, should be allowed to park in Grafton street.

"Motorists," said Mr. O'Hegarty, "persist in getting out on the right side of their cars into the traffic. That ought not to be allowed. Through doors being flung open on the right side of cars I have often only escaped damage by the skin of my teeth."

"Ideas," he said, "have been taken from Paris and New York, but there is no traffic problem here to compare with those places. Different rules must be applied to Dublin from those suited to big cities.

"When horse traffic predominated in the public streets, though it did not go as fast as traffic to-day the pedestrian was regarded as a person of some importance."

Mr. Hegarty would not discuss the Traffic Bill, but said that he liked the idea of a Pedestrians' Protection Bill.

YESTERDAY'S CASES IN THE COURTS.

APPOINTMENT OF A SOLICITOR.

MOTION TO QUASH SEALED ORDER.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE SULLIVAN, MR. JUSTICE HANNA, AND MR. JUSTICE O'BYRNE.)

A case of the Kerry County Council and Thomas O'Connor and four other ratepayers in County Kerry against the Minister for Local Government and Public Health was listed. This was an application for an order to make absolute a conditional order of *certiorari* to bring up for the purpose of being quashed a sealed order of the Minister for Local Government and Public Health of the 1st of April of last year appointing Mr. W. F. Quinlan, County Secretary, as County Solicitor to the Kerry County Council.

When the application for the conditional order was made last July, Mr. Gavan Duffy, K.C., who, with Mr. Conor A. Maguire (instructed by Mr. Daniel J. Browne), appeared for the Kerry County Council and the five ratepayers, stated that the position of solicitor to the County Council having become vacant, the County Council decided to appoint Mr. D. J. Browne, a well-known local solicitor, on a taxed costs basis, but in spite of repeated resolutions of the Council, the Minister had appointed Mr. Quinlan, and attempted to coalesce the position of secretary and county solicitor.

It was stated that since the making of the conditional order the Kerry County Council had been dissolved, and Mr. Duffy now asked, in view of that fact, who were the prosecutors for whom he appeared. The Kerry County Council, he said, had ceased to exist, but there remained the five ratepayers, who had been members of the County Council, and who were protesting against the enforcement of the sealed order.

Mr. Justice Hanna—I take it that there is no appearance for the County Council in those circumstances.

Mr. Duffy—That is my difficulty, and I wish to know what is the position of the others, who are individual ratepayers.

The Court decided to hear the application as being made on behalf of the five ratepayers who are Mr. Duffy's clients.

Mr. Rice, K.C.; Mr. Finlay, K.C., and Mr. Healy (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) appeared for the Minister for Local Government and Public Health.

"MINISTERIAL FASCISM."

Mr. Duffy, opening the application, said that the proceedings raised a very serious point in regard to an act of Ministerial Fascism. The Minister, for the first time—and he hoped for the last—had taken the unprecedented step of seeking to compel the County Council to retain the services of the secretary of the County Council as its solicitor.

Mr. Justice Hanna observed that it was not the first time a county secretary had acted as solicitor to a County Council.

Mr. Duffy said that it was sought to compel the County Council to employ a gentleman who was admitted a solicitor in 1918, and practised for nine months.

Answering Mr. Justice O'Byrne, Mr. Duffy said that the resolution of the Commissioner, in effect, confirmed the appointment of the nominee of the Minister.

The Minister, said Mr. Duffy, justified the appointment of Mr. Quinlan on the ground of economy, and held that he could appoint a solicitor, and define the duties in regard to that position. Taking his own opinion on the question, it raised a very important matter of how far the Minister was authorised to impose his will on a County Council in transferring its legal work to the county secretary. Counsel submitted that the Minister, in assigning the legal work to Mr. Quinlan, had acted in excess of his powers, in breach of his duties, and *ultra vires*.

MINISTER'S POWERS.

Under the Local Government code, said Mr. Duffy, the County Council had the exclusive right to assign duty and to determine generally what officers they required, but with regard to the Poor Law code the Minister, he suggested, had misread it. The Minister's powers under that code were to direct the guardians to appoint to an office, to define the duties of the office holder, to sanction salaries, and to remove undesirables. The position was rather peculiar. The Minister could not designate the person to be appointed—that was the privilege of the Guardians.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne—The Minister was not purporting to designate an appointee; he was merely attempting to prescribe the duties of an existing officer.

Mr. Duffy—He was trying to prescribe the duties, but I say he cannot do that. He has no contact with an individual; he could not say that a particular gentleman is to discharge a particular duty.

Mr. Justice Hanna—It seems to be an indirect way of putting into the hands of the Minister the appointment of an officer.

Mr. Duffy—That is what he could not do under the code.

Mr. Justice Hanna—It might be a good thing to create a Pooh Bah! (Laughter.)

Mr. Duffy—We have certainly got one here. (Laughter.)

Arguments having taken place with regard to Local Government powers,

Mr. Duffy said that under the Ministers and Secretaries Act the Minister got the power that the Local Government Board formerly had; but he was not aware that the Minister got any of the powers formerly possessed by the Lord Lieutenant.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne said that the Governor-General might be the person one would expect to be vested with the powers formerly vested in the Lord Lieutenant.

TRANSFER OF FUNCTIONS.

Mr. Duffy—Perhaps, he would.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne remarked, however, that it was his recollection that the Minister was the person in respect of certain functions.

Mr. Duffy—Here you have him exercising control over the head of the Local Government.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne—The Lord Lieutenant was representing the Government. Why could not the Minister now represent the Government?

Mr. Duffy—Because there is no statute to say so.

Mr. Justice O'Byrne—It may be the effect of our Constitution and certain statutes that have been passed.

Mr. Duffy said that the materiality of the Local Government Act of 1872 was that it transferred to other people the powers formerly held by the Local Government Board, but it did not transfer the functions formerly held by the Lord Lieutenant in this matter to the Local Government Board.

Counsel had not concluded his argument when the Court rose, and the further hearing was adjourned until to-day.

CO. LIMERICK PROPERTY.

ACTION TO SET ASIDE DEED.

(BEFORE MR. JUSTICE JOHNSTON.)

The hearing of an action brought by Mrs. Frederica Louisa Wardell, of Old Abbey, Shanagolden, County Limerick, against her grand-daughter, Mrs. Patricia Mary O'Connell, of Grange, County Limerick, was begun. The plaintiff sought to set aside an alleged deed of transfer from her to the defendant of the lands of Old Abbey, alleging that the deed was not duly executed, that its execution was procured by the undue influence of the defendant, and the she did not understand it.

The defendant denied that she exercised any influence on the plaintiff to procure the transfer, and pleaded that the plaintiff executed the deed to make provision for her in consideration of the natural love and affection which the plaintiff bore towards her.

Mr. Phelps, K.C.; Mr. Fitzgerald, K.C., and Mr. Liston (instructed by Messrs. F. T. Liston and Co.) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Phelps, K.C.; Mr. Binchy, K.C., and Mr. Holmes (instructed by Messrs. P. E. O'Donnell and Son) for the defendant.

The hearing of the evidence had not concluded when the court adjourned until to-day.

"A FINANCIAL TRAGEDY."

RESULT OF LAND SLUMP.

(BEFORE THE CHIEF JUSTICE, MR. JUSTICE FITZGIBBON, AND MR. JUSTICE MURNAGHAN.)

The hearing of the appeal brought by William H. West, J.P., of Ballinamallard, Co. Fermanagh; Robert J. Parker, and John G. Magrath, of Clones, from a judgment of Mr. Justice Hanna dismissing their action against William J. Strain, of Ballygalda, Co. Roscommon, was continued, and further adjourned. The plaintiffs claimed £2,580, including interest for moneys which they alleged they had paid to the Bank of Ireland on foot of a guarantee, for the use of the defendant. The defendant denied that the plaintiffs had paid the money as alleged, and counter-claimed £1,410 from them.

Mr. Justice Hanna, in his judgment, had stated that this was a very complicated and difficult case upon the facts. It was really a financial tragedy arising out of the land slump in the early twenties. The defendant had been a farmer in Co. Down, and in 1918 purchased a farm at Grange, Roscommon, for £3,800. By reason of local land trouble, he was unable to keep possession of the farm or work it, and he arranged to sell it to a local committee, but the landlord would not agree, so that it was left for several years derelict on his hands, and he suffered considerable financial loss, but he received from the Loyalists' Grants Committee in London in 1927 an award—perhaps, somewhat belated—of £3,500. When he had to clear out of Grange, he entered into a deal, which turned out to be most disastrous, for the purchase of a farm with which this guarantee was concerned, the purchase money being £10,000. His financial condition became more and more deplorable, and he was advised to take the protection of the Court in Belfast, in 1922, and carried an arrangement of one shilling in the pound. The question of fact was, did the defendant request the plaintiffs to be sureties for him as principal, and, as between the parties, was he, in fact, principal and the plaintiffs only sureties. Mr. Justice Hanna answered that question in the negative, and gave judgment for the defendant.

Mr. Geoghegan, K.C.; Mr. McGuckin, K.C., and Mr. Pringle (instructed by Mr. Michael Dawson) appeared for the appellants; and Mr. Leonard, K.C., and Mr. C. S. Campbell (instructed by Messrs. Farrell, McDonnell and Co.) for the respondent.

The Northumberland police yesterday renewed their close search of the moors near Otterburn, on which Miss Evelyn Foster was found dying near her burning motor car. The search has been systematic, and all possible *data* has been collected for the inquest on next Monday

DUBLIN CIRCUIT COURT.

GARDENER'S INJURIES.

CLAIM AGAINST TRAMWAY COMPANY DISMISSED.

(BEFORE JUDGE ROCHE.)

Peter Mahon, gardener, 29 Charlemont street, sued the Dublin Tramways Company to recover damages for personal injuries which he alleged he sustained owing to negligence in the driving of a tramcar on the Pembroke road on the 30th March, 1930. The plaintiff's case was that as he was crossing the road he was knocked down by the tramcar and three of his ribs and his collar bone were broken. He had been some weeks in hospital, and had not earned a shilling for ten months.

Dr. Alfred Flannery, who attended the plaintiff in Baggot street Hospital, said that the man had an injury to the head and three of his ribs were broken. The injury to the collar bone was an old one. The plaintiff has fully recovered, and was perfectly fit to do his work as a gardener.

Dr. Arthur Chance, for the defence, agreed with this evidence.

Judge Roche dismissed the case.

BRICK DUST.

WHY CONFECTIONER'S CLAIM FAILED.

Michael Conroy, who carries on a confectionery business at 47 Talbot street, Dublin, claimed damages against Messrs. C. and T. Crampton, Ltd., Hammersmith Works, building contractors, Dublin, for loss and damage sustained by him, as he alleged, through the negligence of the defendants in the execution of certain works at 48 Talbot street, connected with the alteration of premises for the National Bank, Ltd., from January to May, 1930.

The complaint was that dust incidental to the raking of brickwork was blown into the plaintiff's premises and damaged sweets in the window; that some of the sweets had had to be sold at a loss, that the defendants had erected a hoarding around the premises which precluded people passing along the street from seeing the wares in the window, and that the scaffolding erected had so encroached on his premises that it was not possible to use a sunblind, with the result that goods in the window were damaged.

The defendants denied that the hoarding or the scaffolding in any way encroached on the plaintiff's premises. They contended that they took every precaution consistent with the licence granted to them by the Corporation to prevent dust from floating around, and stated that there was very little dust owing to the small nature of the raking of brickwork.

Judge Moonan held that the plaintiff had failed to show that unnecessary inconvenience was suffered by him, and dismissed the case.

Mr. Davy (instructed by Mr. C. F. Ellis) appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Hubert Hamilton, K.C., and Mr. Battley (instructed by Messrs. Gordon and Sons) appeared for the defendants.

SALE OF A HORSE.

John Burke, merchant, Elmgrove, Ranelagh, sued John Williams, coal vendor, 1 Rathmines avenue, for £22 12s. for breach of warranty arising out of the sale of a horse to the plaintiff.

The plaintiff, who stated that he had no previous experience of buying horses, said that the price paid for the animal was £7, and that he subsequently had to have it destroyed.

The defence was that when the horse was sold it was fully capable of doing its work, and was under a load of manure when seen by and sold to the plaintiff.

Judge Moonan said that he could not hold that any warranty had been given, and he accordingly dismissed the case.

DUBLIN CIRCUIT (CRIMINAL) COURT

SERIOUS CHARGES.

(BEFORE JUDGE SHANNON.)

Joseph C. Duffy, a young man, whose address was not given, was charged with committing an act of gross indecency with a boy aged fifteen in February, 1930.

Mr. R. Brereton Barry (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted, and Mr. Alex. Lynn (instructed by Mr. C. B. W. Boyle) defended.

The jury found the prisoner guilty, and he was put back until Monday for sentence.

Michael Lynch (56), a blacksmith, of Cuffe street, Dublin, was charged with committing an indecent assault on, and an act of gross indecency with, a boy.

Mr. Basil McGuckin (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted, and Mr. J. J. L. Devlin (instructed by Mr. P. Campbell) defended.

After an absence of seventy minutes, the jury disagreed, and the prisoner was allowed out on continuing bail.

The Court adjourned until 11 o'clock this morning.

MESSRS. CORRIGAN'S SALES.

A successful sale of house property and ground rents was held yesterday by Messrs. Corrigan and Co., at No. 4 Grafton street, all lots being satisfactorily sold. The house, "Lisieux," 18 Crescent Villas, changed hands at £815; ground rents out of Bridge street and Fitzwilliam street, Ringsend, amounting to, £60 10/-, found a purchaser at £660, and the house, 8 Morehampton terrace, Donnybrook, brought £460, making a total of £1,875, purchasers paying commission.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT.

JEMMY LEFT BEHIND.

FINGER-PRINT PHOTOGRAPHS IN SHOP-BREAKING CASE.

(BEFORE MR. O'SULLIVAN.)

A young man named Daniel McQuaid, of Upper Digges street, was charged with breaking and entering the tailoring and outfitting premises of Mr. Stephenson, 40 Aungier street, and the restaurant of Mr. Angelo Andreucetti, 42 Aungier street, and taking from the latter minerals and syrup to the value of 20s.

Mr. Stephenson gave evidence of locking his premises on the night in question, and finding it next morning in a state of chaos, quite a lot of stock being strewn about the floor. He found a jemmy on the premises. The window at the rear of the shop had been opened.

Evidence regarding photographs of finger prints was submitted, and the defendant was remanded in custody until Tuesday next.

FRESH CHARGE BEFORE TRIAL.

When a young woman named Emily Armstrong, of Stephen's road, Kilmainham, was charged on remand with the illegal possession of a 9-carat gold wristlet watch and a woman's coat, it was stated that she was awaiting trial at the Central Criminal Court on another charge, and there was no further evidence to offer the Court on the present charges.

The District Justice imposed a sentence of twenty-one days' imprisonment on each of the charges, and directed that they should run concurrently with any sentence which the judge at the Criminal Court might impose in connection with the charge to be heard at Green street.

POSSESSION OF SCRAP METAL.

John Doyle (17), Meath street; Albert Plummer (18), Ashe street; and William Ryan (17), Garden lane, all of no business, were charged with the theft of eight stone of scrap metal from the wholesale marine dealer's yard of Mr. Samuel Yodaiken, 36a Lower Clanbrassil street, and with being in illegal possession of the property.

It was stated that when charged and cautioned at the police station the defendants said: "That's all right; we got in to Yodaiken's yard from the schoolhouse yard, and we took the stuff."

The defendants pleaded guilty, and were remanded on bail until Tuesday next.

WRONG NAME GIVEN.

Two young men, whose names were given in the charge sheet as William Smith, a motor driver, and John Quinn, a taxi-driver, and who gave their address as the Coastguard Station, Dun Laoghaire, were charged with being on the garage premises of John Cathcart, Wyneham road, last Friday night for an unlawful purpose.

During the preliminary hearing of the case it transpired that there was a horse-drawn cab in the vicinity of the garage, and that it was there for the purpose of taking both defendants back to Dun Laoghaire.

Mr. P. H. O'Brien, solicitor, who appeared for both defendants on Saturday last, now said that he had to apologise on behalf of his client who had appeared in the dock on the last occasion as "William Smith." He was not "William Smith," but William J. Cromin, of Shielmartin avenue, and he was exceedingly sorry for having given the name of "William Smith."

Mr. O'Brien said that, notwithstanding what had occurred, both the defendants were respectable men. They were sorry for what had happened.

The Justice discharged Quinn, and bound Cromin over for two years.

BUILDER IN THE DOCK.

Laurence Curtis, described as a builder, of Phibsborough avenue, appeared on remand, charged with the illegal possession of 126 bars of soap, knives, forks, two electric bed-warmers, 12 rubber erasers, and other articles, and with breaking into the provision shop of Thomas Wade, 15 Berkeley road, last Friday night.

Mr. Burne, solicitor for the defendant, said that they could account for every one of the articles, and could produce receipts for most of them. Curtis was a builder, engaged in a £200 action regarding the building of a house. He had given way to drink.

Mr. O'Sullivan—That was entirely due to the drink.

Curtis was remanded in custody until Tuesday.

A SUSPENDED SENTENCE.

A suspended sentence of six months' imprisonment was imposed on Martha O'Brien (24), of Newmarket street, who was charged with the theft of a silk scarf, worth £2, belonging to Mrs. Mary Toomey, 37 Patrick street.

COAL FRAUDS ON POOR.

(BEFORE MR. LITTLE.)

Robert McNally, Aungier street, coal vendor, was fined 10s. for selling three bags of coal each of so much underweight that the deficiency would amount to about one cwt. per ton.

Mr. T. F. Burke, solicitor, who prosecuted, said that this kind of thing was an infliction on the poor people who were involved.

BERMALINE BREAD DIGESTIVE.—(Advt.)

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Thursday, January 29.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS UACHTATACH.

(The Supreme Court.)

At 11 o'clock. Appeal—West and others v. Strain, part heard.

AN CLARATHOIR DON PRIMH-BHREITHEAMH.

(The Registrar to the Chief Justice.)

Before the Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Adjourned summons, F. J. Allen; statement, G.S.; summons, Crowley, Bolger and Cusack.

Before Mr. Perry, at 11.30 o'clock—Adjourned summons, W. Dwyer.

Before Dr. Webb, Assistant-Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Kinsella, minors.

Before Mr. Meghan, at 11 o'clock—Vouch account, J. H. Montgomery; same, G.S.; same, A. S. Megaw.

AN ARD-CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS.

(The High Court.)

In Court 1—For Friday, 30th January, at 11 o'clock. Summonses—Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. Dowling; Adam's Trusts, Sternberg v. Adams.

In Court 2—At 11 o'clock. Action—Wardell v. O'Connell, at hearing. For Friday, 30th January (at conclusion of Bankruptcy list): Motion—Reidy v. Murphy.

In Court 3, at 11 o'clock—The State (Kerry Co. Council and others) v. the Minister for Local Government and Public Health, and in the matter of the Courts of Justice Act, 1924, at hearing.

OIFIG AN SCRUDORA.

(The Examiner's Office.)

Mr. Healy (Room 61), at 11 o'clock—S. Cunningham, deceased, Clinton v. Cunningham, sign cert.; Gresham Securities, Ltd., v. Johnston; R. Milne, deceased, Rudd v. Milne; Royal Bank of Ireland, Ltd., v. Kelly; Atkinson's Trusts; T. Keane, deceased, Keane v. Keane; J. C. Nolan, deceased, Christopher v. Nolan; J. Stafford, deceased, Stronge v. Stafford; T. Black, deceased, Black v. Black; St. Patrick's Cathedral Mission and 52 Geo. III. c. 101; National Bank, Ltd., v. M'Grath; Drimmie v. Frohlich; M'Nulty v. M'Carthy.

Mr. Adderley (Room 17), at 11 o'clock—Yorkshire Insurance Co., Ltd., v. Kavanagh; B. Fegan, deceased, Fegan v. Fegan.

Mr. Greville (Room 59), at 11 o'clock—Rosonovsky v. Goldstein.

Mr. Murtagh (Room 71 B.), at 11 o'clock—Spence v. Reilly.

OIFIG AN MHAISTIR-MHEASAIREACHTA.

(The Taxing Master's Office.)

Master Fleming, at 11 o'clock—A person of unsound mind (G.S.), Franks and Oulton; Frank Cleary, a bankrupt, C. B. W. Boyle; Laoighis County Board of Health to Byrne, M. J. Byrne and Co.; Benson v. Corkery, Baker, Ringwood and Gordon; Melody v. Cudmore, R. McNamara and Co.; Burke to Brady, J. Vincent Brady; Monks v. Minister for Finance, P. Coll.

Before Judge Moonan, at Dublin Castle, in Court No. 6, at 11 o'clock. Ejectments—Reid v. —— and anor.; Kavanagh v. O'Hagan, Ward and anor. Civil Actions—Doyle v. Hickey (withdrawn); Devitt v. The Pearl Assurance Co.; Dineen v. Glick; Glick v. Dineen.

Before Judge Roche, at Dublin Castle. For Friday, 30th January, at 11 o'clock. Licensing Application—Brannon, Patrick J. Music and Dancing Application—Wallis, Reginald. Civil Actions—Pim Bros., Ltd., v. Scanlon; M'Loughlin v. M'Birney and Co.; O'Driscoll v. Hurley; O'Farrell v. Doggett; O'Neill v. Irish Omnibus Co.

Before Judge Moonan, at Dublin Castle. For Friday, 30th January, at 11 o'clock. Ejectment—Glynn v. Farrell (motion). Civil Actions—Commercial Loan and Discount Co., Ltd., v. Cosby and ors.; Callaghan v. Robinson; Doyle v. Ingram and anor.; Dunne v. Wade; Dolan v. G. S. E. Briggs and Co., Ltd.; Dowdall v. Gleeson.

BANKRUPTCY.

(Before the Registrar.)

At 11 o'clock—Arrangt., pr. dts. and vch., C. B. W. Boyle; do., vch. mtgee a/cs., do.; Harty, pr. dts. and vch., Thompson and Edwards; McNulty, do., O'Meara and Kieran: arrangt., a/c. comp., Mcdowell v. Lynch, Wm. Smyth and Son; same v. Esbeck, vch a/c., Thompson and Edwards.

TRIALS BY JURY.

For Monday, 2nd February. Jury—Connaughton v. The Irish Omnibus Co. (Lord Campbell's Act); Ennis (Maureen) v. G.S. Rly. Co. (Ireland), personal injuries; same (Thomas) v. same (personal injuries); same (Patrick) v. same (personal injuries); Doyle v. Casey (personal injuries); Murphy v. O'Byrne (Lord Campbell's Act); Johnstone v. Woods (personal injuries); Connolly v. Mulligan (probate).

For Tuesday, 3rd February. Jury—Connell v. Hope (Lord Campbell's Act); Allen v. Sutton Sand Co. (personal injuries); Speilman v. New Ireland Assurance Co., Ltd. (personal injuries); Roe (Wm.) v. Dow (personal injuries); same (Mary) v. same (personal injuries); O'Dwyer v. McRedmond (probate); King v. Walsh (detinue); Quinn v. Quinn (matrimonial).

For Wednesday, 4th February. Jury—Snodgrass and another v. Orr and another (probate); McManon v. Byrne and another (personal injuries); Purtill v. the Electricity Supply Board (personal injuries); Russell v. M'Carthy (breach of promise); Sarsfield v. Gordon Motor Services (1920), Ltd. (personal injuries); Kerr v. Smith (personal injuries); Padian v. Convert (seduction); Foster v. Ryan (personal injuries); Camp v. Lambert (seduction); O'Sullivan v. The Dublin Bread Co., Ltd (personal injuries); McGreene v. The Hibernian Taxi Co. (personal injuries); Crowley v. G.S. Rly. Co (personal injuries); Latchford v. Latchford (matrimonial).

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.

(Examiners' Chambers, at 93 Merrion square.)

Before Mr. Sullivan, at 11 o'clock—C. R. Lindsay, owner, Maria O'Brien, proprietor (S.183/38). At 12 o'clock—A. M. O'Beirne (S.2375).

Before Mr. Franks, at 11.30 o'clock—Daniel Kenally and ors. (C.C. 119), vouch.

Before Mr. Leet, at 11 o'clock—Eleanor Gibbons (S. 3030). At 11.30 o'clock—Robert Thomas and ors. (S. 4404), discharge rulings.

Before Mr. Grove White, at 3 o'clock—Louis Grubb and ors. (S. 173/38), vouch. At 3.30 o'clock—Earl of Norbury (S. 2758), vouch.

COUNTY OF THE RAILWAY TRIBUNAL.

In Room 71, at 11 o'clock. Decision—J. P. Keogh and Co. and ors., appits., in the matter of attention of classification of certain traffics; the Great Southern Railways Co., appits., in the matter of new exceptional rates exceeding 40 per cent. below the standard rates chargeable, and special charging arrangements.

For Friday, 30th January, in Room 71, at 11 o'clock—In the matter of Messrs. Sefflers, Ltd., applicants, the Great Southern Railways Co., respondents.

CIRCUIT CRIMINAL COURT.

(Green street.)

This day. Before the Circuit Judge, at 11 o'clock—A full attendance of the entire panel of jurors required. Absent jurors will be fined.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIS CHUARDA.

(Circuit Court of Justice.)

Before Judge Roche, at Dublin Castle, in Court No. 5, at 11 o'clock. Civil Actions—White v. County Councils of Dublin and Meath (at hearing); County Councils of Dublin and Meath v. White; O'Flanagan v. Irish Omnibus Co.

Before Judge Moonan, at Dublin Castle, in Court No. 6, at 11 o'clock. Ejectments—Reid v. —— and anor.; Kavanagh v. O'Hagan, Ward and anor. Civil Actions—Doyle v. Hickey (withdrawn); Devitt v. The Pearl Assurance Co.; Dineen v. Glick; Glick v. Dineen.

Before Judge Roche, at Dublin Castle. For Friday, 30th January, at 11 o'clock. Licensing Application—Brannon, Patrick J. Music and Dancing Application—Wallis, Reginald. Civil Actions—Pim Bros., Ltd., v. Scanlon; M'Loughlin v. M'Birney and Co.; O'Driscoll v. Hurley; O'Farrell v. Doggett; O'Neill v. Irish Omnibus Co.

Before Judge Moonan, at Dublin Castle. For Friday, 30th January, at 11 o'clock. Ejectment—Glynn v. Farrell (motion). Civil Actions—Commercial Loan and Discount Co., Ltd., v. Cosby and ors.; Callaghan v. Robinson; Doyle v. Ingram and anor.; Dunne v. Wade; Dolan v. G. S. E. Briggs and Co., Ltd.; Dowdall v. Gleeson.

CHURCH SERVICES.

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—Holy Communion, 8 a.m. Matins, 10 a.m. Psalm 139. Urbe Fortitudinis—51. Jubilate—52. Hymn 286. Evening Service, 4 o'clock. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis (Kelway in B minor). Anthem, "By the waters" (Allen, 100).

CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Morning Prayer, 10.45 o'clock. Benedictus. Hymn 385. Evening Prayer, 3 o'clock. Parry in D. Anthem, "Turn Thee again" (Elvey).

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Deed of Settlement Involving Over £100,000.

Judgment in Belfast Action.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Wednesday.

MR. JUSTICE WILSON gave judgment to-day in the Chancery Court, Belfast, in the Belfast settlement action, in which £101,500 was involved. The action was brought by Mrs. Jessie Muir Willis, daughter of the late Mr. James Gallaher, Malone House, Belfast, a prominent merchant, who sought to have set aside a voluntary settlement executed by her on the eve of her marriage to Mr. Archie Willis. In evidence Mrs. Willis stated that when she signed the settlement deed she was of the opinion that it was her will and did not fully realise that she was parting with the control of £101,500, and only retaining a life interest. The trustees of the settlement—John Gallaher Michaels, Thomas Alexander Michaels and William Shaw—were the defendants in the action.

MR. JUSTICE WILSON.

In giving his decision, the judge said that, in his judgment, if the marriage had never taken place, the settlement could not have been upheld. The whole object of the settlement was to protect her property from her husband if she did marry. The marriage took place and no harm was done by that part of the settlement. It was right and proper that the trustees should hold the property for plaintiff, for herself for life and after her death for her children, but she should be entitled, if there were no children, to have the power of appointment by will of such person or persons as she might choose to whom the property should devolve.

He decided that the settlement deed be amended to include a power of appointment by will in the event of there being no children of the marriage and before the property was given over to other relatives.

NEW TRUSTEES.

He also would give the plaintiff and settlor power to nominate new trustees on the death of one or more of the existing trustees.

The Judge added that these amendments of the settlement deed would be drawn up by counsel on behalf of the Court and subject to his (the Judge's) approval.

An order was made that the trustees pay out of the capital fund of the trust the costs of the plaintiff and their own costs, and also the cost of counsel to draft the rectification clauses.

He (the Judge) was convinced that the plaintiff did not know and appreciate the effect of the absence of a power of appointment from the settlement.

He added that Mr. J. G. Michaels, in his (the Judge's) judgment, acted the part of a real, true friend to his cousin, Mrs. Willis, throughout the entire transaction.

At the outset the Judge said that the action was brought by the plaintiff against the trustees of a voluntary settlement made by her on the 18th April, 1929, th have said settlement set aside and delivered up to be cancelled on the grounds—

(1) That she never gave any instructions for it;

(2) That she had no independent advice or assistance at, or prior to, the making of it;

(3) That she did not know or appreciate the nature and effect of it;

(4) That she did not understand that it would operate to prevent her disposing of the money and investments as she thought fit;

(5) That she did not know or appreciate the nature or amount of the property comprised in or affected by the settlement;

(6) That she did not know the amount of property she was entitled to under her father's will or the trusts on which it was held;

(7) That she was not advised or informed by the defendants or either of them of the meaning and effect of the indenture of 18th April, 1929, and alleged that if plaintiff had known the nature and effect of the settlement she would not have agreed to it or executed it.

THE REAL FACTS.

Continuing, the Judge said that the real facts of the case were that the plaintiff lived with her father and family at Malone House. Her father appeared to have made a great deal of money in business and was absolute master in his own house. The father died on February 4, 1929, leaving a large estate, the residue of which was given in one-fourths to his four children or their representatives. The plaintiff's fourth was given in trust to pay the plaintiff the income for her life, for her separately, without power of anticipation, and after her death for her issue as she should appoint, and in default of appointment for her child or children, and if more than one in equal shares as tenants in common, and if Mrs. Willis should die without leaving any child surviving, her fourth was to go to such person or persons as she might by will appoint, and failing such appointment to other members of the testator's family. That fourth share was about £80,000. In addition to that provision, it turned out that her father had invested money from time to time in his daughter's name, and also large sums on deposit receipt for his children, and the provision then made for the plaintiff was after his death ascertained to be worth about £120,000.

As regarded the moneys on deposit receipt till after her father's death, plaintiff knew little or nothing. As to the other investments in her own name she got the dividend warrants from time to time, endorsed them, and handed them to her father, who sometimes gave her something out of those dividend warrants, but very little. Any money plaintiff got in that way she lodged in a savings bank in King street—a very small amount. The father arranged with the bank to add the interest on the deposit receipts to the principal, but the plaintiff knew nothing about that till after his death

£120,000.

Such, then, was the condition of the plaintiff at the age of 44 years. She was the owner of some £120,000, but was not aware of it, and had never been put in possession of nor entrusted with the management of it, and in her father's lifetime she received no benefit from it save a pittance occasionally from her own dividends.

Proceeding, the judge reviewed in detail the evidence given by the various witnesses leading up to the making of the settlement.

"Now, it is clear to my mind," continued the judge, "that the plaintiff was anxious to do everything necessary to tie up her property, so that her husband could not get at it or squander it. Neither she nor Mr. Michaels knew the proper way in which that should be done, and she took Mr. Michaels to Mr. Wallace on the *bona-fide* advice to do that."

Continuing, the judge remarked that whatever in these transactions the capacity of the lady might be, she was entirely ignorant of legal matters. She had faith, and justifiable faith, in her cousin, Mr. J. G. Michaels, and she was apparently satisfied that so long as he was alive he would give her this money, if he was convinced it was for her good. Mr. Michaels, however, might die, and the other trustees might die; and, if new trustees had to be appointed, she should have the power of saying whether she approved of the proposed new trustees.

COSTS.

Referring to the question of costs, the Judge said that the reason he made the rectification of the settlement was that he thought the instructions, and the only instruction that she clearly appreciated and understood, was that she wanted the property tied up, so that her husband would not squander it. He held the settlement to be good so far as that went, but so far as it went beyond that and tied her up the deed exceeded the instructions given. He thought also Mr. Wallace was in error in law in thinking that this was an ordinary form of marriage settlement under any circumstances. He thought plaintiff had not got proper instructions. Assuming she was an ordinary sensible woman, he (the Judge) was convinced that she did not know and understand and appreciate the full effect of that deed. Mr. Michaels had done everything he could. How could he and the other trustees, who had done nothing but try to get plaintiff's wishes carried out in a proper legal manner, be asked to pay costs?

Finally, the result of the matter was that the deed would be rectified in the way he had stated. Mr. Wallace would have to hand the original settlement into Court. He thought Mr. Wallace had made a mistake in two matters—one in the form of the settlement and the other as to the extent he should have advised a lady necessarily ignorant of legal matters. Accordingly, the trustees to the settlement would have to pay plaintiff's costs when taxed and ascertained out of the capital monies of the settlement, and would also have to pay the costs of the trustees out of the capital monies of the settlement, and the costs payable would include the cost of counsel to the Court, who would draft the form of the two provisions for the rectification he had mentioned.

ROCKWELL COLLEGE UNION DINNER.

Guests at the Rockwell College Union dinner, held in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last night. Included in the picture are President Cosgrave, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, the Very Rev. Dr. Orshan, Professor O'Sullivan, Mr. F. Lynch, Mr. P. J. Duff, President of the Union; Colonel O'Reilly and Dr. Barniville.

Brown Thomas

LAST 3 DAYS OF SALE

REMNANTS TO-DAY

Silk, Woollen and Cotton Fabrics

HALF MARKED PRICE

BROWN THOMAS & CO LTD Grafton St DUBLIN

Growth of Dance Halls.

Provision for Control.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LIMERICK, Wednesday.

IN consequence of the widespread establishment of dance halls in the rural areas within recent years, the Free State Department of Local Government has decided to pass on the control of these places to Boards of Health, which, for the purpose, will have the powers of Urban Councils in the matter.

MR. R. MULCAHY.

When the question came before the County Board of Health to-day, it was stated that licences for dance halls would be granted by the District Justices, and that a resolution should be adopted by the Health Board putting the regulations in force.

The Chairman (Mr. M. Ryan) said that the order applied more to cinemas than to dance halls, which would have to be suitable before a licence is granted.

The Secretary said that there were many complaints of dances being held in labourers' cottages.

Mr. S. Quin was of the opinion that the County Council had control of cinemas.

The Chairman remarked that the question of giving a licence for the sale of drink at public dances was vested in the District Justice.

Mr. Quin said that he was opposed to drink being supplied at public dances.

It was agreed to consider at next meeting a resolution for the adoption of the regulations.

Road Tax.

Hackney Owners' Demand.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

MULLINGAR, Wednesday.

At a public meeting of hackney motor-car owners, which was held in the County Hall, Mullingar, Mr. D. O'Callaghan, presiding, on the motion of Mr. James Dalton, seconded by Mr. John Daly, a resolution was passed: "That in view of the fact that owners of hackney motors are the largest contributors among motorists to the revenue, and that the hackney car is the poor man's means of livelihood, we, the Westmeath Hackney Traders' Association, demand the 25 per cent. reduction in road tax already enjoyed by the owners of private cars, and we, further, call on all hackney men in the Twenty-six Counties to organise and co-operate with us in advancing our demand. Copies of this resolution to be sent to the deputies for this constituency, to the various hackney car associations in the Free State, to the Free State Minister for Finance, and to the Westmeath County Council."

Bill-Posting.

Need of By-Laws.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Wednesday.

Protests against the practice of landlords using portion of their premises for the posting of bills were made at Dundalk Urban Council to-day. Mr. Corrigan stated that it was a disgrace that men should pay a big rent to live in decent streets, and then find that the entrance to these streets were turned into a "hippodrome," with bills plastered on the gable walls of some of the houses. If the practice was allowed to continue the appearance of the towns of Ireland would be destroyed.

Mr. O'Neill said that he did not see what objection there could be to a man doing what he wished with his own property.

The Town Clerk said that the Council had no power in the matter, as they had no by-laws.

The Council referred to their solicitor the question of making by-laws to deal with the matter.

Preference to Firms.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Wednesday.

That Free State public bodies should be entitled to give a preference amounting to five per cent. to all *bona-fide* contractors as against firms from outside the State was a resolution adopted at Dundalk Urban Council to-day. The resolution was forwarded by the Kilkenny Corporation, and stated that in Northern Ireland firms were entitled to give this preference to firms in that State.

Mr. Patrick Hughes urged that the preference should amount to ten per cent., so that small local industries could be kept going despite the opposition of big outside firms who were seeking to gain a monopoly.

A National Monument.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BALLYCASTLE, Wednesday.

Ballycastle Rural Council has decided to agree to the suggestion of the Belfast Natural History and Philosophical Society (Archæological Section) that the famous Franciscan Abbey of Bun-na-Margey be vested in the Ministry of Finance as a national monument, provided it did not interfere with the Council's control of the burial rights surrounding the Abbey itself.

The price of bread in Limerick has been reduced from 4½d. to 4d. per 2lb. loaf, delivered. Prices of butter vary from 1s. 4d. to 1s. 7d. per lb., according to class and quality.

FOUND ON THE PREMISES.

NOVEL POINTS IN LICENSING LAW.

DISTIRCT JUSTICE'S DECISION.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ENNIS, Wednesday.

THREE licensing prosecutions of great interest to hotel proprietors and persons who frequent hotels, were the subject of lengthy argument at Ennis District Court, where District Justice Gleeson delivered an important decision.

The proprietors of three local hotels were summoned for breaches of the licensing laws on the usual counts, and a number of local men were summoned for being found on the premises.

Mr. F. Hickman, solicitor, for the defence, raised some novel points under Sections 13 and 17 of the Intoxicating Liquor Act, 1927. He contended that the men were legally entitled to be on hotel premises at the time for which they were summoned.

The District Justice upheld Mr. Hickman's contention, and further stated that he was of opinion that persons could be on hotel premises any hour of the day or night, and, if supplied with liquor, the licencee only could be deemed guilty of an offence.

In view of the importance of the matter, the Justice intimated that he would be prepared to state a case if Superintendent Kelleher, after consultation with his own authorities, requested him to do so.

BARMAID'S ADMISSION.

The first case heard was against Mr. James O'Regan, proprietor of the Old Ground Hotel. At 6.15 p.m. on Sunday December 21st, Guard William Hackett and Guard James Grannell entered the premises and found six local men in a passage leading from the lounge to the bar. The barmaid admitted that she had not challenged any of them as to whether they were *bona fide* travellers or not.

Mr. F. F. Cullinan, who appeared in this case for the defence, pleaded guilty. He said that Mr. O'Regan had put a man on the hall-door to challenge visitors, but this man fell asleep.

The Justice said that hotels had special privileges, and should live up to a higher standard than ordinary public-houses in connection with the administration of the Licensing Act. Mr. O'Regan would be fined £5, with an endorsement on his licence, and each of the men found on the premises 7s 6d.

Mr. Cullinan gave notice of appeal.

The defendant in the second case was Mrs. Margaret Corbett, proprietress of the Queen's Hotel, and it was in this case that the points were raised to which allusion is made above.

SITTING BY THE FIRE.

The case for the prosecution was that at 7 p.m. on Sunday, December 21, when Guards Grannell and Hackett entered the hotel Mrs. Corbett told them there were no *bona fide* persons on the premises. But on going into an office adjoining the bar, and communicating with the inside of the bar counter by a door, which was open, they found a local gentleman sitting by the fire. He had no drink with him.

Mr. F. W. G. Hickman, solicitor for the defence, did not dispute the main facts. Quoting the Intoxicating Liquor Act, 1927, Mr. Hickman argued that the gentleman on the premises had a perfect right to be there. An ordinary 7-day licence was attached to the Queen's Hotel, which also was a hotel within the legal definition. According to Section 13 of the Act a hotel could remain open on Sunday between 1 p.m. and 3 p.m. and between 6 p.m. and 9 p.m., and any person who ordered a substantial meal between those hours could be supplied with intoxicating liquor. The gentleman found in the office was a person of the class who might order a substantial meal in a hotel.

DRINK WITH MEAL.

The Justice referred to Sections 3, 13, and 17 of the Act, and the sub-sections dealing with the position of hotels and their patrons. He agreed with Mr. Hickman's contention as to their effect, and held that the premises were not open, or kept open for the sale of intoxicating liquor. He dismissed the case against the hotel proprietress. He also dismissed the case against the person found on the premises, as he was a person to whom intoxicating liquor might be supplied with a substantial meal.

Mr. Cullinan said that, in view of the decision, the conviction of the six men found in the Old Ground Hotel about the same time on the same evening could not stand.

The Justice agreed. Those men had not been summoned for drinking on the Old Ground premises, but for being there. On the Act, as he now read it, they were entitled to be there, and, as that was the only charge against them, the convictions would be reversed and the six cases dismissed. But the conviction against the proprietor would stand.

EFFECT OF DECISION.

Superintendent Kelleher said that the effect of the decision was that the hotels of Ennis could be full of natives of Ennis every Sunday evening between the hours specified, and unless there was proof that drink was supplied to them without their ordering a substantial meal they could not be convicted of any offence.

The Justice said that was the effect of it. His decision went even further than that. He held that persons could be on hotel premises any hour of the day or night, and that the hotel could be open for the purposes of a hotel, but not for the purpose of selling drink. If drinks were supplied illegally to such persons he could fine the hotel proprietor £50 and endorse his licence.

In the third case the facts were somewhat different. Mrs. Monica McKenna, proprietress of Carmody's Hotel, was the defendant. Four non-*bona-fide* persons were found in or about the bar at 10.50 p.m. on Saturday, December 20. Two of them had no drink, a third had a bottle of Bass, and the fourth said that he had come in for his lunch. (Laughter.)

The Justice dismissed the summonses against the four men on the same ground as in the previous cases. He adjourned the case against the hotel for the attendance of the men who had been found on the premises to give evidence.

Seed Oats for Two Thousand Farmers.

Department's Aid.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

CARRICK-ON-SHANNON, Wednesday.

A meeting of the Leitrim County Committee of Agriculture, held here this afternoon, Mr. John Kelly, Free State Department's agriculture inspector, Galway, announced, following the reading of a letter from the Department, that two hundred tons of seed oats would be distributed in County Leitrim at 7s. 6d. per cwt., as a result of a resolution recently adopted by the Committee drawing the attention of the Department of Agriculture to the scarcity of seed oats in the county following the wet season of last year.

Mr. Kelly said that, at a conference of the Department's officials in the county, which was held on the previous day, they had made arrangements to distribute the seed, which would be made up of 150 tons of potato oats and 50 tons of Victory oats. The scheme would be worked by the agricultural overseers and the ploughing demonstrator, and the places and times would be announced at which the officials would attend to take the orders. The demand for the seed might be greater than the supply, but he would be in charge of the scheme and in close touch with the Department, and the possibility was that they might be able to give an increased supply.

The 200 tons would meet the requirements of 2,000 farmers. A similar scheme was in operation in West Mayo and Connemara, and he was in charge of these districts, and if there was any seed over there not required it could be distributed in Leitrim.

Mr. Kelly said that the Department paid £12 10s. per cwt. for the oats, which was of the same quality as they sent out for use in the demonstration plots, and it meant a concession of from £3 to £3 10s. per ton to the farmers of Leitrim.

Mr. John Reilly, who moved the resolution in the first instance asking for the scheme, said that there was no seed oats to be got in the large mountain areas of Leitrim owing to the bad seasons, and the oats bought in the open market would be only half as good in quality. It was a good scheme, and they would get under it the right quality of oats, and fully tested by the Department.

The Committee expressed thanks for the Department's prompt and praiseworthy action in the matter.

Golf Club Dance.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

TULLAMORE, Wednesday.

A successful dance was held under the auspices of the Tullamore Golf Club in the County Ballroom, Tullamore, last night. There was a large attendance, representative of the Midlands. The hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion.

Among those in attendance were:—Mr. P. J. Egan, Mr. J. A. Lumley, J. Kearney, solicitor; Surgeon Meagher, Dr. O'Meara, Duingean; Mr. J. Lavin, B.A.; Mr. P. J. Sheehy, Mr. Edmund Williams, Chief Superintendent MacManus, Superintendent Sheridan, Mr. F. J. Egan, Mr. T. J. Kelly, Mr. J. Clavin, Mr. G. N. Walsh, Mr. T. L. Leary, Mr. H. Tipping, Mr. J. Moorhead, L.D.S.I.; Dr. Sheehy, Dr. Brady, Superintendent Woods, Mr. L. Kearney, B.E.; Mr. W. Robbins, Mr. D. Coady, Mr. J. B. Goodbody, Mr L. J. Egan, Mr. J. A. Scally, Dr. Doody, Dr. McGuinness, Mr. Desmond Williams, Mr Vincent Williams, Mr. J. Higgins, Mr J. J. English, Mr. J. H. Clarke, Mr. F. Lane, Mr. Kevin Adams, Mr. J. H. Mosley, Mr. J. Rogers, Mr. J. F. Martin, Mr. L. V. Hunt, Mr. J. H. Gardner, Mr. N. Redmond, Mr. D. McCarthy, M.P.S.I.; Mr. J. Hanlon, Mr. J. Crowley.

The prize of £5 for the best dancers was won by Mr. Little, Tullamore, and Miss N. Dunne, Convent View, Tullamore.

Hunt Ball.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

THURLES, Wednesday.

The Thurles and Kilshane Hunt Ball, held in the Confraternity Hall, Thurles, last night, was one of the most successful yet held. There was a large attendance from North and South Tipperary, and a good number of visitors from other packs in Munster and Leinster. The ballroom was artistically decorated with shrubs, flowers and hunting emblems. The music was by Manahan's No. 1 Band, and the catering by Mrs. Lalor, Naas. Under the Mastership of Mr. A. G. Seton, the Thurles and Kilshane Hounds have been enjoying excellent sport this season.

Mr. Daniel Kelly (45), farmer, Rathclough, Danesfort, was found dead at his residence by his wife on her return from Kilkenny. He was brother of Mr. John Kelly, draper, High street, Kilkenny, and Mr. Timothy, Kelly, Killarney, a well-known Gael.

Golf Club Re-Union.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DROGHEDA, Wednesday.

The County Louth Golf Club held its social re-union and dinner in the Ballroom, Mayoralty House, last night. The company numbered well over 100. The captain of the club, Mr. L. F. Branigan, solicitor, presided.

The toast of "The Ancient and Historic Borough of Drogheda" was proposed by Mr. Edward McArdle, and was responded to by the Mayor, Councillor David Flood, and by Mr. B. E. Allen.

Mr. R. Webster proposed the "Kindred Clubs," to which Mr. W. P. Allen and Mr. M. Collins responded.

Mr. Stephen Henly proposed "The County Louth Golf Club," and with this toast he associated the names of the captain (Mr. L. F. Branigan), Mr. J. Carr (Town Clerk) and Mr. J. J. Daly.

An enjoyable musical programme was gone through, to which the following contributed: Messrs. S. J. Henly, P. Lynch, P. McEvoy, H. Jameson, J. McGoldrick and P. Fulham.

Secretaryship.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LIMERICK, Wednesday.

The Free State Minister for Local Government has written informing the County Limerick Board of Health that, in compliance with the Board's request, the Minister has promoted Mr. John King to the secretaryship vacated by the resignation of Mr. M. J. Hassett. Before coming to a decision the Department stated it had received the opinion of its Inspector, Mr. Commissioner Geraghty, who stated that he was thoroughly satisfied that Mr. King's qualifications were most suitable for the position.

Death at 104.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

ATHY, Wednesday.

Mrs. Mary Doyle, who died at Skerries, Athy, had reached the age of 104. She had nine children, one of whom, a daughter, is seventy years of age. She was buried in the family burial ground at Fortstown.

The herring fishing and the cod line fishing still continue fairly good at Arklow. The prices for herrings is 22s. per mease, and the average catch in the cod line fishing is from 20 to 30 boxes per night.

Dead Rent Collector.

Sureties Not Liable.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Wednesday.

A CASE of considerable interest to public bodies was heard at Dundalk Circuit Court to-day, when the Dundalk Urban Council sought to recover £43 17s. from Edward Drummond and Andrew Rogers on foot of a bond of surety for the late Thomas Mulholland, a rent collector for the Council.

It was stated in court that the late Thomas Mulholland had been a rent collector for the Urban Council for thirty years, and had been looked upon by the Council as a respectable and honest man. Towards the end of his collection it was discovered that he had been embezzling money raised for rent. His books were checked every week, the system of checking being that the collector produced his rental, in which was entered up the amount of rent which he alleged he received, and also produced bank receipts for the money which he had lodged. Apparently Mulholland had been getting rent from a certain tenant, entering the amount in the tenant's pass-book and not returning it in his rental. This went on for a long time, and when he was dismissed it was found that many tenants who had paid rent regularly were shown as being in arrears.

ARREARS.

Following a report from the auditor it was then that there were large arrears, and while the auditor conveyed the impression that sufficient diligence was not being shown he did not suggest dishonesty. A new Town Clerk (Mr. O'Mahony) had been appointed, and shortly after he took up office he suspended the collector.

For the Council, Mr. Roe, barrister-at-law, contended that at the time the sureties made themselves liable for this man the system of checking his accounts was that which had been in vogue for fifteen years, and they should have known the system.

Mr. Campbell, barrister-at-law, argued that the defalcations had been possible owing to negligence and an improper system of checking the accounts, and if by negligence the Council had permitted a loss to occur they could not recover on foot of the bond under which the sureties were bound.

JUDGE'S VIEW.

Judge Devitt said that the duty of the Council was to see that their collector was diligent, as otherwise they would be at a loss. They had never intimated to the sureties that the collector was not banking all the money he had received, and nobody could say that the system of checking the books was a satisfactory one. The Council had simply taken the man's own word and his own books, and when the crash came they found that they had been living simply in a fool's paradise. How could the sureties be held responsible when the Council had not done what the law required them to do—to have a proper check kept on the books and on their own accounts? He dismissed the case with costs.

Tramway Manager.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

BELFAST, Wednesday.

It was reported at to-day's meeting of the Belfast Tramways Committee that twelve applications had been received in response to the committee's advertisement for the appointment of a general manager and engineer to the tramways undertaking, which includes omnibuses, and these were referred to a sub-committee for consideration and report.

Boy's Death.

Evidence at Inquest.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Wednesday.

A FIGHT between two little boys going to school was investigated at an inquest in Dundalk to-day, concerning the death of Kevin McGeown, aged eight and a half years, of Ballymakellets, near Dundalk. His mother stated that on January 16th the boy complained of a pain and soreness in his leg, and he complained that while going to school with another boy he had been hit in the stomach. The other schoolboy was James White, and was about ten years of age. Both boys had been great friends, and went to school together.

Annie Hanlon, a schoolgirl, said that the boys endeavoured to catch the bus by which they generally travelled, but the bus did not stop. White threw a stone at Kevin McGeown, and Kevin flung one back. White said: "Come on and fight," and then hit Kevin in the stomach. The boy began to cry a little and witness took him home.

Dr. Lavery said that he saw the boy, and concluded he was suffering from an acute abdominal condition, which would require surgical treatment. Dr. Clarke and witness saw the boy, and, while they were in agreement as to the abdominal state, they were doubtful if the lad was in a physically fit condition to be operated on. The boy was also suffering from a septic throat.

Dr. Clarke said he concluded that the boy was not fit to be operated on owing to the debilitated condition of his heart, which was caused by the toxemia from the throat. He died from acute toxemia from the throat infection and acute inflammation of the abdominal cavity.

The Coroner (Mr. Murphy) said that he would find that the boy died from natural causes. No one would consider that the little blow given in child's play had any effect in causing the boy's death.

Technical Rate.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

WICKLOW, Wednesday.

Reporting to the County Wicklow Vocational Education Committee, Mr. H. Painting, Chief Executive Officer, pointed out that Wicklow Urban Council had not lodged its second half of the technical rate for the current year, despite numerous appeals to do so, to enable the Committee to qualify for the special grant of £300 from the Department to carry out the alterations and improvements at the Wicklow School, now almost completed.

Mr. J. Everett, T.D., mentioned that the Council had trouble collecting the rates owing to trade depression; and Mr. C. M. Byrne asked the Council representatives on the Committee to use their influence to have the lodgment made, for it would be a pity if they lost the grant.

Mr. Byrne proposed a resolution asking the representatives of the Council to use their influence to have the lodgment made, meantime adjourning further consideration.

The Rev. Canon Moore made a similar appeal.

A Reuter message from Toulon states that two torpedo boats moored off Hyeres came into collision owing to the force of the mistral wind on Tuesday night. One of them, the Fougeux, sustained a large hole in the hull.

Lady Ashley

TELLS HOW SHE SAFEGUARDS HER ALABASTER SKIN

[EDMUND HARRINGTON

At the end of an evening's dancing, Lady Ashley's skin is always fresh-looking, velvety-smooth . . . for "I find that Pond's Vanishing Cream holds powder beautifully," she says.

*

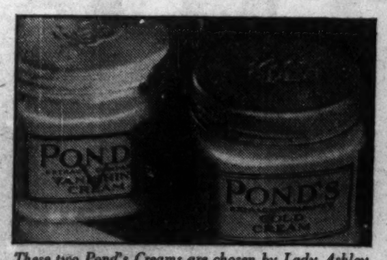
LADY ASHLEY, *wife of the heir to the Earl of Shaftesbury. A famous English photographer says of Lady Ashley: "She has an extraordinary beautiful figure, expressive hands, wavy corn-coloured hair and a true alabaster complexion."*

TALL and slim, with golden hair, gentian-blue eyes and alabaster skin. This is Sylvia, young wife of Lord Ashley, heir to the Earl of Shaftesbury.

Lady Ashley's favourite amusement is yachting, and because she delights in the sea—in the hot sun of the Riviera—young Lady Ashley gives scrupulous attention to her lovely complexion, keeps it always dewy fresh.

"My skin is very fair," she points out, "and I have to take especial care to guard it from exposure. I find that Pond's suits my skin so perfectly that I use nothing else. The Cold Cream soothes and cleanses. The Vanishing Cream gives a delicate,

[DOROTHY WILDING



These two Pond's Creams are chosen by Lady Ashley to cleanse and protect her exquisite skin

protective covering and holds powder beautifully."

This is the way Lady Ashley uses Pond's Two Creams:

To soften and cleanse the skin, apply *Pond's Cold Cream* generously over face and neck every night . . . and always after exposure to sun or wind. Let the pure oils sink deep into the pores, floating the dirt to the surface.

Wipe off with Pond's Cleansing Tissues, soft, super-absorbent. Now your skin is immaculately clean. Many skins need a repetition of the cleansing process.

Always follow this treatment again in the morning or whenever convenient during the day. If your skin is rough or dry, add more cream after cleansing and leave it on overnight. You will waken with a skin as soft as satin.

Use Pond's Vanishing Cream to protect your skin . . . to give it a velvety finish. "I have found the fragrant Vanishing Cream to be a perfect protection for my skin.—A delightful powder base . . . ," says lovely Lady Ashley. This fragrant Cream safeguards the skin and keeps it from coarsening.

Rub the Vanishing Cream into your hands, too—it keeps them soft and smooth.

Pond's Skin Freshener is a delightful tonic for the skin. Pat briskly over the face after the cleansing with cold cream, to banish oiliness and to close and reduce the pores. You can buy Pond's preparations at all stores and chemists.

For sample tubes of both creams, send 2d. in stamps in a sealed envelope to:—
Dept. AW3 POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY
103 St. John Street, London, E.C.1

Name _____

Address _____

A DISTINGUISHED RECORD.

MR. COSGRAVE AND ROCKWELL COLLEGE.

IMPORTANT ROLE OF THE UNION.

THE year 1929-30 had been a remarkable year in the history of Rockwell College, said the Very Rev. Dr. Crehan, when responding to the toast of the college at the annual dinner of the Rockwell College Union, which was held in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, last night. The President of the Union, Mr. P. J. Duffy, presided over a large attendance, which assembled in one of the rooms, tastefully decorated with the college colours of royal blue and white nicely displayed.

Mr. Cosgrave, President of the Executive Council, proposing the toast of the college, said that Rockwell College was one of the foremost of a number of similar institutions in this country which appealed to the interests and pride of every Irishman who had at heart the prestige of his country's educational progress. It had held proudly to Catholic tradition and teachings, and it had equipped the students consigned to its charge with knowledge and wisdom to befit them in life's manifold callings. That great college, which now housed a population of over five hundred, had its beginning sixty-six years ago in a community of one priest, two prefects and four brothers. He was glad to learn that the number of boys joining the scholasticate year by year continued to increase. Rockwell also had a great athletic tradition, as well as a distinguished educational record. Its athletic history was adorned with names which were household words in Ireland. To-day the college was so popular that its President, the Very Rev. Dr. Crehan, had been compelled to refuse, at least, fifty applications for admission as pupils each year in recent years.

The Very Rev. Dr. Crelan, responding, spoke of the success of the college during the year 1929-30, and said that that year had been a remarkable year in the history of the college. The college was very proud of the Union, and would endeavour to give the Union reason to be proud of their old college. (Applause.)

The Lord Mayor, proposing the toast of Rockwell College Union, said that he knew and admired more than one of Ireland's secondary schools through the men whom he met in his own city every day in every walk of life. In Dublin he met very many past students of Rockwell College, invariably at, or very near, the top of their various branches of activity, and everywhere an honour and an asset to their old school. It had been his lot, particularly during the past few months, to come to realise what an important rôle a union such as their's must play in their civic and national life.

The President of the Union responded.

Mr. T. Cleary proposed the toast of the guests.

Professor O'Sullivan, Free State Minister for Education, who responded, said that one of the greatest tributes that could be paid to the College was the devotion of its past pupils. Speaking of education, he said that the Ministry of Education were in charge of the curriculum, but in the last analysis the great success of education in this country was due to the schools. Education meant something a great deal more than mere learning. The instruction received at school was only part; the school stood for more, and that was why the Church attached such importance to school control. Rockwell was an example of the solution of that difficulty: it did first-class work for the Church and for the State.

Amongst those present were Professor O'Sullivan, Minister for Education; Mr. F. Lynch, Minister for Lands and Fisheries; Mr. M. Heffernan, Parliamentary Secretary, Department of Posts and Telegraphs; the Very Rev. Dr. Harnett, Provincial; the Very Rev. Dr. McQuaide, President, Blackrock College; the Very Rev. Dr. O'Neill, President, St. Mary's College; the Very Rev. H. M. Evans, President, Kimmage Manor; the Very Rev. Dean Innocent Ryan, Cashel; Senator Barniville, Dr. J. B. Magennis, Surgeon Kennedy, the Rev. J. O'Connor, Youghal; the Rev. J. Feunelly, the Rev. M. K. Whelan, the Very Rev. F. M. Ryan, P.P., Athy; the Rev. D. Delaney, the Very Rev. Dr. Fitzpatrick, the Rev. T. Grogan, the Rev. W. M. Mackey, the Rev. W. Deasy, Mr. C. McGloughlin, Chairman, Dublin Port and Docks Board; Mr. J. P. McAvin, Dr. A. Butler, Dr. Spain and Dr. A. Butler.

MOUNT SACKVILLE UNION.

ANNUAL DANCE.

UNDER the auspices of the Mount Sackville College Union, the third annual dance was held in the Metropole Ballroom, Dublin. There was a good attendance of past pupils of the college, and "spot" dance prizes, caps and favours, added to the evening's enjoyment.

There were present:—Mrs. O'Brien (President), who was in a sapphire blue satin frock, with a black velvet coatee; Mrs. Fitzgerald (Treasurer) was wearing a black net gown, spotted with gold; Miss McLaughlin came in a black beaded georgette frock, while Mrs. Gorevan (Vice-president) wore a lovely gown of pale pink georgette. Black lace and ninon was worn by Miss Beatrice Mathews; Miss Claire Hurley also wore black lace, while Miss Fanny Hurley was in a black georgette frock. Miss Crean was wearing a pink lace ensemble; Miss Kathleen Darling's gown was of white taffeta; Miss Harrington was in a frock of blue georgette, and Mrs. Leahy came in an apricot taffeta frock. Miss Walsh was gowned in black georgette, with diamante trimmings; Miss Finola Harrington yellow taffeta, and Miss K. Caulfield a white satin frock.

A black tulle and brocaded toilette was worn by Miss May Keane, and Miss Cusack's frock was of cerise georgette and brocade. Mrs. P. J. Dempsey was wearing black lace; Mrs. Head white velvet and tulle, and Miss Higginbotham a frock of blue lace. Emerald green georgette was chosen by Miss J. Caulfield; Miss Hallfican was in a pretty beige lace, and Miss O'Hagan wore a coral-coloured frock.

STAMPS OF MALTA.

The Mint Stamp Company, of 74 Grafton street, Dublin, submit the current set of Malta which was placed on sale at Valetta on the 26th October last. The issue is apparently the third attempt of the Postal authorities to get a set of stamps suitable for all requirements, and is noteworthy in that it is an exact reproduction of the original set issued from 1926 to 1927, but has the inscription on each stamp, "Postage and Revenue," whereas the plates first used were inscribed "Postage" only. On the 1st October, 1928, the first issue (postage only) were all overprinted with the words "Postage and Revenue," in black on the lower values and in red on the higher values.

The values of the present issue are identical with the original issue, and consist of ½d., ½d., 1d., 1½d., 2d., 2½d., 3d., 4d., 4½d., 6d., 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s., 5s., and 10s. The designs are all very fine, and quite up to the usual standard of excellent work of the printers, Messrs. Waterlow and Sons, Ltd. The selling value of the set of 11 (½d. to 1s.) is 4s. 2d. Our illustration of the 1s. stamp shows an excellent view of Valetta Harbour. Malta up to date is the possessor of one Air stamp—viz., the 6d. value of the first type of this issue, with overprint in block letters "Air Mail." Supplies are still available at Valetta; therefore, it may be presumed that for the present the new 6d. value will not be overprinted.

Mr. Noel Coward, author, playwright, and composer, appeared at *The Times* Square Theatre, New York, on Tuesday night, in his play, "Private Lives," with Miss Gertrude Lawrence. The American papers praise the writer's wit and his gift for dramatic climax. The play was very well received.—(Reuter.)

ARAN ISLANDS AND MAINLAND.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY CONNECTION.

It was stated at the Department of Posts and Telegraphs, Dublin Castle, yesterday, that wireless telegraphy is to play a part in connecting the Aran Islands with the mainland.

The present communication is by oceanic cable which is in three sections. The longest line of cable is between Galway and the largest island, Inishmore. This island is connected with Inishmaan by a line which runs under Gregory's Sound, and Inishmaan is in turn joined with the smallest of the group, Inisheer.

Some months ago the Gregory's Sound cable section was severed by submarine agencies, and both Inishmaan and Inisheer, although able to communicate with each other, were out of touch with the mainland.

The Department proposes, not to renew this cable section, but rather to establish two wireless telegraph stations, one at Kilronan, on Inishmore, and another at Inishmaan, and in this way to solve the difficulty without scrapping the remaining sections.

Engineers were despatched from Dublin on Wednesday morning, and instructions forwarded to the Aran authorities to make the inhabitants familiar with the Morse system of code messages.

"Although wireless installation is expensive," an official stated, "the laying of cable is more so, and cable is always subject to breakage on the Atlantic coast during the winter months."

The innovation is not a new one, having already been tried with great success in the case of Clare Island and Inishbofin. Both these islands and the Aran group are connected with the local station at Clifden.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE.

SUCCESSFUL DANCE IN DUBLIN.

LAST night in the Aberdeen Hall of the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, the members of the Dublin Branch of the Royal Society of St. George held a very enjoyable dance. This was the first of many united functions of the kindred societies of St. George, the Companions of St. Patrick, St. Andrew, and St. David. The male members of the society wore the Order of St. George, and their poplin waistcoats of St. Patrick's blue looked imposing.

MR. A. HEWETT.

Some lovely frocks were noticed. Mrs. Hewett wore a lovely black embroidered shawl, with her gown of black lace; Mrs. Stanley Hewett came in a frock of powder blue satin, while Mrs. Norman Hewett was wearing a smart black velvet frock. A becoming gown of black Chantilly lace and satin was worn by Mrs. Elson; Mrs. Bates was in a black and gold ensemble, with a gold lace coatee: Mrs. Shaw's gown was of royal blue, and Mrs. Scholfield came in a striking gown of white net, trimmed with bows of black velvet. Mrs. Frank Jones was wearing a black toilette, while Miss Lee also came in black. Miss Hopkins favoured white georgette, and Miss Eva Thompson wore a pretty frock of red flowered chiffon.

Mrs. Nuthall came gowned in a smart black lace *ensemble*, while Miss Betty Nuthall was wearing a graceful gown of delphinium blue georgette, trimmed with silver beads. Miss Meares wore a lovely *eau-de-nil* georgette frock, while Miss Clarrie Meares came in a soft white net frock, with a coatee to match. Lady Robinson's gown was of pale shell-pink satin. Miss Butler's gown was in powder blue. Mrs. Redmond wore black, with *diamanté* trimmings. Miss Burke Kennedy came in a pink velvet and white net *ensemble* and Mrs. Paul was in a lovely gown of flame-coloured georgette.

MISS NUTHALL.

Also present were:—Mr. Albert Hewett (president), Mr. F. W. Elson (vice-president), Mr. W. Meaden (hon. secretary), Mr. Frank Jones (hon. treasurer), Mr. A. B. Shaw (almoner), Mr. Donald Beaven, Mr. Norman Hewitt, Mr. Stanley Hewett, Sir Thomas Robinson, Mr. Wood Latimer, Mr. W. King, Mr. W. Lee, Mr. Leadbetter, Mr. and Mrs. Sangster, Mr. C. F. Deffee, Mr. G. Bate, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Bowsman, Mr. Shanahan, Mr. George Ryce, Mr. William Findlater, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Butler, Mr. Morgan Good, Dr. and Mrs. Waugh, Dr. P. D. B. Spence.

DUBLIN HAIRDRESSERS' GUILD.

ELECTION OF COMMITTEE.

The annual general meeting of the Master Hairdressers' Guild was held on Tuesday evening in the Hall, 56 Harcourt street, Dublin—Mr. James Keeley in the Chair.

The financial statement submitted by the Hon. Treasurer (Mr. Myles Keogh) showed that the guild was in a flourishing condition. The balance-sheet, as audited by Messrs. O'Toole and Collins, was adopted unanimously.

The annual election of the Executive Committee, which was by ballot, resulted as follows:—President, Mr. Hubert Frost; Vice-President, Mr. James Keeley; Treasurer, Mr. Myles Keogh; Secretary, Mr. Laurence Keogh; Trustees, Mr. Charles Ashley and Mr. John Lennon; Auditors, Mr. William Macken and Mr. Rudolf A. Forster; Committee, Messrs. J. J. Fitzgerald, P. J. Collins, J. O'Toole, M. Marin, E. Kent, J. Mallon and J. MacMahon.

AN IRISHMAN'S DIARY.

Influenza at Geneva : Mr. E. B. Peyton : An Irish Oar : Prince Charlie
Bangor's Telephones : Sir Frederick Cowen : Candid Criticism.
The Kaiser's Horse.

'Flu at Geneva.

The Free State's delegation to the meeting of the Council of the League of Nations has been very unfortunate. Two of its members have fallen victims to the epidemic of "*la grippe*," which is raging in Geneva. Mr. J. J. Hearne, the legal adviser to the Department of External Affairs, was the first to succumb, but he was soon followed by Mr. McGilligan. Fortunately, the influenza from which they are suffering is not of a dangerous type, but the Minister has had a fairly serious attack. Mr. Sean Lester, the Free State's permanent representative at Geneva, assisted by Mr. Walshe and Mr. Boland, who have been lucky enough to escape the disease—at least, so late as the end of last week—has had, therefore, an exceptionally heavy and responsible task to discharge.

An Irish Oarsman.

Irish rowing enthusiasts will have particular interest in the selection of the Cambridge crew for this year; for Mr. D. St. J. Gogarty, who is strongly in the running for a "Blue" this year, is a son of Senator Gogarty.

MR. ST. J. GOGARTY.

There is considerable doubt whether last year's "No. 3" will be able to resume his place in the boat, and in his absence the position will probably be filled by either Mr. D. St. J. Gogarty or Mr. C. J. S. Sergel.

Mr. Gogarty, who was educated at Downside, is captain of the Pembroke crew, and has had considerable experience of rowing at Cambridge, where he was selected to row in the Trial Eights both last year and the year before.

The Kaiser's Superstitions.

With reference to my recent paragraph on the ex-Kaiser's superstitions, a correspondent writes as follows:—

There was one tradition in the Hohenzollern family which is said to have particularly disturbed the Kaiser. The tradition was that three Emperors would reign in a single year. The third of these, it was said, would have six sons and would cause the destruction not only of the Hohenzollerns, but of the whole German family.

The Kaiser came to the throne in the year in which his grandfather died and his father reigned. I am uncertain as to the exact number of the Kaiser's sons—I believe there were actually only five—but there is no doubt that the Kaiser certainly fulfilled the third prediction.

It was also said that when the Emperor of Germany mounted his horse from the wrong side the German Empire would be plunged in disaster. The Kaiser, owing to the deformity of his left arm, was always compelled to do this.

Two Bulls.

Here are two "bulls" which were related to me by a bank manager in the country. He was interviewing one of his customers, a successful local farmer. Both had sons abroad, and in the exchange of inquiries the conversation turned on the young people of to-day. The farmer was lubious. He considered that the youth of the present day was too fond of pleasure and afraid of hard work. "What would our grandmothers say if they were alive now?" inquired the bank manager. Whereupon the farmer drew himself up. "Why, if the old people were alive to-day," he exclaimed, "shure they'd turn in their graves."

The other bull concerned a man who, attending a large and elaborate funeral, remarked to a friend: "This world is a queer place. Now, if I died to-night, and walked the streets to-morrow, I wouldn't get one to bury me."

A Musician's Youth.

Sir Frederick Hymen Cowen, the famous musical conductor and composer of scores of songs, some of which, like "The Better Land," are world-famous, enters his eightieth year to-day. He still hopes for many years of health and work, since he comes of a very long-lived family and believes that he has found the secret of keeping young—which is "never to lose a sense of fun." Despite the craze for amusement, he declares, real fun seems to have rather gone out of fashion, and folk take their play, especially golf, tennis, and so forth, far too seriously. In his younger days, he recalls, he and his friends—including George Grossmith, Francis Burnand, and many other famous players, artists, writers and musicians—were "never afraid of behaving like children: we did all manner of nonsensical things that would stamp one to-day as an incorrigible idiot; but we kept our zest for life and its laughter, and so remained young."

Bangor's Progress.

A tolerably safe method of judging a place's growth is by the rate of expansion of its telephones. I see that in Bangor, County Down, the number of subscribers has nearly doubled in the last five years. The present exchange, which is installed in a private house, is unable to cope with the demand, and an imposing new building will be erected in the centre of the town to house the new exchange and to accommodate a substantially increased staff. Bangor can boast that it was a place of very great importance in early times. Bangor Abbey, founded about 555, was for centuries one of the most eminent seminaries in Europe. During the ninth century the place was a favourite marauding ground of the Danes. The inhabitants were incorporated by a Charter of James I. in 1613 under the style of "The Provost, Free Burgesses and Commonalty of Bangor." The borough returned two members to the Irish Parliament until the Union, when £15,000 was granted for the abolition of the franchise.

A Relic of Prince Charlie.

I see that an exhibition of Scottish antiques and historic treasures is to be opened by Mr. John Buchan in London next week. The exhibits will include brooches, ornaments, dirks, royal jewels, some embroidery—made by Mary Queen of Scots when she was a prisoner—Prince Charlie's blue ribbon garters, and the pattern of a female dress which he wore during his escape to the Hebrides after Culloden. The story of that famous escape may be found in many Jacobite novels, but no novelist has told it better than James Boswell in "A Tour to the Hebrides." Boswell heard most of the details from Flora Macdonald when he visited her house at Skye with Dr. Johnson in 1773. Prince Charlie, as it is told, accompanied Flora Macdonald in an open boat to Skye. He "passed as her supposed maid by the name of Betsy Bourke, an Irish girl." Boswell lost none of the drama of the tale or of its setting—"To see Dr. Samuel Johnson, the great champion of the English Tories, salute Miss Flora Macdonald in the isle of Sky was a striking sight."

Gypsy Cures.

The gypsies have long been famed for their ointments and salves. Not very long ago a man who had consulted several doctors without being cured of erysipelas consented to try an ointment prescribed by an old gypsy woman, and was so much impressed by its efficacy that he published the circumstances and gave the ingredients of the ointment. In Ireland it is sometimes said that certain tinker bands would "take the cross off an ass's back"; but, perhaps, they are doing it in connection with one of their charms against whooping cough. "Take clippings from the hair of the cross on an ass's back," the gypsy remedy says, "put them in a bag, and hang them about the child's neck until the cough is cured. This is infallible." Another cure for this complaint is to "cut a little hair from the back of the child's head, put it between two bits of bread, and throw to a dog. He will eat it, and the cough will disappear."

An Irish Peer.

That Anne Boleyn, King Henry VIII.'s second choice, was beheaded with the axe upon which visitors to the Tower of London have gazed in fascination for years was only one of the many historical illusions destroyed by Viscount Dillon, who celebrates his eighty-seventh birthday this week. The seventeenth holder of an Irish peerage which dates back to 1622, Lord Dillon began his career as an ensign in the Rifle Brigade. His passion for antiquarian research, however, led him to resign the Army. He was for many years Chairman of the Trustees of the National Portrait Gallery, and was formerly a Trustee of the British Museum, while from 1892 to 1913 he was Curator of the Tower of London Armouries. In the latter capacity his knowledge enabled him to discriminate between genuine antiquities and skilful fakes. Viscount Dillon is one of the greatest living authorities on ancient armour and costume.

"Beach-Combing."

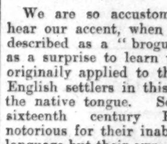
America, once called the land of opportunity, may now, surely, be called the land of queer trades. I am told that two men in California have acknowledged the making of a fortune by "beach-combing." Having lost some money from his pocket when lounging on a sunny beach of the Pacific coast, one of them had a bright idea. He invented a species of sand-plough, and "combed" the beach every night when the holiday-makers had departed. His scheme was so successful that he took another man into partnership, and acquired the exclusive right to "comb" all the beaches within a certain area. Together they collect from four to thirty dollars in cash, not to mention jewellery and curios, every night, and, as they charge a fee for returning any identifiable property, it will soon be seen that they have hit on a really good money-making business.

'Austria's Queen" in Meath.

Recent references to the Langford family seat, Summerhill, Co. Meath, recall the ill-fated Empress Elizabeth of Austria. The Empress was accustomed to stay at Summerhill during her visits to Ireland for the hunting season. She was an extremely capable horsewoman, and her prowess with the Meath Hounds taxed all the verbal resources of a sporting journalist. He described, in the style which abhors repetition, how the Empress took the fences. At the first fence the rider was "Her Imperial Highness"; at the second she was "the Empress"; another mighty leap was taken by "Austria's Queen," while at the fourth fence she had become merely "the Royal equestrienne." After that either the reporter's stock of synonyms ran out or he felt that dignity must give way to the *mot juste*. The next fence was taken by "the imperial ten-stone-two."

A New Flag.

The new headquarters ground of the Irish Hockey Union, I am told, will be the scene of a very interesting event to-morrow, when Munster play Ulster in the annual inter-provincial series of trials. Mr. T. S. C. Dagg, the President of the Union, will unfurl the new flag presented by the Munster branch. It is rather interesting to learn that the flag was made by Mr. A. Tedford at Belfast. Mr. Tedford was the great Malone Rugby forward, who figured prominently on the Irish fifteens from 1902 to 1908.



MR. T. S. C. DAGG.

Mr. E. B. Peyton.

Very few men, having reached the age of seventy years, are able to ride to hounds; yet this is the achievement of Mr. Basil Peyton, the veteran master of the Bray Harriers. He informed me that he attained his seventy-second birthday this week, and is still fit for the arduous duties of his office. Mr. Peyton spent the earlier years of his life in England, and, on coming to Ireland, acted as Master of the Edenderry Harriers for six seasons. He has governed the Bray pack for six years, and has proved a most popular master. Mr. Peyton is gifted with extraordinary energy, and was a prominent guest at the recent hunt ball, where he danced with enthusiasm during the night.

Dramatic Criticism.

After reading a trenchant criticism of a new play, I took up a volume of "The Dramatic Argus," a pamphlet published daily in Dublin just after the opening of the old Theatre Royal, to "deliver opinions on any individual who might appear in that national theatre." The critic certainly was candid, and, doubtless, sometimes impartial. He dismissed the tragedy of "Jane Shore" with the information that it "went off" with wonderful celerity, being concluded by nine o'clock. "There was no particular interest in the performance, however, to cause any great wish for protraction." Of another production he wrote: "We felt it quite useless to visit the theatre last night . . . as we would have been as little amused by the performance as our readers would be by our unavoidably tedious remarks on it."

Mr. McKeon, who had appeared in "The Marriage of Figaro," was informed that he must not fancy that the audience preferred seeing him in the part of Mr. McKeon to that in which he was announced to appear. I think that the critic must have been anxious for all the proprieties to be conserved. Writing of the performance of the comedy, "The Poor Gentleman," he pointed out that it was not decorous of Mr. Farren to place his arm across the shoulder of "Miss Lucretia."

The "Brogue."

We are so accustomed in Ireland to hear our accent, when speaking English, described as a "brogue" that it comes as a surprise to learn that the word was originally applied to the attempts of the English settlers in this country to speak the native tongue. So far back as the sixteenth century Englishmen were notorious for their inability to speak any language but their own, and their attempts to reproduce the guttural sounds of Irish led the natives to believe that they were tongue-tied, or "barrog." This word means literally "a bond on the tongue"; hence stammering or stuttering in Irish was called speaking with a brogue. How the meaning became inverted, so that the term is now applied to Irishmen speaking English, history does not relate, and I cannot guess.

QUIDNUNC.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The letter of your correspondent, "W. J. L.," which appeared in your issue of the 26th inst., will, I have no doubt, contribute very solidly to the restoration of harmony betwixt the North and the South. I am an Ulster Scot (though one of a family which, so far as I have been able to ascertain, has not included a single Orangeman for generations past), and I can assure you that "W. J. L.'s" letter made me feel ashamed of being an Ulsterman. I realised at once that I had committed a very serious crime in emerging into this world in a part of Ireland where the Irish language was neither spoken nor even until now a compulsory subject in school or college. The conciliatory tone of "W. J. L.'s" letter will be much appreciated when it is read in the North, and the early dissolution not only of Orange lodges and other such-like nests of Ulster bigotry and intolerance, but of the Northern Ireland Parliament, after it has finally voted itself into the Free State, may be confidently expected.

It is the want of oil upon the troubled waters, such as "W. J. L.'s" letter exhibits, that has suffered the North and South to misunderstand each other for so long. Were "W. J. L." to undertake an apostolic lecturing tour in the North, he would ere long see the tear wiped away from Erin's eye, and have the satisfaction of knowing that he had deserved well of his country.—Yours, etc.,

JOHN OLIVER.

Dolgelley, Merionethshire,
January 27th, 1931.

DEPRESSION AND EXPENDITURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—While Mr. Webb's letter stimulates thought, it curiously ignores the most vital factor in the economic situation. That factor is machinery. Every departing year leaves our world more mechanised—quite noticeably even in one parish, colossally in some countries, and catastrophically in the grand aggregate. Until recently the ingenuity of capital—misplaced, perhaps—was able to counteract its Robots by devising new Robots. A farm hand is displaced from the fields. Never mind. Give him a job in a motor works, and, when that in turn adopts new labour-saving plant, he can drift along into a gramophone record factory. Throughout the last hundred years that more there has been an unfaltering march of invention, accompanied by territorial expansions and by a prodigious increase of luxury and luxuries. Very soon the most primitive savage will be donning earphones, even though a loin-cloth be his only other adornment. Obviously there must be some limit to all this. The multiplication of machines goes on apace, although the collective industries of the world must be at, or near, saturation point, and every country runs around in rings like a dog chasing its tail, in frantic efforts to capture its neighbours' markets. Again, territorial expansion is about taboo till the next great war, while the further economic relief to be expected from science may be expressed by the algebraic "x." Production can feed men, but men cannot feed enough machines.

In face of this situation Mr. Webb urges me to buy more than I need; boots he mentions, for example. If, in a spirit of befogged charity, I buy more boots than I need, I simply leave my poorer neighbour unable to buy even as many as he needs, by helping to raise the price. My unhappy children must be forced to wear boots in July, or even in bed, in order to leave his offspring barefoot in December. Will the boot combine return the compliment by eating more Donegal eggs than it can properly digest? Not at all! They, in turn, may boost the price of trousers sky-high by buying more than they require, thus leaving us to trot naked over our bogs; and how will that help our depression?

Of course, Mr. Webb is on safe ground in stating that a decline of English industry reacts to some extent on Irish trade; but, for England herself, a moderate wane in her urban industries might prove a blessing ultimately. No thoughtful traveller in that country can fail to be saddened by the utter lack of balance between the appalling, bloated cities and the vacant villages, beautiful even in decay. Were England wise, she would reflect, even now at the eleventh hour, that agriculture is still her greatest industry and her most precious asset, and would reflect also that—

A bold peasantry, its country's pride,
When once destroyed can never be supplied.

Whether in Ireland or New Ireland, in New England, Old England, or in Golden Samarkand, the fact must be faced that civilisation decrees that henceforth one mechanic in a day shall oust the labour of ten, twenty or one hundred manual workers, thereby leaving them incapable of buying his machine's output. Perhaps, one may reasonably ask: "What is civilisation going to do about it?" Talk of Frankenstein!—Yours, etc.,

F. L. TOWNSEND.

Moville, Co. Donegal,
January 27th, 1931.

THE HEALTH OF THE POOR.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The health of the poor will be at issue in the Corporation on Monday next, when Councillor Thomas Kelly moves that the Town Clerk be requested to have the Public Health Acts enforced and all basements closed as dwellings which do not comply with Section 83 of the Act of 1878. A number of these basement kitchens were closed about 1912-13, but since then they have been re-opened, and at least 2,000, or a greater number, must now be inhabited as dwellings owing to the cruel shortage of housing. Twenty-five years ago, when there was less over-crowding and much cheaper food than at present, the annual death rate *per* 1,000, which was 16.1 for the middle-class and 16.7 amongst artisans and small shopkeepers, rose to 30.2 for the general service class. The infantile mortality stood at 2.7 *per* 1,000 for middle-class infants, 4.8 for the children of artisans, etc., and 12.7 for the children of labourers, hawkers and porters. Conditions were very bad then; for I well remember hearing Alderman Dr. McWalter say during a discussion in the Council that no workingman who fell ill of the simplest illness dare remain in his own home in a Dublin tenement—the sanitary conditions were so dangerous. They had to be removed to hospital at once.

Now conditions are infinitely worse, and the present urgent duty is to re-establish the law, and to set to work to build without ceasing for the victims of such action. The Public Health Act penalises impure food up to £20 an article, or three months' imprisonment without the option of a fine. To be forced to breathe poisoned air, to live in humid rooms, with leaking drains, and to pay up to 5s. for so dark and damp a kitchen that the little ones lose the sight of their eyes and the elders cannot escape disabling disease, is more dangerous still. This is what our civic experts call economy! There is no choice left to Dublin. We must build, and we had better start at once, or reveal to the whole civilised world in 1932 the canker that is eating the heart out of Dublin and, I fear, other cities in Ireland.—Yours, etc.,

S. C. HARRISON.

7 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin,
January 28th, 1931.

CRUELTY TO DOGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Every humane person must be glad that the S.P.C.A. has taken up the export of worn-out horses for butchery. There is another disgraceful cruelty which is common throughout the country, especially at this time of the year—I refer to the wholesale poisoning of dogs by farmers. I have every sympathy with farmers who have their sheep and lambs worried and killed by dogs, but none with most of the people to whom these dogs nominally belong. I have heard of farmers losing a score or more of sheep in this way. I have heard of farmers boasting that they accounted for a score or more of dogs poisoned on their lands. I have complained to neighbouring farmers about their dogs trespassing, and have been told that I could shoot them if I liked.

What is the mentality of people who have dogs and do not trouble to look after or feed them? Surely the dogs can be no company or use to them. The poor brutes have to forage for themselves, and it is no wonder that farmers lose their sheep and lambs. I wonder what proportion of the dogs in the country is licensed. I should think a very small proportion, as I cannot imagine that people who do not look after their dogs will pay for a licence. Therein seems to be the remedy. Every dog-owner should be obliged by law to provide a collar of some sort for his dog, with a licence disc attached. The Civic Guard should be instructed to prosecute the owner if he does not comply. If the Guard cannot find the owner, he should be authorised to destroy the dog. Of course, hounds belonging to some pack would have to be exempt.

Surely the tortured death of a dog that has picked up poison is enough to appeal to the humanity of people, and make them anxious to put a stop to such cruelty.—Yours, etc.,

"FOND OF ANIMALS."

County Dublin, January 28th, 1931.

BROADCASTING.

TO-DAY.

SPECIAL ITEMS.

7.45—Halle Concert (Northern Region).
8. 0—Scandinavian Programme (Dublin).
8. 0—"Edward the Second" (London Regional).

DUBLIN (2RN)—413 Metres.

1.30-2.0 p.m.—Time, Stock Exchange, Weather, Gramophone. 6.15—Dair i dTir na n-Og.—Esme Biddle, "Chinese Jade"; Siobhan Ni Lonain, Betty Byrne. 7.0—Gramaphone. 7.10—News. 7.30—Time. 7.30—Dialogues from "Brush Up Your French," Mlle. M T. Giudicelli and Marcelle O'Connell. 7.45—Talk to Farmers: W. D. Davidson, A.R.C.Sc.I., B.Sc., "The Selection and Care of Seed Potatoes." 8.0—Station Sextet: Nachtige Von Ossian (Gade), Sigurd Jossalfar, Holberg Suite, with Letitia Ennis (soprano)—Hindoo Song (Bemberg), Lovers in the Lane (Lehmann). When she answered me her voice was low (Stanford), Softly sighs the voice of evening (Weber). 8.45—May Kavanagh (trad. fiddle)—Air, The Dear Irish Boy; Jig, The Rakes of Clonmel; Reel, The Broom; Byrne's Hornpipe; The Garden of Daisies. 8.55—Literary and Dramatic Talk, Aodh de Blacam. 9.10—Station Sextet, Carnival Overture (Suppe), Serenade (Borrodine). 9.20—Mike Nonc: Songs at the Piano. 9.30—Sponsored Programme 10.30—Time, News, Weather

BELFAST—242.3 Metres (1,238 Kc.).

10.15-10.30—Daily Service. 2.5—National. 4.30—The Radio Quartet. 5.15—Children's Hour. 6.0—National. 7.45—Light Orchestral Concert—Evelyn Gibb (soprano), Philip Whiteway (violin), The Belfast Wireless Orchestra. 9.0—National. 9.15—Regional News. 9.20—National. 9.35—National. 10.0—National. 10.30-12.0—National.

NATIONAL—1,554.4 Metres (193 Kc.).

10.15 a.m.—Daily Service. 10.30—Time, Shipping. 10.45-11.0—Mrs. Barbara Holmes: "Food that goes bad, and Germs in Food." 12.0—Reginald Foort, at the Organ. 1.0-2.0—Concert: Elaine Pennfold (violin), Adelina Leon (violoncello), Nancy Tyler (pianoforte). 2.5—For Secondary Schools—Dr. Ernest Deissmann: German Reading—L. "Siegfried der Nibelungenheld." 2.25—Reception Test for Schools. 2.30-2.50—Mr. A. Lloyd James: "More about Words and Sounds." 3.0-3.45—Evensong, from Westminster Abbey. 4.5—Mr. E. C. Fore: "Making a Daily Paper." 4.30—Grosvenor House Orchestra. 5.15—Children's Hour. 6.0—Readings from the English Essayists, V. C. Clinton Baddeley, Charles Lamb: "On Roast Pig." 6.15—Weather, First News, London Stock Exchange, Market Prices for Farmers. 6.40—Foundations of Music: Bach Sonatas for Flute and Cembalo, played by Robert Murchie. 7.0-7.20—"New Novels," by Mr. Michael Sadleir. 7.25—"World Finance," Mr. Dennis Robertson: "Financial Doctors." 7.45—Orchestral Concert: Sinclair Logan (baritone), the B.B.C. Orchestra. 9.0—Weather, Second News. 9.15—Shipping, New York Stock Market. 9.20—"The War of the World." Mr. Vernon Bartlett. 9.35—Songs of Herbert Bedford: Esther Coleman (contralto). 10.0—"Stop Press" (2nd Edition). 10.30-12.0—Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 12.0-12.5—Experimental Transmission for the Radio Research Board by the Fultograph Process.

MIDLAND REGIONAL — 479.2 Metres (626 Kc.).

12.0—Ballad Concert—Albert Knight (baritone), Marjorie Hazlehurst (pianoforte), Arthur Gilbert (tenor), Winifred Flavell (violin), Althea Benn (contralto). 1.0—London Regional. 2.0-3.0—Midland Studio Orchestra. 5.15—Children's Hour. 6.0—London Regional. 6.15—Weather, First News. 6.40—London Regional. 7.0—From the Musical Comedies—The Midland Studio Orchestra. 8.0—London Regional. 9.45—Organ Recital, by Dr. Harold Darke (relayed from Coventry Cathedral). 10.15—Weather, Second News. 10.30-10.35—Midland News.

LONDON REGIONAL—356.3 Metres (842 Kc.).

10.15—Daventry National. 11.0-11.30—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (356.3m. vision; 261.3m. sound) 12.0—Midland Regional. 1.0—Shepherd's Bush Pavilion Orchestra. 2.0-3.0—The Midland Studio Orchestra. 4.30—Daventry National. 5.15—Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. 6.15—Weather, First News. 6.40—Mr. L. F. Gibbon: "Commerce and Peacemaker"—IV. 7.0—The Wireless Military Band. 7.12—Andrew Clayton (tenor). 8.0—"Edward the Second," by Christopher Marlowe. Adapted for broadcasting by Dulcima Glastr; produced by Peter Creswell. The persons in the tragedy in the order of their speaking:—Piers Gaveston, the King's favourite; King Edward the Second, Lancaster, the Elder Mortimer, the Youngest Mortimer (his nephew), Kent (brother to the King), Warwick, Bishop of Coventry (archbishop of Canterbury), Queen Isabella, a herald, Pembroke, an attendant, Baldock, the Younger Spencer, Margaret (niece to the King), Arundel, James (servant to Pembroke), the Elder Spencer, Prince Edward, afterwards Edward the Third; Levune, Sir John of Hainault, a messenger, the Abbot of Neath, a mower, Rice Ap Howel, Leicester, Bishop of Winchester, Trussel, Berkeley, Matrevis and Gurney (servants to Young Mortimer), Lightborn, a champion, lords, monks, messengers, soldiers, attendants. 9.45—Violin Recital, by Orrea Pernet. 10.15—Weather, Second News. 10.30—Regional News. 10.35-12.0—Jack Payne and his B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

A CARPET WORTH SEEING.

Thousands of people were again attracted to Clery's store yesterday to see the beautiful carpet which is being presented by the Government of the Free State to His Holiness the Pope. This carpet, which has been hand-woven in Ireland by the Dun Emer Guild, is on exhibition on Clery's grand gallery only until Saturday next.

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THE DUBLIN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

**Photograph taken at the meeting of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce yesterday. Seated (left to right): Senator Sir Walter Nugent, Bart.;

INSURANCE ON AN ASYLUM.

THE SOLVENCY OF COMPANIES.

INFORMATION SOUGHT "IN CONFIDENCE."

MR. C. M. BYRNE presided at a special meeting of the Joint Committee of the Grangegorman Mental Hospital yesterday, which was called to consider the question of the insurance of the property.

Mr. Briscoe, T.D., moved a resolution, that the tenders for fire insurance be submitted for consideration to the Joint Committee at their meeting on February 4th, and that the most suitable tender be provisionally accepted; and that the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Joint Committee, and the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Finance Committee and Councillor Larkin, senior, be empowered to inspect the books of the company whose tender has been provisionally accepted, and obtain in confidence particulars as to the solvency of the company; and, without disclosing the grounds on which their report is based, report to the next ensuing meeting of the Joint Committee, if the information furnished to them is 'satisfactory' or 'not satisfactory'; that, provided this information is reported as being 'satisfactory,' the provisional acceptance of tender by the Joint Committee shall be confirmed, but if the information is reported as 'not satisfactory,' the Joint Committee shall proceed to provisionally accept another tender on the same conditions."

REASON FOR THE MOTION.

Mr. Briscoe said that his object was to secure that the company with which they insured should be Irish, so as to retain in this country as much of the premiums as possible.

Mr. J. Costello seconded the motion.

Mr. Hubbard Clark said there were companies, whether they were English or Scottish, that invested large sums in Ireland, and gave large employment. If the Irish insurance companies had followed the lines of the English and Scottish companies, so many of them would not have gone to the wall.

Mr. James Gately said that he was in favour of supporting Irish insurance companies, and keeping the money at home.

OFFICE COURTESY.

Mr. J. Larkin, senior, said that although one met with more courtesy from the officials of the English and Scottish companies than from those of the Irish companies, still he was strongly in favour of giving the Joint Committee's business to an Irish company, provided they were financially sound.

Mr. P. T. Daly said that the Irish companies were long enough in business to be able to tell the Committee how they stood.

On a division the resolution was carried by 16 votes to 10.

The voting was:—For—Messrs. Briscoe, C. M. Byrne, Cahill, Costello, Coyle, Dardis, Dowling, Fox, Gately, Good, Healy, McGivern, O'Connor, O'Toole, Ryan and Mrs. Clarke.

Against—Alderman Hubbard Clark, Messrs. Daly, Everett, T.D.; Hynes, Larkin, senior; J. Larkin, junior; Gillespie, Lawlor, Tynan and Fogarty.

NORMAN BLOOD GATHERING.

COMING CEREMONIES ON HISTORIC GROUND.

Persons who can prove a claim to Norman blood intend this year to celebrate the fact and do honour to their forbears by assembling in the land of their origin and holding a number of functions there in the month of June.

The movement began in Great Britain, but, of course, it is also interesting to inhabitants of the Irish Free State. They are invited to take part. A tour is being organised by the united Associations of Great Britain and France. The Earl of Derby is President.

The celebrations have been arranged to take place between the 19th and 22nd June next at the historic centres of Caen, Falaise and Bayeux, in Normandy. Several functions have been arranged, the chief of which will be the unveiling of a tablet at the ancient castle of Falaise, the birthplace of William the Conqueror and his predecessors. The tablet will be inscribed with the names of descendants of proved Norman origin.

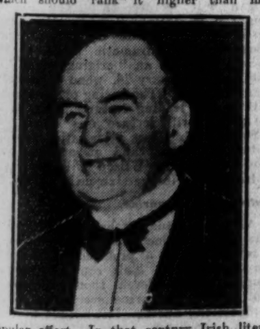
All who wish to have their names inscribed on the tablet should communicate with Professor Macary, General Secretary of the Committee, at Falaise.

IRISH FOLK SONGS.

DUBLIN WRITERS' CLUB.

"The first thing yielded by an examination of Irish folk music was an extraordinary traditional culture," declared Mr. Seamus Clandillon, at the outset of his lecture on "Irish Folk Music," delivered to the Dublin Writers' Club at Jury's Hotel last night.

Mr. Clandillon proceeded:—"I often doubt whether the term 'folk song' is not misapplied," he declared. "In the bulk of the Gaelic poetry of the eighteenth century one discovers a rare poetic skill—an erudition which should rank it higher than mere



popular effort. In that century Irish literature was at its highest, despite such obstacles as poor light, a bad pen and a gnawing hunger which prevented concentration. There were even schools of poetry, and the greatest of these was in County Waterford. Choice of subject was wide, since the Irish at that time were far less insular than they are to-day, every family, owing to political circumstances, having members on the Continent. The spirit of freedom—in fact, the life and culture of the race," declared Mr. Clandillon, in conclusion, "was kept alive mainly by the folk songs."

Mr. Clandillon illustrated his remarks by singing a number of old Irish airs, and was accompanied at the piano by his daughter, Miss Finola Clandillon.

Prizes were presented by the Chairman (Mr. A. E. Malone), and the awards were as follow:—Essay—1, Miss Dorothy Crofton; 2, Mr. Conway. Short Story—1, Mr. Leo Sheridan; 2, Miss Kathleen Garrett. Poetry —1, Miss Deidre McDonnell; 2, Mr. Leslie Foidaken.

LIGHT HUMOUR IN SING SING.

CONVICT ROBS THE GOVERNOR'S SAFE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

OSSINING, NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Sing Sing Prison is in a state of excitement following the discovery that the safe of the Prison Governor has been "cracked" and $50 taken from it.

It is presumed that the convict secured the money and returned to his cell undetected. Every cell has been rigidly searched, but nothing has been discovered.

After reciting the ills she said she had suffered at the hands of her former husband, Mrs. Hulda E. Tingle bequeathed him one dollar "to buy a rope to hang himself with," says Reuter's Philadelphia correspondent. The will stated that he "never supported me, only gave me trouble, and caused my health to fail."—Reuter.

£290,000 FOR CHARITY.

WILL OF SIR OTTO BEIT.

MANY HOSPITALS TO BENEFIT.

SIR OTTO BEIT, Bart., K.C.M.G., of 49 Belgrave square, London, S.W., of Tewin Water, Welwyn, Herts., and of 1 London Wall Buildings, London, E.C., on the board of directors of the British South Africa Co., Rhodesia Railways, Blinkwater Railways, and London Wall Estate, a Trustee of the Rhodes Trust, and founder of the Beit Memorial Scholarship for Medical Research, who died on December 7 last, aged 65 years, has left estate provisionally sworn as of the gross value of £3,784,342 14s. 5d., with net personalty £3,601,247 14s. 5d. He gives £290,000 to the executors for distribution:—£50,000 to King Edward's Hospital Fund, £10,000 to the Charity Organisation Society, £10,000 to Guy's Hospital, £10,000 to the London Hospital, £10,000 to St. George's Hospital, £5,000 to the Homœpathic Hospital; £5,000 to the Society of Friends of Foreigners in Distress; £10,000 to the Central Mining and Investment Corporation, to be applied as to capital and income at the uncontrolled discretion of the Johannesburg managers of that corporation for educational, public and other charitable purposes in Johannesburg; £10,000 to the Royal Society of London; £2,500 to the Children's Sanatorium for the Treatment of Phthisis at Holt, Norfolk; £2,500 to the Seaford Convalescent Home near Newhaven; £10,000 to the University of Cape Town; £25,000 to the Imperial College of Science and Technology, London; £10,000 to the University of Witwatersrand; £5,000 to Strangeways Research Laboratory, Cambridge; and the remainder of the sum of £290,000 for such charitable institutions or objects in England as the executors may see fit.

Lady Beit is to have the use and enjoyment of 49 Belgrave square and Tewin Water, together with an annual income of £50,000.

BRITISH LEGION.

INCHICORE BRANCH MEETING.

Mr. P. J. Lyne, M.C., Chairman, addressing the annual general meeting of the Great Southern Railway's Inchicore Branch of the British Legion, congratulated the Committee on their very good work during the year. A new hall had now been erected for the use of its members, where they could have social gatherings, and which would also be a great help to the members of the local relief committee in the issuing of relief.

The lot of ex-Service men in the Irish Free State was a very difficult one. Had it not been for the help given by the various ex-Service men's organisations and the branches of the British Legion the plight of many ex-Service men would be very bad. The number of ex-Service men placed in employment for the past twelve months by this branch was an excellent tribute of the very great interest taken in the welfare of its members.

A special tribute was paid to the Honorary Secretary, Mr. P. Kavanagh, on his annual progress report and annual return, and to the Honorary Treasurer, Captain J. F. Clark, on his statement of accounts. The balance in bank was £119 8s. 3d. for the period ending September, 1930.

The report and statement of accounts was adopted.

A vote of thanks was passed to Captain G. D. M. Read, and to the Chairman, Captain P. J. Lyne, for their assistance in matters of interest to the branch.

REPLACING WRECKED COTTAGES.

SITE DIFFICULTIES AT GREYSTONES.

In the Carnegie Library, Greystones, yesterday, Mr. P. J. Raftery, B.E., Inspector, Department of Local Government, inquired into the application of the County Wicklow Board of Health for an order confirming an improvement scheme, and for the compulsory acquisition of land from Mr. Fox, Layalecorrig, Greystones.

The Board of Health proposes to erect ten cottages on Mr. Fox's land to provide accommodation for the families whose houses were wrecked last winter during a series of south-easterly gales which swept the north beach of Greystones, where the houses were situated.

Evidence was given by Mr. P. W. Sheehan, Clerk to the Wicklow Board of Health, that Mr. Fox had offered a site for five cottages.

Mr. Battley (instructed by Messrs. Gordon and Sons, solicitors), for Mr. Fox, said that his client's opposition was to the erection of ten cottages instead of five on the proposed site, because so many cottages would interfere with the amenities of Mr. Fox's residence, Coolegad House. They would be in full view of the residence on the main road. Mr. Fox considered that he had been very badly treated. He had made a generous offer of land for five cottages on the side road from Blacklion to Delgany, and the Board now sought to place ten cottages on his land, the value of which they would decrease.

"ONLY SUITABLE SITE."

Mr. C. M. Byrne (Chairman of the Wicklow County Council and Board of Health) said that this was the only suitable site they could get for the people whose homes had been swept away by the storm. They would like to meet Mr. Fox; for he was the first public-spirited man in the district to offer them a site for the erection of five houses.

Answering Mr. Brazil, solicitor (for the Board of Health), Mr. Byrne said that, although their intention was to put ten houses on the site, they did not propose to give half an acre with each house. In the course of his interview with Mr. Fox he gathered that the houses were to be erected on the side road, but he could not say for certain.

Mr. Battley said that the site chosen on which to build the ten cottages was not the site Mr. Fox had offered.

Mr. Everett, T.D., said that they were not taking any more land than the area originally offered by Mr. Fox. They recognised that Mr. Fox was the only public-spirited citizen in Greystones who had offered a site for these houses. They would not build the additional five cottages on his land if another site was available.

Mr. Battley said that Mr. Fox, owing to the way he had been treated, had withdrawn his offer up to that morning to give land on the side road for five cottages, but, as an alternative to the proposal of the Board to erect ten cottages on the main road, he was willing to renew his former offer.

Mr. Fox, giving evidence, denied that he had offered the site now sought by the applicants. If the cottages were erected there it would destroy the potential value of the land as building ground.

This concluded the inquiry.

LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

SPECIAL OFFER TO SCHOOLS.

The forthcoming visit of the London Symphony Orchestra to Dublin will be an event of unique importance musically, and Mr. Lionel Powell, recognising its immense educational value, has decided to offer special facilities to schools. There will be a reduction of 50 per cent. on the prices of all tickets for parties of twenty students and over, and this concession should meet with a considerable response from those interested in the development of music in this country.

DEATH OF MR. J. J. MCMAHON.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

LIMERICK, Wednesday.

The death took place at Limerick last night, after an illness of some duration, of Mr. John J. McMahon, M.P.S.I., in his sixty-first year. For many years he carried on business in William street. He was a native of Ennis, Co. Clare, and brother-in-law of Mr. Jack McAulay, the former international Rugby player.

THE WORKLESS ISLANDS.

DECAY OF ARAN'S CHIEF INDUSTRY.

A CASE FOR STATE HELP.

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.

GALWAY, Wednesday.

THE plight of the inhabitants of the Aran Islands should claim the immediate attention of the authorities in Dublin. The condition of the people on each of the three islands, which have a population of more than two thousand people, is becoming more serious week by week. They are unable to pursue fishing in Galway Bay, which hitherto enabled them to carry on from year to year, and a number of them to-day live in a state of semi-starvation.

NO INDUSTRIES.

The men are anxious to work, but there is no work for them to do. The islands are separated from the mainland by thirty miles of sea, and the hope of establishing industries which would give profitable employment is a very slender one.

At present the only means of communication with the mainland is by the Galway Bay Steamship Company's steamer, Dun Aengus, which, when the weather is favourable, makes two crossings in the week. On these sailings depend the carriage of goods or live stock to or from the mainland, but there are times when only one sailing is possible in the seven days, and, as the people live a hand-to-mouth existence, household provisions then begin to run low.

"MADE" FIELDS.

The small fields to be seen on the islands have been made by the labour of islanders, who carried sand and seaweed from the shore, on which, in time, they were able to grow crops of a kind. The principal crop which is raised is the potato, and in dry years the yield is a poor one. Cattle are reared, but, as the animals have to be taken to Galway by boat and sold at the best price that can be obtained, they are not very profitable, especially as the seller may have to spend some days in the town awaiting the return of his boat to the islands.

Fishing is the staple industry, but in recent years it has become a mere shadow of itself, as the islanders have neither the boats nor the equipment to pursue it. Thus, while foreign fishermen come to Galway Bay and fish it profitably, the islanders must stand idly by and see the fish taken away.

The people of the islands at one time possessed a fleet of fishing boats, in which they successfully carried on the industry, but the boats have gone, and the nets are rotting in the sheds.

PARISH PRIEST'S SUGGESTIONS.

Yesterday I spent some time on the islands investigating the conditions there. I found that there is a considerable amount of poverty and misery. The people are in debt, and have not the money to buy the bare necessaries of life. Many families are doing their best to keep body and soul together on the potatoes which were grown last year.

The Rev. P. Egan, Parish Priest of Inishmore, told me that the people were in a bad way. There is no work for them to do, and, therefore, no money in circulation.

The only hope for the people of the Aran Islands, he added, is the revival of the fishing industry. There are plenty of fish in the bay that are being caught by foreign trawlers, and I think that the Government should place two boats at the disposal of the islanders and let them have the nets, which are now rotting, at a nominal price. This would give the people a chance to recover themselves.

AN ARMED WATCH.

He thought that a boat might be placed along the bay with a gun to keep a check on poachers, and it could also be used to provide a means of having catches brought into the markets at regular intervals. If this were done he felt sure that the islanders would be able to overcome their present difficulties.

He concluded by saying that it was a remarkable thing that, although fish were being caught in the bay almost daily by outsiders, the people of the Aran Islands were unable to get fish for their dinner, even on Fridays, and had to use eggs as a substitute.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S VIEWS.

Dr. O'Brien, who attends to the people of the three islands, spoke to me of the sufferings of the people.

He explained the difficulty that they had in reaching the mainland, and in transferring any goods that they had to offer to the markets. In the two islands of Inishmaan and Innishere conditions were worse than Inishmore; for at the latter there was a pier to which the Dun Aengus can come, and the people and their goods can be put on board in safety. In the other two islands it was necessary for the people to come out in currachs (small boats made of canvas and light sticks) and ride the rough seas at great risk to life and property in order to reach the boat which stops some distance out from the shore.

When cattle are being taken to the mainland they have to be put into the water and forced to swim to the steamer on to which they are lifted by means of a crane.

THE PAYMENT OF RATES.

From the boat on which I travelled today I saw these poor islanders endeavouring to reach the steamer in currachs to get provisions which had been brought from the mainland, and to send off goods. A rough sea was running, and they were wet to the skin.

Another grievance of the inhabitants of the islands is the payment of high rates. The roads in all the islands are of a very poor class, and the people fail to understand why they should have to pay rates as high as those paid by the dweller on the mainland, who are provided with first-class roads.

Having seen the country, I can agree with the claims of the people, and would add that they should be paid for living there rather than be asked to pay for the somewhat doubtful privilege of spending their days on these islands.

IMPROVED SERVICES WANTED.

Stephen O'Rourke, a sixty-two years old islander, described to me the many difficulties that they had to face. He said that they were able to rear cattle on the land, but that they were of little use to them, since they had such a long distance to bring them for sale. The profits were eaten up in the expenses and freight charges. He thought that if they were provided with more frequent boat services—particularly around fair days on the mainland—which would enable them to get home after disposing of their beasts, they might be able to make some money.

He agreed with Father Egan, however, that fishing was the main industry on which the Aran men must depend.

MISS ENGLAND II.

It had been arranged to ship Miss England II., Lord Wakefield's boat, in which Mr. Kaye Don has carried out trials on Lough Neagh, from Belfast to Liverpool last night, but the boat could not reach Belfast in time for the sailing. She is being brought by road from Antrim, and will be shipped to-night.

CIVIL SERVANTS AND IRISH.

Under the auspices of the Civil Service Gaelic Society to-night, Liam O Domhnaill will deliver a lecture at the College of Science, Merrion street, Dublin, on the present position of Irish and the existing opportunities of improving it. An interesting debate, in which the Minister for Finance and others are expected to participate, will follow.

KILKENNY AND PRESIDENT COSGRAVE.

At a meeting of Kilkenny Corporation, Councillor Connolly proposed that a deputation be appointed to wait on President Cosgrave and Mr. R. Mulcahy, Free State Minister for Local Government, on the occasion of their visit to Kilkenny this week-end, to discuss matters relating to municipal schemes.

The proposition was seconded by Councillor Cassin, and carried by seven votes to five.

THE BURNING CAR MYSTERY.

SIR B. SPILSBURY'S EVIDENCE.

CASE FOR DEFENCE OPENED.

THE trial of Alfred Arthur Rouse (36), commercial traveller, of Buxted road, Friern Barnet, charged with the murder of an unknown man, whose charred remains were found in a burned-out car near Northampton in November, was continued for the third day at Northampton yesterday.

The case for the prosecution was concluded.

Among witnesses for the Crown yesterday was Sir Bernard Spilsbury, who said that there was evidence that the man breathed some time after the fire started. He thought the man must have died within about half a minute after the fire started.

Sir Bernard said that he detected a smell of petrol on the clothing not destroyed. That could only be explained by liquid petrol having been distributed through the car at the level of the dead man some time early in the fire. The only other explanation was that the clothing became soaked in petrol before the fire started.

Answering Mr. Finnemore, for the defence, Sir Bernard said there was no sign of any injury caused during life. The fact that the skull had been splintered was undoubtedly due to the heat.

The longest of the three hairs found on the mallet was certainly a fragment of human hair. Of the other two, he was dubious whether one was human; the other might be human.

When Nellie Tucker, the first of the women who gave evidence at the Police Court, was called, she was asked to leave the Court during a discussion on the admissibility of her evidence.

Later she gave evidence that she last saw Rouse in London on November 5.

Other witnesses spoke of Rouse's journey to London from Cardiff.

An underwriter stated that £1,000 would be payable, under Rouse's car insurance, on the deaths of passengers, or of the owner, if driving.

FOR THE DEFENCE.

Mr Finnemore submitted that the case was flimsy, unsubstantial, so uncertain and so inconclusive that the jury ought never to think of convicting Rouse. He argued that the evidence was equally consistent, at least with the fire being accidental, as anything else. The suggestion by the prosecution that, perhaps, for some reason not clear, Rouse might have wished the body mistaken for his own, at the highest, was only conjecture. The prosecution really had proved nothing not consistent with the innocence of the man on trial. The evidence, as a whole, was really far more consistent with innocence than with any view of guilt. There was no hint of Rouse's vanishing, and no evidence of preparation for such an event. Rouse was in no sort of desperate condition which might have tempted him to have disappeared. Rouse's actions were those of a man who had lost his head.

The trial was adjourned until to-day.

UNIVERSITY NEWS.

TRINITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN.

HILARY TERM, 1931.

JUNIOR FRESHMAN TERM EXAMINATION.

The following candidates have passed:—Agnew, Thomas Stanley; Beck, William James; Bernes, Brendan Patrick; Bowie, Norah Eveline; Breen, John Macarius; Campbell, Gillachrist Michael; Clarke, John Dermod; Cole, John Copeland; Commiskey, William George; Counihan, William Edward; Cullen, Bartholomew; Darlington, Charles Arnold Rayment; Dennis, Robert Ernest; Devitt, Agnes Mary; Donald, George Kenneth; Erwin, Richard; Ferries, Alfred; Hamerton, John Edward; Holmes-Smith, Franklin; Jarchow, Frederick Carl; Johnstone, Frederick St. George Harden; Lillie, Henry Alexander; Little, David John; Lloyd, Charles Henry; McCartney, Robert Freeman; McKelvie, Alfred; McKinley, Thomas Alexander; Maguire, Harold John; Martin, John Robert Aylmer; Maslin, William Noel; Maunsell, Eileen Dorothea; Millard, James Clayton; Montgomery, John Alexander; Moore, John Ravenscroft; Mushatt, Cecil; Myles, Gordon Thomas; Nicholls, Cecil Percy; Nixon, John Gerrard; O'Carroll, Timothy Michael; O'Connell, Desmond Charles; O'Connor, Charles; Oldham, Hugh William; Pendlebury, Alistair Leslie; Perry, Margaret; Peterson, Basil Claud; Phair, Albert George; Plewman, Thomas Langford; Read, Brendan Joseph; Reeves, Anthony Joseph Reilly Cormac Gerard; Rice, James William Richardson; Silcock, John Eric Durnford; Sutcliffe, George Francis; Temple, Howard Lynn; Thompson, Mary Geraldine; Traill, Henry Francis O'Brien; Watson, John; Wilson, Robert Morton.

THOM'S DIRECTORY, IRELAND, 1931.

Some remarkable improvements will be noticed in Thom's Directory for this year. Instead of being described as "Thom's Official Directory," it is entitled "Thom's Directory, Ireland," and in its 2,700 pages there is a well-arranged collection of information concerning every section of the community. The compilers have aimed at making their work indispensable to business men and the public generally by combining in one volume a ready book of reference on almost all subjects of public interest. Many changes have been made, affecting all sections of the book, and they have been carefully incorporated to the latest possible date.

The first item to catch the eye in the summary of contents is "Acts Passed in 1930" by the Oireachtas, and on looking down the list one finds that a wide range of subjects commands attention. The rapid development of rural districts outside Dublin, and the extensive building of new houses in the city area, which started a few years ago and still continues, has resulted in the addition of some thirty pages to the street list, representing about 7,500 new names. This section, including the valuation of the houses, has been thoroughly revised, and the alphabetical list revised up to the time of printing.

Special care has also been taken in the revision of the commercial section, comprising over 400 pages of classified lists of manufacturers, traders, and members of the learned professions in all the cities and towns of the Irish Free State. The classified list of manufacturers of Irish goods has been brought up to date, and provides a comprehensive guide to actual producers of Irish-made goods. Full information is given regarding the Co. Borough of Dublin, the various institutions in the city, and the work of the Dublin City Council. Particulars are also given concerning each county in Saorstát Eireann and in Northern Ireland, including Members of Parliament, County Councillors, Boards of Public Health, and County Homes and Hospitals. Urban and Rural Councils, Judges, District Justices, Peace Commissioners, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, and all county officials.

Travellers by motor will find trustworthy information on page 919 regarding the state of the main roads throughout Ireland. This information was supplied by the Automobile Association. A list of the 'bus companies operating from Dublin, with routes and destinations, should prove of value to all who make use of this mode of conveyance.

Altogether, the compilers of this Directory deserve praise for the excellent manner in which they have done their work.

Thom's Directory of Ireland. Price 36/-; by post 37/-. Alex. Thom and Co., Ltd., Crow street, Dublin.

OLD MAN'S FATE.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

TUAM, Wednesday.

Michael Rush (70), unmarried, who resided with his sister at Castlegar, Mountbellew, was found dead, hanging by a rope from the bannister of the stairway in his house yesterday. His sister was at Mountbellew market, having left her brother alone in the house, and her nephew made the discovery. A verdict of "hanging, self-inflicted, during temporary insanity" was returned at the inquest.

At a Special Court held in Bray yesterday, Elizabeth Mary Walker, a domestic servant, was remanded in custody to the Wicklow District Court by Mr. D. J. Hennessy, P.C., on a charge of obtaining food and lodging, value £3, at the Royal Hotel, Bray, by false pretences.

Women are enthusiastic admirers of the ROVER

are you a member of A 2 CAR FAMILY ?

. . . and in the Six cylinder models there are three power grades—The Two Litre, the Light Twenty and the Meteor which range as low in price as £375

The grace of line, the colour harmonies, and the comfort of the well-sprung seating in the new Rover Two Litre appeal instantly to the woman driver. Here is elegance much less than six feet high. Low slung to the road for greater speed, with safety, yet securing this without sacrifice of the generous interior accommodation.

All the controls are conveniently placed. Gear change without stretch or exertion, lights, ignition, throttle horn, grouped on the steering wheel, and with a well proved six cylinder engine of 16 horse-power, driving is a pleasurable experience for the woman driver.

Men prefer it for the mechanical excellence which accomplishes such splendid road service; speed on the road of 70, stiff hills on top, and stiffer still on no less than silent third, responsiveness in traffic, quick acceleration, sure and certain braking.

There is a dealer near you, who will be pleased to prove the merits of this good car to you.

ROVER

THE ROVER COMPANY LIMITED, COVENTRY

Guaranteed by the maker for two years
Supervised by the seller for two years

HERE ARE THE DETAILS OF THE ROVER 1931 RANGE. THE ROVER FAMILY TEN *with a choice of three bodies, the Coachbuilt Saloon, the Genuine Weymann Saloon and the Sportsman's Coupe, all at* £240. *Regal Models* £268. THE ROVER TWO LITRE *with three similar types of coachwork* £375. *Regal Models* £436. THE ROVER LIGHT TWENTY *with similar chassis and coachwork to the Two Litre, but powered with the Meteor engine,* £448. *Regal Models* £475. ROVER METEOR *with Coachbuilt Saloon, Genuine Weymann Saloon and Sportsman's Saloon listed at* £497. *Regal Models* £546. ROVER METEOR 7-SEATER COACHBUILT LIMOUSINE £680. *All Rover Models have safety glass windscreens and electric screen wiper. Regal Models safety glass all round, bumpers, vacuum servo brakes, etc.* ALL PRICES DELIVERY FREE DUBLIN.

Rover Distributors for the Irish Free State:

W. G. WILKINSON LTD., 16 Lord Edward St., DUBLIN

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AT 8. MATINEE SATURDAY 2.30.
CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S LATEST SUCCESS.
"NINE TILL SIX,"
A COMEDY, WITH MANNEQUINS,
PLAYED ENTIRELY BY WOMEN.
NEXT WEEK—THE MUSICAL
COMEDY SUCCESS,
"THE LOVE RACE,"
FROM THE GAIETY THEATRE, LONDON.
A STRING OF TUNEFUL SONGS.
A SUCCESSION OF GORGEOUS SCENES.
SUPERB DANCING.
An Ingenious Maze of Plot and Counterplot.
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.30.
USUAL PRICES. NOW BOOKING.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
5.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY. 9.0
DUBLIN'S ONLY VARIETY THEATRE.
Presented by Jimmy O'Dea and Harry O'Donovan
MAX HOFFMAN.
Words Speak Louder than Actions."
THE CARLTONS, Musical Act Supreme.
THREE ODDBALLS, Acrobatic Act,
"A Recreation on the Court."
"DICK TURPIN'S RIDE TO CORK."
A Screamingly Funny Burlesque.
DICK FORBES and CO.
Box Office, 11—4.30. 'Phone—23292.

ABBEY THEATRE.
To-night and following Nights in the Week to Saturday, 31st, at 8 o'clock.
Matinee Saturday at 2.30 p.m.
"THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS."
A Tragedy in Four Acts, by Sean O'Casey.
Booking at the Theatre, 10.30 to 6.
Next Week—"THE MASTER."

GATE THEATRE.
ROTUNDA.
TO-NIGHT (THURS.), 29th JAN., for four nights only, at 8 o'clock,
MAT CAREY and NORAH M. LUMSDEN present
"THE SILVER CORD,"
A Modern Comedy, by Sidney Howard.
This play proved a brilliant success in New York and London.
NOW BOOKING AT GATE THEATRE.
Admission: 4/9, 3/6, 2/4, 1/3. 'Phone 44045.

GATE THEATRE.
SATURDAY, 31st, at 3 o'clock:
ROSAMUND
LEONARD,
PIANISTE.
First Appearance in Dublin.
Seats Booked at Theatre and Pigott's.

SACKVILLE.
RAYMOND HATTON in
"HELL'S HEROES."
Also "TRIGGER TRICKS."

METROPOLE.
CONTINUOUS ..... 2.0 to 11.0 P.M.
The Mighty Epic of the Building of a Nation
"THE BIG TRAIL,"
With
JOHN WAYNE, MARGUERITE CHURCHILL,
and a Cast of 20,000.
Daily at 2.10, 4.30, 6.50 and 9.10 p.m.

VISIT RESTAURANT.
EXCELLENT 4-COURSE LUNCH, including COFFEE OR TEA, 2/6
QUICK SERVICE.
ALL FLOORS FULLY LICENSED.

CIVIC THEATRE, DUN LAOGHAIRE.
To-night and Friday, Saturday and Sunday, at 8,
RONALD MacDONALD and MAIRIN O'MARA in
"A BUNCH OF VIOLETS."
2/4, 1/10, 1/3, 8d. Buses pass door.

PLAZA BALLROOM.
TO-DAY (THURSDAY),
DANCE, 8 TO 11.30 P.M.
Admission, 1/6. Double Ticket, 2/6.
SECOND HEAT—WALTZ.
PLAZA "FOUR-IN-ALL" COMPETITION.
GEORGE HORNSBY AND HIS PLAZA BAND.

NEWELLS' ANNUAL STAFF DANCE in the
PLAZA BALLROOM, FRIDAY, 30th JANUARY.
Dancing 8-2 o'c.
GEO. HORNSBY AND HIS BAND.
ADMISSION (including Refreshments) 5/-
Payable at Door.
Buses will leave for Dalkey, Drumcondra and Rathfarnham at 2 o'c.

THEATRE ROYAL.
CONTINUOUS FROM 3 TO 11 p.m.
SATURDAY 5.30 TO 11 p.m.
2½ HOURS' PROGRAMME.
TWO BIG FEATURE PICTURES.
DETECTIVE CLIVE, BART.
A DRAMATIC FOX MOVIETONE THRILLER
SHOWING AT 4.35, 7.5, and 9.50.
SOUP TO NUTS.
A FULL COURSE OF COMEDY,
SHOWING AT 3, 5.40 and 8.20.

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE. 3.30 to 10.30.
NEVER ENTERTAINMENT LIKE THIS!
MAURICE CHEVALIER,
AND A HOST OF FAMOUS SCREEN STARS, in
"PARAMOUNT ON PARADE."
MIRTH, MUSIC, SONG, DANCE and COLOUR!
Brilliant Recording, Superb Production.
At 3.55, 6.20 and 9. SECRETS OF NATURE, LAUREL and HARDY, in "WRONG AGAIN," etc.
NEXT WEEK—"THE DAWN PATROL."

CAPITOL.
TO-DAY AT
2 o'clock, 4.35, 7.10 and 9.45.
RUTH
CHATTERTON
IN
"SARAH AND SON."
The Screen's Greatest Dramatic Actress,
In an Appealing Drama of Mother Love.
Also HAL SKELLY and DORIS HILL in
"MEN ARE LIKE THAT."
Two Paramount All-Talking Pictures.
On the Stage:
LES COTTRILLOS, Spanish Troubadours.
THE CAPITOLIANS, CAPITOL GIRLS,
In an Artistic Presentation,
Featuring "THE KISS" WALTZ
Dress Circle Tea Lounge open to the Public all day.

GRAFTON, DAILY AT
2, 4.30, 7 and 9.15.
GRETA GARBO TALKS in
"ANNA CHRISTIE."

SAVOY. 2 TO 11.
CONTINUOUS
Great Double Feature Programme.
Eddie Quinlan—the Screen's New Comic Genius—in
"NIGHT WORK" (the Laugh Hit of the year),
with Sally Starr and Frances Upton.
Showing at 3.25, 6.30 and 9.35. And
Stewart Rome and All-Star Cast in
"THE LAST HOUR."
A Gripping Mystery Drama of the Secret Service, from the famous Stage Thriller by Charles Bennett.
Showing at 2.15, 5.15 and 8.15.

ROYAL DUBLIN SOCIETY
AFTERNOON LECTURES
IN THE MEMBERS' HALL, BALLSBRIDGE,
TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), JANUARY 30th,
At 4 p.m.,
"LANGUAGE IN THE MODERN WORLD,"
By R. LLOYD JAMES.
MEMBERS ENTITLED TO FREE ADMISSION AND TO OBTAIN TICKETS FOR FRIENDS AT HALF PRICE.
LECTURE ON FEBRUARY 6th:
"THE ROMANCE OF MUSICAL NOTATION."
By Sir RICHARD TERRY.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ROYAL ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF IRELAND.
THE ANNUAL MEETING
Will be Held at the
METROPOLITAN HALL, LR. ABBEY STREET, AT 4 P.M.
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), JANUARY 29, 1931.
THE REV. CANON RAVEN, D.D.,
will Lecture on "The Interest and Beauty of Birds," illustrated by lantern slides, following which the Business Meeting will be held.
THIS MEETING IS OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.
Seats may be reserved on payment of 1/- to the Secretary, Zoological Gardens, before January 28th.

BANK OF IRELAND.
A Sub-Office of this Bank will be opened at Ballsbridge (176 Pembroke Road) on and from 2nd February, 1931.
Hours: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 daily.
Saturday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.
By Orde
A. D. STEWART, Secretary.

CUMANN GAEDHEALACH NA STAT-SHEIRBHISE.
MOR-CHRUINNIU,
I Halla na Cimice, Colaiste na h-Eolaiochta, Sraid Mhuirfhithean, Anocht, Diardaoin, Mi Eanair 29, 1931, ar 8 p.m.
Tathar ar suil leis an uile Stat-Sheirbhiseach a bhuith i lathair.

IRISH PRESS LIMITED,
£50 PRIZE.
A Prize of £50 is offered for the best suggestion for a suitable name for the forthcoming National Daily Newspaper to be published by Irish Press Limited. Competitors may send in as many attempts as they like, but each attempt must be on a separate sheet of paper, to which must be attached a coupon which will be found in the issues of the "NATION" of the 31st January and 7th February.
In the event of two or more persons suggesting the name which will be finally selected, the prize-winner will be drawn by lot in the presence of the Board whose award is final. No correspondence can be entered into regarding this competition.
Employees of Irish Press Limited are debarred from competing.
All attempts, in envelope marked "NAME," must be in before noon on the 12th February, 1931, at the Office of
THE SECRETARY,
IRISH PRESS, LIMITED,
46 DAME STREET, DUBLIN

COUNTY DUBLIN COMMITTEE OF AGRICULTURE.
PREMIUMS TO BULLS AND BOARS, 1931.
The above-named Committee will, at their meeting on Tuesday, the 10th February, 1931, consider applications for the provisional award of Premiums to Bulls and Boars under the regulations of the Department's Cattle Breeding and Swine Breeding Schemes, 1931.
The value of Premiums in respect of Bulls standing for the first year shall be:—
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Shorthorn Bulls (Sire and Dam Registered) £22
Pure-bred Registered Dairy Shorthorn Bulls (Dam only Registered) £20
Pure-bred Shorthorn or Non-Pedigree Dairy Shorthorn Bulls £16
Aberdeen-Angus or Hereford Bulls £15
The value of the Premiums in respect of Boars shall be:—
First Year Premium £8
Second Year Premium £6
Application Forms may be obtained from the undersigned, and should be returned to him, filled in with the required particulars, not later than Saturday, the 7th February, 1931.
T. WARD Secretary.
1 Cavendish row, Dublin.

PATENTS.
NO. 233,196—A PROCESS OF SEPARATING AND COLLECTING ORGANIC ACIDS AND BASES FROM BEETROOT MOLASSES.
THE Proprietor of the above Patent is desirous of entering into an arrangement, by way of Licence or otherwise, on reasonable terms, for the purpose of exploiting the same and ensuring its full development and practical working in this country. All communications to be addressed in the first instance to
BYRNE and CO., Patent and Trade Mark Agents, 56 Merrion Square, Dublin.

PATENTS.
NO. 10067—IMPROVEMENTS IN OR RELATING TO SAFETY DEVICES FOR MOTION PICTURE PROJECTORS.
THE Proprietors of the above Patent are desirous of entering into an arrangement, by way of Licence or otherwise, on reasonable terms, for the purpose of exploiting the same and ensuring its full development and practical working in this country. All communications to be addressed in the first instance to
BYRNE and CO., Patent and Trade Mark Agents, 56 Merrion Square, Dublin.

BOLANDS FLOURS.
EXCELSIOR
FOR BAKERS.
PINNACLE
FOR HOME BAKING.
RAPID
SELF RAISING
BAKES ITSELF.

NOW ON SALE.
THOM'S DIRECTORY IRELAND 1931,
INCLUDING
COMMERCIAL SECTION
AND
CLASSIFIED LIST OF IRISH MANUFACTURERS
PRICE, 36/- NET; BY POST, 37/-.
ALEX. THOM & CO., LTD., AND ALL BOOKSELLERS.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

GRAZING TO LET.
The Commissioners of Public Works invite tenders for the grazing with the SERVICES OF A HERD, of the Camp Enclosure at Collinstown Aerodrome, containing 421a 2r 0p acres, or thereabouts, statute measure, for the season ending 30th November, 1931. Sealed tenders endorsed "Collinstown Lands" will be received up to, but not later than, 12 o'clock noon on Friday, 6th February, 1931, by the Secretary, Office of Public Works, Dublin, from whom any further particulars may be obtained. The Commissioners will not be bound to accept the highest or any tender. T. CASSEDY, Rosnalley. 8/2726. W.H.C.O.

NORTHERN IRELAND.
GOVERNMENT OF NORTHERN IRELAND.
CIVIL ENGINEERING APPOINTMENTS.
THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE invites Applications for the Appointment of TEMPORARY ASSISTANT CIVIL ENGINEERS. There are Four Vacancies, and the employment will, it is anticipated, last for at least twelve months.
CANDIDATES must hold a UNIVERSITY DEGREE IN ENGINEERING, or, alternatively, be corporate MEMBERS OF THE INSTITUTE OF CIVIL ENGINEERS. Preference will be given to those with good mathematical qualifications and possessing an intimate knowledge of hydraulics.
Applications, giving full particulars of qualifications, training and experience, and stating the salary required, should be made on the prescribed Official Form, which can be obtained from the Secretary, Ministry of Finance (Establishment Division), 18 Donegall square, West, Belfast, and should be returned, duly completed, so as to reach him NOT LATER THAN THE 11th FEBRUARY, 1931.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

CADETSHIPS—ROYAL ULSTER CONSTABULARY.
AN EXAMINATION for the appointment of one or more Cadets in the Royal Ulster Constabulary will be held in JUNE NEXT by the Civil Service Commissioners, concurrently with the Indian Police Service (Higher Grades), Colonial Police Services, and Army and Air Force Entrance Examinations. Candidates may be admitted simultaneously to two or more of these examinations provided they have obtained the approval of the authorities of the various Services. Candidates for Cadetships in the Royal Ulster Constabulary must be above 19 and under 23 years of age on the 1st August, 1931, unmarried, and at least 5ft 8ins. in height.
Applications to attend the examination must be made on the prescribed form, and lodged with the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, Waring street, Belfast, ON OR BEFORE THE 8th APRIL, 1931. Copies of the Regulations and Application Forms can be obtained from the Inspector-General at the above address.
GEO. A. HARRIS, Secretary.
The Ministry of Home Affairs, Belfast.
6th January, 1931.

BRITISH ISRAEL WORLD FEDERATION.
To-day's Addresses by
THE REV. MAXWELL CARNSON (London),
B.C.M.S. HALL, 35 MOLESWORTH STREET.
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 29th, at 3 p.m.:
"The National Message of the Bible."
TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 29th, at 8 p.m.:
"Modernism the Great LIE."

SALVATION ARMY SELF-DENIAL APPEAL (DUBLIN 1st CORPS) will be made during the next few weeks in the South Dublin District. Authorised Collectors will carry their Official authorisation, bearing my signature. No one considered authorised without this.
A. J. SCOTTICK, C.O.

DREADNOUGHT SYSTEM OF DRESS-CUTTING.—Mrs. J. A. Bond (nee Feil), of Southport, will give Free, to Ladies only, interesting and instructive DEMONSTRATION ON DRESS AND HOW TO MAKE THEM. Monday, Feb. 2nd, at 3 and 7.30 p.m., Mansion House, Dawson street, Dublin; Tuesday, Feb. 3rd, at 3 p.m., Owenass Hall, Mountmellick; Tuesday, Feb. 3rd, at 7.30 p.m., Town Hall, Maryborough; Wednesday, Feb. 4th, at 3 p.m., Parochial Hall, Abbeyleix; Wednesday, Feb. 4th, at 8.15 p.m., Desart Hall, Kilkenny; Thursday, Feb. 5th, at 3 p.m., Court Hall, Bagenalstown; Thursday, Feb. 5th, at 7.30 p.m., The "Deighton" Memorial Hall, Carlow; Monday, Feb. 9th, at 7.30 p.m., Committee of Agriculture's Hall, Naas. To-day thousands of ladies using our methods find it possible to Dress Well for every occasion at a minimum of cost. CLASSES WILL BE FORMED, and during a course of 12 Lessons, Pattern-making, Dress-cutting, and Tailoring will be Taught by Qualified Teachers. No Fitting, Waste, or Worry. Success Guaranteed to Every Pupil. Teacher—MRS. SANDERSON.

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Telephone—23062

The Irish Times.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1931.

NEWS SUMMARY

IRELAND.

Speaking at the annual meeting yesterday of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, the Lord Mayor said that, because of matters over which the Corporation had no control, the rates might be up one shilling in the pound in the coming financial year.—(Page 10.)

Mr. W. P. Sherriff, President, speaking yesterday at the annual meeting of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, replied to the claims of the farmers in their demand for de-rating.—(Page 10.)

In the Chancery Court, Belfast, yesterday Mr. Justice Wilson gave judgment in the settlement action in which over £100,000 is involved.—(Page 5.)

A conference of representatives of the creamery industry in the Free State will be held in Dublin next week to consider whether the marketing scheme sent out by the Butter Marketing Tribunal is one which can be recommended to the creameries for adoption.—(Page 9.)

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Government carried the second reading of the Trade Disputes Bill by a majority of 27 in the House of Commons yesterday.—(Page 9.)

ABROAD.

The Prince of Wales and Prince George reached Bermuda yesterday, where they left the liner Oropesa to play golf.—(Page 8.)

An illicit distillery valued at more than £100,000 has been discovered in New York.—(Page 9.)

Remarkable plans for use in case of military emergency were revealed in the Belgian Chamber yesterday by the Minister for Defence.—(Page 10.)

In an interview yesterday Gandhi enumerated eleven "fundamental points" for the settlement of the Indian question.—(Page 9.)

SPORTING.

At Sandown Park yesterday Castledero won the Prince Albert Handicap Hurdle Race.—(Page 12.)

FINANCIAL.

London Stock Markets were very irregular, with some steady spots. "Kaffirs" were again active.—(Page 14.)

Loan rates were slightly easier in Lombard street, but discounts remained very firm, with special selling at 2⅞ per cent. The Bank sold £232,424 in bar gold to France and exported £4,000 in sovereigns There is a net efflux for the week of £2,739,920.—(Page 14.)

In Dublin the market was quiet and small. Unilevers improved.—(Page 14.)

After a weak opening, prices on New York Stock Exchange were poorly supported, and issues generally sought lower levels. The close was weak.—(Page 10.)

The Trade Disputes Bill.

Last night in the House of Commons the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions (Amendment) Bill passed its second reading by a majority of twenty-seven. This result is due to the abstention of those Liberals who, in the words of Mr. Churchill, came to a compromise with their consciences concerning the bill "by agreeing . . . not to dislike it too much here, but to hate it like poison hereafter." In practice the Liberal Party's influence will emasculate the measure in committee, while such noxious fragments as may survive will be dealt with well and truly by the Peers. Little comfort, however, can be derived from this knowledge. One of the chief parties in the State has preferred the course of expediency to honour where a matter of vital principle was at stake. By its action the House of Commons has sanctioned the passing of a measure that the majority of its members knows individually to be iniquitous. The Liberal Party confesses with Ovid, "*Video meliora proboque; deteriora sequor.*" For all time the Trade Union Congress can claim that the Commons accepted the theory that it was a privileged body; for all time it can point to the Upper House as the reactionary and hereditary group that thwarted the nation's will. The Liberal Party has thrust upon others the responsibility that it dared not take.

Yet the issue was simple enough. Sir John Simon, himself a Liberal, phrased it succinctly and comprehensively on Tuesday night, when he asked the question: "According to the view of the Government, if the events of 1926 . . . recurred, and if this present bill were law, would these events, in the opinion of the Government, be legal or illegal?" There was no answer from the ministerial benches until, some twenty-four hours later, Sir Stafford Cripps, the Solicitor-General, pressed by Sir Kingsley Wood, yielded an unwilling response. "Under the proposed bill," the Solicitor-General said, "the strike of 1926 would, in my opinion, be illegal." This admission appeared to cause him much pain, and he was careful to point out that he based his view solely on the political orientations which directed the Trade Union Congress in 1926. Unfortunately, there was nothing in Sir Stafford's words to suggest that he spoke as an official member of the Government. Merely as "learned counsel," he fails to command the respect that Sir John Simon enjoys by right of his proven worth. No jury would hesitate to decide between these two as expert witnesses. Sir Stafford Cripps, and, with him, the Socialist Government, may be held to have lost their case; the bill, as it stands, renders possible a repetition of 1926. The "dilatory proposal for a judicial decision as to whether a strike was legal or not"—we quote Mr. Churchill—has no practical bearing on the matter. Such a decision could not be obtained in much less than three weeks; a day or a night would be ample for the carrying out of a well-ordered *coup d'état*.

It is not only as a danger to the State that the present bill must be condemned. Mr. Churchill denounced the injustice that will permit Conservative and Liberal workingmen to be forced again, through a political levy, to pay for the election of "cosmopolitan Socialists." He discussed with much eloquence the whole position of the trade unions. "They had," he claimed, "a strength unequalled in the social structure of any civilised nation." Trade unions are necessary, and they have done much good work both for their members and for the common weal; but, unhappily, they have not yet acquired the sense of responsibility that forbids them to abuse power. Sir Stafford Cripps referred to the "burning sense of injustice" under which they are labouring to-day as the result of Mr. Baldwin's Act of 1927. We fail to perceive the injustice. Alone of the three British parties the Socialists, whose nucleus is the trade unions, have a direct means to enforce their will. The new bill can serve no other purpose than to enhance still further organised Labour's predominant position in the country. Mr. Baldwin, recognising the magnitude of the issue, moved the bill's rejection rather than its amendment. The Liberals, agreeing in principle with the Conservatives, have preferred to hide the fact that they have principles lest the virtue, if known, might harm them in the constituencies. Their action, rightly understood, is an insult to the British people.

Egypt and the Wafd.

A strange calm broods over Egypt. The turbulent Wafd of four months ago, whose watchword was *Al Istiqlal*—"Independence"—has subsided into a quiet and seemingly listless party, devoted to *Al Dustour*—"the Constitution." There is something ominous about such inactivity. To all outward appearances the extremists have no less cause for grievance than they had last year, when Mr. Ramsay Macdonald was constrained to warn Nahas Pasha, the Wafdist leader, that he would be held responsible, in concert with the Prime Minister of Egypt, for any occurrences that might disturb his country's peace. In October last the Wafd suffered a new Constitution and a new electoral law to be passed without opposition—two measures that clashed strongly with the party's sentiments. Since then it has done nothing save to announce its intention to boycott the forthcoming elections. So far as the present administration of Egypt is concerned, the Wafdists' abstention is all to the good. If they chose to nominate candidates, they would swamp the polls, and all the difficulties and dilemmas of the last few years would repeat themselves to no purpose. The issue at stake in Egypt is twofold. In the first place, the Wafd seeks a Constitution on the European model; in the second place, it seeks the country's complete independence. From 1928 to last October it endured the indignity of a suspended Constitution, and one might think that it would be eager to accept the new system and to make the best of it. Britain's concern with Egypt extends only to the protection of foreign interests; otherwise, she holds herself sternly aloof from the country's policies. Until last year she was distrusted by the Wafd, but the treaty negotiations of 1930, though they came to nothing, revealed that Britain's attitude to Egyptian ambitions was friendly. A treaty with Britain would ensure the stability of Egyptian politics. It may be, therefore, that the Wafdists appreciate the need of good conduct in order to show themselves worthy of trust. The Cairo Correspondent of *The Times* urges the benefit of a treaty. Its possible result, as he points out, would be to split the Wafd into a number of small parties concerned with internal reforms. Such a division certainly might tend to strike a reasonable balance of power in Egypt, but there are dangers in the way of a treaty. England could not entertain for a moment any settlement that conceded the issues raised in last year's unsuccessful negotiations with Nahas Pasha. The rocks on which the 1930 conference split had little or nothing to do with Egypt's internal re-organisation.

Dublin's Rates.

In 1924, when the Dublin Corporation was dismissed, the rates of the exceedingly ill-kept city stood at 19s. 2d. in the pound. The three Commissioners who held sway between 1925 and 1930 did two things. They improved the city almost out of recognition and they brought the rates down with a run. Their first rate, in 1925-6, was 17s. 2d. In the following four years, although their energetic management blessed the city with smooth and clean streets, with new thoroughfares and with hundreds of new houses, the rates fell gradually to 14s. 8d. Last year they rose exceptionally to 16s.—through no design or fault of the Commissioners, but wholly by reason of Parliament's decision to support a large body of extraneous pauperism at the ratepayers' cost. Then, by Parliament's inexplicable decree, the Commissioners, whom the whole city wished to retain, were abolished, and the Corporation, which nobody wanted, was restored to office. The first result of this change was the revival of municipal rhetoric; the second was a marked decline of urban cleanliness, and the third was adumbrated yesterday. At the Chamber of Commerce's annual meeting the Lord Mayor announced that *il faut souffrir pour être belle*. Dublin has won "a splendid Corporation," but, "from circumstances over which they had no control," this splendid body probably will increase the rates "by a possible shilling in the pound." Thus a rate of 17s. is indicated for the coming year. It is chilly news—not likely to encourage the Lord Mayor's vision of new industries—and the citizens will demand the fullest explanation and justification of the proposed increase. The result of our inquiries suggests that the defence will be threefold—the immunity of Rathmines and Pembroke from increased taxation during the next five years; additional charges under the Poor Relief Act, and an accumulated need of renovations and repairs. Why has the administration of the two best-governed townships suddenly become more costly? What causes have increased the burden of poor relief? In what respects did the Commissioners neglect their duty?

The American Way.

Observers have ascribed the success of Tammany Hall to the ultra-pious enactments that New York stomached in a more disciplined age. There is a merit that must not be lightly cast aside in the continuance of puritanical statutes; if they are not operative, they impair nobody's liberty of action. Tammany Hall is alleged to have provided the necessary bridge of Alserat in the form of a system that the unkind call "graft." Now much the same attitude is being adopted to the question of the Eighteenth Amendment. Speak-easies abound, and undoubtedly are held to be in the highest interests of the public, if they are conducted decorously. Unfortunately, however, speak-easies often leave much to be desired both in the standard of the liquor that they supply and in the *clientèle* that attends them. Too frequently the genial popping of corks is punctuated by the unharmonious cracking of a revolver while some citizen of the great republic is being "bumped off," agreeably to the order of some underworld monarch who is greater than the State. To restore speak-easies to a proper sense of their civic duties, Mr. Mulrooney, the Commissioner of Police, much irritated by the serious wounding of six persons in a Broadway night club last Saturday, has invited the New York Board of Aldermen to pass an ordinance to the effect that all speak-easies must be closed at 1 a.m. If this proposal is adopted, the sonorous "Time, gentlemen, please," of the legal tavern will resound in the illicit drinking "joints" of the United States. The affair requires no comment; such is America.

THE PRINCES AT BERMUDA.

LEAVE LINER TO PLAY GOLF.

NINETY AUTOGRAPH HUNTERS.

BY WIRELESS FROM PRESS ASSOCIATION'S SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.
ON BOARD THE S.S. OROPESA, Wednesday.

THE Oropesa, with the Prince of Wales and Prince George on board, arrived off the island of Bermuda in a blood-red dawn this morning, and, having picked up the pilot, was taken up the channel through a coral reef to her anchorage off the naval dockyard.

Like an emerald in a setting of sapphire, Bermuda was looking her loveliest for the Royal visit.

The Princes were early astir, and surveyed with interest the pleasant green shores and the cedar-covered hills, dotted with clusters of white-roofed houses, as the vessel passed along in the sunshine. The liner glided over the placid, translucent water with an unofficial escort of town speed boats, the occupants of which sought to obtain a glimpse of the Princes as they roared by. Soon after the anchor was down, Mr. G. W. Evans, the Acting Governor and other officials came up in a tender and were conducted to the reception room on the bridge-deck, where they welcomed the Prince of Wales and his brother to Bermuda.

The brief informal ceremony concluded, Their Royal Highnesses and staff left at 9 o'clock with Mr. Evans in a smart launch with red and black funnels for Tuckers Town, five miles away up an arm of the harbour. The Royal party took their golf clubs for a round, which they hope to have on the beautiful mid-ocean links there. Dressed exactly alike in grey flannel suits, blue shirts, black and white shoes and large-brimmed light grey hats, the Royal brothers descended the gangway laughing and chatting with their hosts. They were clearly looking forward to the prospect of a game after their many days at sea. The mid-ocean course is one of the best on this side of the Atlantic, each hole being a model of some famous hole in Great Britain.

A typical example of the Prince of Wales's consideration for others was witnessed on board the Oropesa last night. He heard that the ninety skilled workmen from all parts of England who have come out to Bermuda in the Oropesa for the construction of a £500,000 luxury hotel were anxious to have his autograph before leaving the liner.

His Royal Highness, accompanied by Prince George, therefore, met them on the second class deck, and there both signed innumerable books and cards, chatting and joking meanwhile with the delighted owners.

After wishing the men a pleasant stay in Bermuda and bidding them "Good-night," the Prince of Wales arranged that each should have a bottle of beer or lemonade, according to taste, at his expense.

The members of the Royal party expressed much concern at the news of the serious illness of Princess Beatrice, conveyed to them by Reuter's Special Correspondent.

After their game of golf, the Princes are this afternoon to attend a reception at Government House on their way to re-embark on the Oropesa. Hamilton, the capital, will have an opportunity to greet the Royal visitors. Decked with flags and bunting, the city is looking its brightest and gayest in the brilliant sunshine.

PRINCESS BEATRICE.

CONDITION UNCHANGED.

At a late hour yesterday afternoon there was no change in the condition of Princess Beatrice.

The following official bulletin was issued last night:—

Her Royal Highness Princess Beatrice has maintained her strength during the day.

(Signed), C. GORDON MOORE, THOMAS HORDER.

DEATH OF GENERAL BERTHELOT.

COMMANDED 5TH ARMY AT THE MARNE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.
PARIS, Wednesday.

General Berthelot, who, as head of the French Military Mission, reorganised Rumania's Army, died of heart failure this evening at a nursing home in Paris. He had been ill for some weeks.

By a curious coincidence the General had to undergo the amputation of a leg not many days after the same operation had been performed on Marshal Joffre, whose Chief of Staff he had been. Only the day before yesterday the King of Rumania, who had repeatedly inquired after General Berthelot ordered his Minister in Paris to decorate the General with the Grand Cross of the Order of Ferdinand I.

General Berthelot, who was sixty-nine years of age, commanded the Fifth French Army in the second Battle of the Marne, and then went to the Balkans, where he commanded the Army of the Danube until the Armistice.

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

High Courts and Circuit Courts—The Castle, 11 a.m.
Circuit Criminal Courts — Green street, 11 a.m.
Railway Tribunal—The Castle, 11 a.m.
Port and Docks Board—1 p.m.
Zoological Society — Metropolitan Hall, 4 p.m.
Civil Service Gaelic Society — College of Science, 8 p.m.
Marine School, Arklow—Prize Day, 8 p.m.
Belvedere College Union Dance—Metropole.
AMUSEMENTS.
Gaiety Theatre—"Nine Till Six."
Olympia Theatre—Variety.
Abbey Theatre — "The Plough and the Stars."
Gate Theatre (Rotunda) — "The Silver Cord."
Sackville Cinema — "Hell's Heroes" and "Trigger Tricks."
Metropole Cinema—"The Big Trail."
Civic Theatre, Dun Laoghaire—"A Bunch of Violets," 8 p.m.
Plaza Ballroom—Dance.
Theatre Royal — "Detective Clive, Bart." and "Soup to Nuts."
Pavilion Cinema, Dun Laoghaire—"Paramount on Parade."
Capitol—"Sarah and Son" and "Men are Like That."
Grafton Cinema—"Anna Christie."
Savoy Cinema — "Night Work" and "The Last Hour."

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The condition of Princess Beatrice is unchanged. The Queen of Spain left the Palacio Real, Madrid, yesterday for London, to be with her mother.

Princess Mary will visit Hull next week, and will open the Sutton branch of the Royal Infirmary, the foundation stone of which was laid by Her Royal Highness last year.

The Duchess of York hopes to be present at the matinée in aid of the Heritage Craft Schools for Crippled Children, which will be held in the Regal Theatre, Marble Arch.

The Duke of Gloucester will be the principal guest at the Government banquet in the Guildhall on Monday, February 16th, on the occasion of the opening of the British Industries Fair for 1931.

To-day the Duke of Connaught will open the new section of the Promenade des Anglais at Nice. The first portion was formally opened by the late Queen Victoria.

The Earl and Countess of Granard have left Castle Forbes, Co. Longford, and are in residence at Forbes House, London. Sir John and Lady Milbanke have left Mullaboden, Co. Kildare, and have returned to London. Sir Shafto and Lady Adair have left Liverpool in the ss. Duchess of Atholl for a cruise to Spain, Portugal and West Africa. Lady and Miss Spring-Rice and Dame Katherine Furse are leaving for Klosters, Switzerland.

The Earl of Bective and Lord William Taylour have arrived at Headfort, Kells, for the last covert shoot. Lord Headfort's other guns include Sir Hercules Langrishe and Sir William Hickie.

Lord and Lady Teignmouth have arrived in London from Browne's Barn, Co. Kilkenny. The Hon. William and Mrs. French have arrived in Dublin from England.

The Countess of Derby has arrived at Cannes, and has joined the Earl of Derby at the Villa Sansovino. Other arrivals at Cannes include Lady Whitburgh, the Hon. Sybil Borthwick, Sir Stuart and Lady Coats, Lady Pulley, General Sir Skipton and Lady Climo, Major Milner and Captain and Mrs. Stafford Morgan.

Lady Alexandra Haig, who recently had an operation for appendicitis, is progressing favourably, and has now left the nursing home. Lady Hillingdon, whose condition has been causing some anxiety, is now much better.

The Earl of Dunraven has gone abroad, and will be away until the end of March. No letters will be forwarded.

The engagement is announced between Dr. John L. O'Neill, son of Dr. and Mrs. O'Neill, Mount Offaly, Athy, and Miss Mary Mallick, second daughter of Mr. John Mallick and Mrs. Mallick, The Curragh, Co. Kildare.

During the few remaining days of Switzers Sale many outstanding bargains in Dressing Gowns and Dainty Underwear will be offered in the Ladies' Outfitting Department. Prices have now been finally reduced throughout the House.

At Holmes'—All orders given during Stock-taking Week in our Tailoring and Dress-making Departments for Coats, Costumes, etc., will be executed at specially reduced prices.—W. Holmes and Co., 69/71 South Great George's street.

Maskora Health and Beauty Treatments, Royal Hibernian Hotel, Fridays and Saturdays. Appointments—Reception Office. Principal, Lillian Howarth Maskew; also 122 Bold street, Liverpool.

Sports Department—Bargains in Woollies during the last few days of Sale.—Slyne and Co., Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

Young girls' afternoon frocks in wool crêpe-de-chine at 29s. 11d.; shades, cherry, saxe and almond green. Toddlers' silk party frocks at 7s. 11d.—Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street and Harry street.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals—Mrs. J. Allfree, P. A. Ryan, E. O. Taylor, Colonel and Mrs. Concannon, Mrs. Julian, G. G. Mellon, M.D.
Departures—Lieut. D. Pack Beresford, R.N.; Mrs. F. G. Swayne, Miss O'Shaughnessy, Miss Paddy Bennett, Mrs. H. Sherman, J. J. H. Sell, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Collins, Mrs. Mitchell, Miss O'Rorke, H. S. Weiner, Mrs. J. C. Teezan, Price Ed. Hughes, Thomas J. Robertson, Miss Cynthia Stafford, Mrs. Andrew Hannay, R. J. Kelly, Mrs. Fay Cox, Miss Mary Russell, Miss A. Maxwell, Mrs. T. H. Richardson, Capt. H. S. Rossfield, Eve Rossfield, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Guerard, Mrs. and Miss Hanlon, Dr. and Mrs. Owen Flood, Miss Charlotte Deverell.

PASSENGERS BY B. AND I. LINE, VIA LIVERPOOL.
Arrivals—Mrs. W. Clifford, E. Fitzgerald, P. H. Keogh, C. Burnett, A. Johnston, L. G. Taylor, E. W. Hill, Miss M. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln, Miss Trench, Mrs. B. Farrow, Miss Fagan, T. McKeever, W. Tattersall, Rev. J. Dawson, D. Horrocks, W. J. Pearson, A. Donnelly, Mr. and Mrs. Brown, T. J. Lawlor, J. Lawlor, Miss Mannen, J. Sunter, T. Austin, R. Fagan, A. D. Mulally, T. Perry, J. Robinson

TRADE DISPUTES BILL.

SECOND READING CARRIED IN COMMONS.

GOVERNMENT MAJORITY OF TWENTY-SEVEN.

MR. CHURCHILL'S HUMOUR.

THE bulk of the Liberal Party in the House of Commons took no part in last night's division on the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions (Amendment) Bill, and thus ensured its second reading.

Mr. Churchill's was the principal speech in the debate. He reinforced his arguments with a destructive humour that convulsed the House.

The Solicitor-General replied to Mr. Churchill, and the closing speakers were Mr. Neville Chamberlain for the Opposition and Mr. J. H. Thomas for the Government.

The result of the division was announced as follows:—

For second reading	277
Against	250
Government majority	27

Mr. Baldwin's motion to refer the bill to a Committee of the whole House instead of to a Grand Committee was rejected.

LAST WORDS BEFORE DIVISION.

Mr. W. J. Brown (Labour, Wolverhampton), who was speaking at the adjournment on Tuesday night, now concluded with the declaration that unless the Tories changed their attitude to this bill and the social problems which lay behind it, it might well be that other than constitutional means would be adopted to secure social justice.

Mr. Churchill opened with the observation that nothing could be more unfortunate than the methods adopted by Mr. Brown in seeking support for the bill. Discussing the general strike of 1926, he said that under the authority of the Trade Union Congress an ultimatum was presented to the public which was a challenge to the Government and the Constitution. If that challenge had been successful, it would have completely altered the constitutional and parliamentary system of the country. The principles proclaimed in the Act of 1927 carried with them the overwhelming allegiance of the mass of the nation. (Labour cries of dissent.) It was those principles that this bill sought to subvert.

Those who supported this bill were claiming the right to set up a power within a power—a separate force in the State—which was to be immune from the ordinary restraints which the Constitution imposed.

THE POLITICAL LEVY.

Then there was the question of the political levy. It was an insult to the whole status of manual labour and to the whole conception of equal citizenship that a patriotic Liberal or Conservative workman should be forced to pay the expenses of a cosmopolitan Socialist, and that a Roman Catholic or an Anglican or a Non-conformist should be called upon to pay in order that a secularist or an atheist should be returned to Parliament.

The main feature of the bill—the legalisation of the general strike—had been so lucidly explained by Sir John Simon that even he, as a layman, could understand it. So far as he could make out, what had happened was this. The Attorney-General received instructions from the Trade Union Congress to legalise what happened in 1926. So the right hon. gentleman, having to win his footing and work his passage, addressed himself to the task with praiseworthy diligence, and the question now was whether he had succeeded in his purpose or not. If this bill were law, did the Attorney-General hold that the strike of 1926, in the same circumstances, would be legal or not?

Mr. Churchill paused for a reply, but the Attorney-General remained seated.

Surely, resumed Mr. Churchill, the Attorney-General is not going to leave a point of pure technical legality, which concerns him in his professional capacity, to be dealt with by the reasoned and matter of fact eloquence of the Dominion Secretary (Mr. J. H. Thomas). Well, as there was no answer, he must draw his own conclusion, and that was that the Attorney-General did his best, but was not absolutely sure that he had pulled it off. (Laughter.)

But the Attorney-General had a second string. By this bill he had, by a dilatory process, given immunity to persons engaged in a strike for a period of weeks before any High Court decision could be given. But, went on the right hon. gentleman, if in three weeks or so you are not able to knock out the nation, don't be too sure that the nation will not have knocked you out. (Laughter.)

LIBERAL TACTICS.

He described the proposal to send the bill to a committee upstairs as a parliamentary outrage of the first order. It was the more astounding that a party with the tradition of the Liberals should support such a proposal. But, according to Mr. Lloyd George, it all depended upon whether you liked a bill or not. If you liked it, then away with cumbersome debates, and run it through by the most expeditious method possible. If you did not like it, then bring out all the constitutional arguments about the rights of Parliament and the interests of minorities, of which the Liberal Party had always been a champion. (Loud laughter.) Then was the time for the peroration about the Hampden who died on the field and the Sidney who died on the scaffold. (Laughter.)

But how did the Liberals decide whether they liked the bill or not? They had taken infinite pains, and the House had resounded with the echoes of their conclaves and perturbations, and finally they came to the conclusion not to dislike it too much on the floor of the House, but to hate it like poison hereafter. (Laughter.) The execution was to be in private.

"THE BONELESS WONDER."

What were the Government going to do about this? What was the Prime Minister going to do? He spoke the other day about the Prime Minister's falling without hurting himself. He fell, but came up again smiling—a little troubled, but still smiling. But this was a situation which would try to the fullest the peculiar arts he exercised. I remember when I was a child, added Mr. Churchill, going to Barnum's Circus, which contained a celebrated exhibition of freaks and monstrosities. The exhibit on the programme which I most desired to see was described as "The Boneless Wonder." (Laughter, in which the Prime Minister joined heartily.) My parents judged that the spectacle would be too revolting and demoralising to my youthful eyes, and I have waited fifty years to see "the boneless wonder" sitting on the Treasury Bench. (Loud and prolonged laughter.)

AN IMAGINARY CONVERSATION.

I was not, myself, invited to the conference that took place last week in Downing street between the Prime Minister and the leader of the Liberal Party, but my hon. friend the member for Treorchy—(loud laughter)—gave me a true account of the incidents between the two party leaders. After the usual compliments the Prime Minister said:—"We have never been colleagues; we have never been friends—at least what we call holiday friends, but we have both been Prime Ministers, and dog don't eat dog. Just look at the bill the trade unions and the wild fellows have foisted upon me. Do me a service, and I will never forget it. Take it upstairs and cut its dirty throat." (Mr. Churchill resumed his seat amid uproarious laughter.)

THE LEGAL ASPECT.

SOLICITOR-GENERAL'S OPINION.

Sir Stafford Cripps, Solicitor-General, laid down the general principle that the strike weapon, as a last resort, could not be taken from the workers until they were able to obtain fair terms and conditions by negotiations. He agreed, however, that any strike or lock-out which, in substance, was revolutionary or political, was now, and always had been, and always should be, illegal. He denied that the provisions of this bill deprived any persons of rights which they had before against the trade unions, and that there would be no machinery by which an illegal strike could be stopped. There is no doubt in my mind, he added, that the strike of 1926 would be illegal under the present bill, and for this reason—that, though

MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

it was in some degree in furtherance of a trade dispute, a court of law would have held that the primary object of the strike was not industrial.

Dr. Burgin, the Liberal member for Luton, said that this was a most important declaration. He indicated that in committee the Liberals would move an amendment to the bill to ensure that what was illegal in 1926 would remain illegal under the present bill.

CLOSING POINTS.

Mr. Neville Chamberlain, who concluded the Opposition case against the bill, said that in the minds of the people the uppermost feeling was one of indignation that at a time like this Parliament should be occupied with a measure which could not possibly put one person in employment. The Solicitor-General had expressed the opinion that under the bill the general strike would be illegal; but did that represent the Government's view? Before the division was taken that point should be made clear.

Mr. J. H. Thomas said that he did not propose to take seriously the speech made by Mr. Churchill, for he had made so many speeches on so many different subjects that they cancelled each other. (Laughter.) He refused to answer any legal argument. So far as the great mass of workers were concerned, legal argument would not determine their action. He defied any lawyer in the House to name any industrial dispute that had ever been prevented by an Act of Parliament. He agreed that the community ought to be protected against any threat to the Constitution by anybody; but what were Mr. Churchill and Sir John Simon doing when the Constitution was threatened by the people of Ulster? (Labour cheers.) He submitted that by this bill they were not legalising a general strike.

The second reading was carried by 277 votes to 250.

A proposal made by Mr. Baldwin, that the bill should be dealt with in Committee of the whole House instead of by a Grand Committee, was rejected on a division, and the House adjourned.

HOW MEMBERS VOTED.

GOVERNMENT SAVED BY LIBERALS.

The Press Association's Lobby Correspondent states that the majority of Liberals in the House abstained from last night's division on the Trade Disputes Bill, and thus averted a Government defeat.

Eight Liberals voted with the 241 Conservatives, against the Bill, namely:—Sir John Simon, Mr. George Lambert, Mr. Duncan Millar, Sir Robert Hutchison, Mr. Ernest Brown, Mr. Clement Davies, Sir Robert Aske, and Colonel England. One Independent member also voted with the Opposition.

One Liberal—Sir William Edge—and two or three Independents, including Mr. Joseph Devlin and Sir Robert Newman, voted with the Government.

NICE TO HONOUR THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NICE, Wednesday.

To-morrow evening the Duke of Connaught will open the new portion of the Promenade des Anglais here, and the authorities will avail of the occasion to honour him with the freedom of the City of Nice. In the evening there will be a gala for the benefit of the Queen Victoria Hospital, in which the Duke takes great interest.

£100,000 ILLICIT DISTILLERY.

DISCOVERY IN NEW YORK.

MORE SIDELIGHTS ON PROHIBITION.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

A DISTILLERY valued at more than half a million dollars (£100,000) was seized to-day by prohibition agents at Kingstown, New York State. Four men were taken prisoners.

This is the largest distillery seized in New York State since the advent of prohibition. The size of the still can be judged from the fact that it contained

A 2,500-gallon storage tank,
Eleven 10,000-gallon vats,
One 5,000-gallon vat,
1,700 empty gallon containers,
500 gallons of alcohol, and
A 2,000-gallon tank filled with fuel oil.

"EARLY CLOSING" EDICT.

Mr. Mulrooney, Commissioner for Police, has announced in connection with the Club Abbey shooting case, in which six persons were seriously wounded in a Broadway night club on Saturday last, that he will immediately ask the Board of Aldermen of the city to pass an ordinance authorising the closing of all "speakeasies" at 1 a.m. every day no matter where they are operated.

In the meantime the "strong arm" squad will make further efforts to pursue the criminal elements from the Broadway night clubs, arresting well-known criminals on sight.

The Commissioner announces that he has suspended Detective Walsh, who was seen in the Club Abbey on the evening prior to the revolver battle in the club, and who did not report his visit to his superior officers.

COAST GUARD ACCUSED OF DRUNKENNESS.

Evidence to the effect that the commander of the coast guard cutter which chased and shelled the Canadian rum-runner Josephine K., killing her captain, was drunk when he boarded the schooner, and continued to drink during the night, was given at the resumed inquiry this afternoon, when seven Canadians, accompanied by a representative of the British Consul-General, appeared before the Board.

A member of the crew of the Josephine K. named Selig, said that Schmidt, the boatswain, who was in command of the coast guard cutter, staggered quite a bit, and during the night drank at least six bottles of ale and two of whiskey, which he found in the forecastle of the Josephine K. He added that Schmidt pointed a revolver at another member of the crew named Falkenham, declaring, in a thick German accent, that he would have to shoot him because his name was not listed on the schooner's papers.

A threat of vengeance against the boatswain was made by a brother of Captain Cluett, who was cook in the Josephine K., according to members of the coast guard at the inquiry this morning. "If our captain dies, your skipper dies too," he is alleged to have said.

A SPEED TEST.

A speed test of the Josephine K. will be made as soon as possible in order to answer Mr. Campbell's inquiry as to whether it would not have been possible for the cutter to capture the rum-runner without shooting. Coast guard men gave evidence to the effect that the Josephine K. had been chased twenty times in the past two years, and had always escaped.

A new aspect of the question is revealed in Washington, where official circles assert that the Josephine K. is really owned by a "ring" of American bootleggers—who, they say, owned the I'm Alone also—the company under which she was registered in Nova Scotia being bogus.

These officials take the view that if the schooner is really American-owned, Canada can only protest at the killing of Captain Cluett.

EGYPTIAN BANDITS CORNERED.

ALL-DAY EXCHANGE OF FIRE WITH POLICE.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

LUXOR, Wednesday.

Armed robbers on Monday fired on a motor car belonging to the Metropolitan Museum of New York Expedition at Deir Bahari as the car was returning with wages from the National Bank of Luxor along the main street, which is frequented with tourists to the Colossi. The chauffeur was wounded, but he kept on his way and the car escaped.

Over three hundred provincial police, with ten officers, were immediately mobilised, and surrounded a sugar cane plantation bordering the road where the robbers were concealed, and throughout yesterday kept up a fire which the bandits energetically returned.

Eventually the entire plantation was flooded during the night to a depth of eighteen inches, when the robbers, fearing that they would be drowned, broke cover.

Two were killed outright, and a third was seriously wounded and taken to hospital.

The pursuit of the remainder continues.

ULSTER'S GRAND PRIX

GREAT RACE MAY LEAVE IRELAND.

The *Daily Express* Motoring Correspondent writes:—

A mystery has arisen in connection with the road course for this year's R.A.C. International Tourist Trophy Race. Hitherto, this event, which has completely outshone even the Grand Prix races on the Continent, has been held over the Ards Road Circuit, near Belfast.

It was generally assumed in motoring circles that the race would be continued indefinitely at Belfast, I understand, however, that the famous Tourist Trophy course in the Isle of Man, or an alternative course in the island, is now receiving consideration. The Isle of Man authorities have invited the R.A.C. to send a representative over to the island to examine two road courses, to see if they would be suitable for the Tourist Trophy Race. This invitation has been accepted.

The organisation of the race in Ulster has been highly successful, and for this reason Northern Ireland seems to have prior claim. In some quarters, however, it is considered that a change of course might add interest to the event.

SIR OSWALD MOSLEY AND UNEMPLOYMENT.

CONFERENCE PROPOSAL REJECTED.

FROM THE PRESS ASSOCIATION LOBBY CORRESPONDENT.

Sir Oswald Mosley's proposal for the summoning of a special conference of the Labour Party to consider the Government's unemployment policy came before a meeting of the National Executive of the Labour Party at the House of Commons yesterday.

After a discussion, in which Sir Oswald Mosley, who is a member of the Executive, took part, the Executive decided against the proposal.

HIGHER CITY RATES.

STATEMENT BY LORD MAYOR.

SHILLING INCREASE ANTICIPATED.

HOW RESPONSIBILITY IS PLACED.

THE Lord Mayor of Dublin, speaking at the meeting of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce yesterday, said that, because of matters over which the Corporation had no control, the city rates may be increased one shilling in the pound for the coming financial year.

The Lord Mayor did not indicate the causes of the anticipated increase in the Corporation's demand on the ratepayers. From inquiries made last night our reporter learnt that the causes are given as follows:—

Fourpence or fivepence increase: Caused by liability for added areas and other charges outside the Corporation's control;

Threepence or fourpence increase: Caused by conditions imposed by the Government in their relief grant to the Corporation;

Twopence or threepence increase: Caused by necessary repairs to municipal property.

A share in the responsibility for the increase will be laid indirectly on the shoulders of the Government; a direct

THE LORD MAYOR.

share on the shoulders of the new Corporation's immediate predecessors, and the largest share at the doors of the former Councils of Pembroke and Rathmines.

FIVE YEARS' IMMUNITY.

A penny in the pound before Greater Dublin came into existence produced £4,000. Although the area of the city and the number of its ratepayers have greatly increased under the Greater Dublin Act, the value of a penny in the pound rate is little higher than it was under the old Corporation.

The Act provides that no matter how much the citizens of "old Dublin" have to pay in rates, the inhabitants of Rathmines and Pembroke will enjoy for the next five years immunity from increases of rates. These areas, however, have now to be administered by the Corporation on a scale for which the rates struck by the local councils in the last year of their existence were inadequate.

In support of this statement it was declared that the Rathmines Council, in their final estimates, provided for a sum of something over £10,000 for repairs and maintenance of roads, and struck a reduced rate which cannot be raised for five years, though the roads must continue to be maintained. Such liability for the added areas, and other charges outside the control of the Municipal Council, would, it was stated, account for fourpence or fivepence in the pound of the anticipated increase in the Dublin rates.

THE RELIEF GRANT.

It was further stated that threepence to fourpence in the pound of the increase in the Dublin rates would arise from the conditions imposed on the Corporation by the Government when they made a grant of £25,000 under the Relief Act. The Corporation has to supply all materials required for relief works undertaken under this grant, which is now almost exhausted. The Relief Act expires within a month or so, and in the belief that it will be renewed by the Government, to endure for a lengthy period, the city estimates will include provision for its working.

Another twopence or threepence in the pound will be absorbed by repairs to municipal property and buildings, which have not been dealt with for some time.

[The Lord Mayor's statement on the rates is on page ten.]

RATES COMPARISON.

Under the old Corporation:
1924-1925—19/2 in the pound.
Under the Commissioners:
1925-1926—17/2 in the pound.
1926-1927—16/- in the pound.
1927-1928—15/6 in the pound.
1928-1929—14/8 in the pound.
1929-1930—14/8 in the pound.
1930-1931—16/- in the pound.

THE AUSTRALIAN CRISIS.

A CURIOUS POSITION.

In a message from Melbourne yesterday *The Times* Correspondent says:—With the return to Melbourne of Mr. Fenton, who acted as Prime Minister during the absence of Mr. Scullin, and Mr. Lyons, the Acting Treasurer, the Federal Cabinet crisis became less obscure to-day. It is almost certain that both Mr. Fenton and Mr. Lyons will resign next week, and that neither will attend the

WHAT DUBLIN WOMEN ARE WEARING. SEE PAGE 4.

Cabinet meeting at Canberra on Saturday. They are apparently deferring any announcement of their intentions till after the Parkes election. Mr. Anstey, Minister of Health, is an enigma. Logically he should resign, and if he does there will have to be a Cabinet reorganisation, with Mr. Scullin as leader and Mr. Theodore deputy leader. Mr. McGrath, who is also anti-Theodore, may go so far as to resign his seat for Ballarat, but not from the party.

The fate of Mr. Makin, the Speaker, may be left in the hands of Parliament. He referred to-day to the Caucus decision as a "most unfortunate turn of events." The real test will come when Parliament meets early in March. It is regarded as certain that the Opposition will submit a motion of censure, in which event the decision will rest with the supporters of Mr. Fenton and Mr. Anstey, who may combine forces against Mr. Scullin and bring down the Government. Meanwhile, Mr. Theodore is to leave Sydney for Melbourne by aeroplane to-morrow to be sworn in by Sir Isaac Isaacs, the Governor-General.

THE MARKETING OF BUTTER.

COMING DUBLIN CONFERENCE.

TRIBUNAL'S SCHEME TO BE CONSIDERED.

FROM OUR POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT.

THERE has been a good deal of criticism of the delay which has occurred with regard to the urgent recommendation of the Butter Marketing Tribunal. That Tribunal sent in its interim report several weeks ago, setting forth a scheme for an alternative marketing society to Irish Associated Creameries.

I am now in a position to state that at last a move is being made, and that in connection with the matter a very important conference will take place in Dublin on Wednesday next. That conference will include about fifty representative members of the creamery industry, and its principal purpose will be to decide whether the scheme set out by the Tribunal was such as they could recommend to the creameries for adoption.

Next Wednesday's meeting will be in the nature of a preliminary to a still more representative conference to be held later. Much, of course, will depend on the degree of unanimity manifested.

Although the request to call the representatives of the creamery industry together was addressed in the first instance to the Minister for Agriculture, it would seem that Mr. Hogan was of the opinion that the creameries should indicate their views in the first instance.

This has now been done by various groups throughout the country, and it is apparent that the view is held that in the scheme submitted by the Tribunal there is, at all events, a basis for fruitful discussion.

LATE NEWS.

BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT WITH "THE TIMES."

LAST NIGHT'S DIVISION.

A MEANINGLESS MAJORITY.

In a leading article *The Times* of to-day observes:—By a small and meaningless majority of twenty-seven the House of Commons gave a second reading last night to the Trade Disputes and Trade Unions Bill. It is a meaningless majority, because the House was in hopeless bewilderment to the end of the debate about the effect of the leading clause of the bill. The figures conceal, and do not reveal, the real state of opinion upon the measure, of which the principle is assumed to have been approved. Now that Clause I. has been interpreted by the Solicitor-General, the General Council of the Trades Union Congress may have little further use for the bill. The interpretation might not withstand argument in the High Court, and there is the impressive authority of Sir John Simon, on the other side, but it is the considered opinion of the Solicitor-General that the general strike of 1926, although legal at that time, would have been illegal if the provisions of the present bill had then been the law.

Sir Stafford Cripps informed the House that he had no doubt that a court of law would have held that the primary object of the general strike was not industrial. When he made this announcement he had at his side both the Attorney-General and an embarrassed Prime Minister. The Attorney-General had told the House earlier that the bill would not make legal any strike that was illegal in 1926. That again is a sharply contested assertion, and the opinion already expressed in a contrary sense is more weighty than that which supports the Attorney-General. But the significance of the two statements made by the Law Officers on the first and the last days of the debate is that, in their opinion, and presumably, therefore, in that of the Government, they are not by this bill attempting to make legal a general strike of the character of that which the General Council conducted in 1926.

AN UNHAPPY FOUNDLING.

Whether, in fact, that is the effect of the bill can still be argued. The Law Officers' assertions are not conclusive, but they, at all events, reveal intent. Now it must be remembered that the General Council's chief ground of protest against the Act of 1927 is that, in unmistakable language, it declares all strikes of the nature of the general strike an offence at law, for which those responsible can be made liable; but the present bill, according to the Solicitor-General, would not give the General Council the powers which it thought it possessed in 1926, and which it has demanded to have again as a gift of the Labour Government.

The Liberal Party proceed in Committee to give effect to their criticisms of the bill on the floor of the House. They will kill it by making it intolerable to the Government's supporters, as surely as if they had had the courage to deal the death blow last night; but before then it may have become an unhappy foundling.

SILENT VALLEY INSPECTION.

FOUR BIG NORTHERN UNDERTAKINGS.

Lord Craigavon, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, speaking at a luncheon in Belfast yesterday, following a tour of inspection by the Belfast Water Commissioners of the Silent Valley, where a great reservoir is being constructed for the supply of water to Belfast, referred to the magnitude of the scheme.

He said that in Ulster they had also a great scheme for draining the River Bann. This, in the opinion of the Government, was not only a matter of easing Lough Neagh of its high winter surplus water, but would transform the weather conditions of practically the whole of the Ulster area.

OTHER BIG SCHEMES.

Another big work was the building of a new bridge over the Foyle at Londonderry, while the Belfast Harbour Commissioners had a very important undertaking in hand which would make Belfast Harbour more prominent among the harbours of the Empire.

Lord Craigavon expressed the hope that these gigantic undertakings would bring much benefit to the Ulster people.

LORD CARSON'S HOPE.

The Chairman read a letter from Lord Carson, expressing delight at the progress towards completion of the great work in the Silent Valley.

He recalled the fact that he had cut the first sod, and said that it had been suggested that he should also lay the last sod. Nothing would give him greater pleasure than that he should be able to do so.

The Marquis of Reading is confined to his London house with an attack of influenza. The Press Association was informed last night that he has had to cancel all his engagements for about a week.

GANDHI ELABORATES HIS TERMS.

ELEVEN FUNDAMENTAL POINTS ENUMERATED.

ANTICIPATING ANOTHER TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.

AN American pressman's account of an interview with Gandhi states that the Indian leader said that he could be no party to any peace which did not satisfactorily solve the three problems of alcohol, foreign cloth and salt manufacture.

He enumerated eight other points upon the settlement of which, he said, depended the calling off of the civil disobedience and non-co-operation movement. They included the abolition of the criminal police and the right of citizens to use firearms for personal defence.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Tuesday.

The Associated Press publishes the account of an interview which its Bombay correspondent has had with Mr. Gandhi. It says:—

Mr. Gandhi sat on a hay matress, half-naked, with his lean legs crossed underneath him, his hands alternately toying with a Biblical spinning-wheel and picking his toes.

His lean, bronze-like body, shaven head, ascetic features, toothless mouth, deeply-melancholy eyes and spiritual mien, made him look like a living Buddha. Squatting on the bare floor, like disciples, were the Associated Press and other newspaper men, who had been obliged to remove their shoes before entering the presence of this oracle and sage of the Hindu people.

THE FANATICS.

Outside the building were cheering fanatical thousands, clamouring vociferously for Mr. Gandhi to appear on the balcony. Their repeated rhythmic cries of "Victory to Gandhi" and "Long live the Indian revolution," almost drowned Mr. Gandhi's feeble voice, as he answered the journalists' questions.

As the interview proceeded, long lines of ardent devotees of Mr. Gandhi, many of whom were women, entered the room and, touching the naked knees of their apostle, prostrated themselves before him as though he were the re-incarnation of the Hindu God of Gods, Rama.

Speaking excellent English and carefully weighing each word, Mr. Gandhi said:—"Even if after our conference with the delegates to the Round Table Conference it is found that Mr. Macdonald's statement affords sufficient grounds for Congress to suspend the non-co-operation movement, Congress cannot abandon the right of picketing liquor and drug shops and those selling foreign cloth, nor can the right of India's starving millions to make their own salt be given up.

"FUNDAMENTAL RIGHTS."

"The execution of these fundamental rights is not intended to register resistance of the Indian nation to the existing British rule. It is intended to achieve these ends for all time, regardless of the outcome of the forthcoming peace conversations. No amount of good will established between Great Britain and India, so far as I can see, will reconcile the public to the evils of alcohol, foreign cloth, and the refusal of the Government to allow peasants to make their own salt.

"I hunger after peace if it is achievable with honour, but, even if I stood alone, I could be no party to any peace which does not satisfactorily solve the three questions mentioned above. I want the substance of independence, not the shadow. I shall, therefore, judge the Round Table Conference 'tree' by its fruit.

"I have given three fundamental points of our programme, which are being executed, but even after the acceptance of this programme by the Government the calling-off of the civil disobedience and non-co-operation movement depends upon the settlement of the remaining eight points of our programme, which call for

"A reduction in the ratio of exchange from eighteenpence to sixteenpence to the rupee;

"The reduction of the land-revenue by at least 50 per cent.;

"The reduction of military expenditure by 50 per cent.;

"The reduction of salaries of high-grade Government employes by 50 per cent.;

"The reduction of the protective tariff on foreign cloth;

"The passage of the Coastal Reservation Bill;

"The abolition of the criminal police, and

"The right of citizens to use firearms for personal defence."

THE PEACE OF PRISON.

Mr. Gandhi added that he would judge the fruits of the Round Table Conference in the light of the points enumerated above, which, he said, were conceived in the terms of the "man in the street."

In reply to a question, Mr. Gandhi said that if the approaching peace *pourparlers* failed, and if he again ran counter to the Ordinances against civil disobedience, he was quite prepared to return to jail.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "I hated to leave the prison for the turmoil and conflict and strife of everyday life."

AT ALLAHABAD.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

ALLAHABAD, Wednesday.

Mr. Gandhi arrived here to-night. A large crowd had assembled to welcome him at the station, but he avoided them by leaving the mail train at Cheoki junction, about eight miles from here, and completing the journey by car. He was met at Cheoki by the Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the All-India Congress, law member of the United Provinces Government, and several members of the Nationalist Working Committee.

He immediately proceeded to Anand Bhawan, the residence of the aged Pandit Motilal Nehru, who is lying seriously ill.

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

MADRAS, Wednesday.

The Madras Legislature has adopted by fifty-six to twenty-three a "cut" moved by a Nationalist member in a supplementary demand for police, with a view to condemning police action in dealing with civil disobedience.

The demand amounted to six hundred thousand rupees, and was mainly for meeting the increased expenditure necessitated by civil disobedience.

SCHNEIDER TROPHY CONTEST.

ROYAL AERO CLUB'S REPLY TO PREMIER.

The following statement was issued yesterday by the Royal Aero Club in reply to Mr. Macdonald's remarks in the House of Commons on Monday:—

"Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, in throwing responsibility for the delay in preparation on the Royal Aero Club and the Society of British Aircraft Constructors, is scarcely supported by the facts. The root of the trouble was the attitude of the International Aeronautical Federation. The British proposal was that the closing date for entries should be July 31st, 1930; but in June the Federation suddenly receded from insistence on the strictest observance of its own rules governing the contest, and laid the way open for the wearisome and long-drawn-out squabble with potential foreign challengers over entry procedure. Further, the final date by which entries must be received was put back till December 31st.

"Actually, therefore, it was not till December that any valid challenge was received by the Royal Aero Clubb. Far from leaving the matter till the last few days, technical investigations by the individual aircraft and aero engine firms interested in the contest began early in 1930, and communication was established with the Air Ministry on the subject in March.

"During the year it became evident that the measure of assistance to be given by the Government to a potential private defender was impossible of application.

"The Government's reservations on the question of insuring the machines and the refusal to supply pilots made it virtually impossible for the trophy to be defended. Technical investigation, nevertheless, has continued right up to the present day, and it is because of the steps taken by individual firms that it is now possible for us to consider participation at all.

"It has been forgotten that the aircraft industry has never yet entered the Schneider Trophy co-operatively as an industry. It is, therefore, unreasonable to expect the industry to take collective action."

BRITAIN WILL BE READY.

MR. MACDONALD'S STATEMENT TO-DAY.

The Times Parliamentary Correspondent writes:—There is now every reason to believe that, after all, Great Britain will be ready to defend the Schneider Trophy, which will become the absolute property of this country if it is won this year. A statement will be made on the subject by the Prime Minister in the House of Commons this afternoon, and it is understood that Mr. Macdonald will make it clear that the Government is now prepared to co-operate to the fullest possible extent with the Royal Aero Club, even though the time for making the necessary arrangements has become very short.

The Duke of Leinster said on arrival at New York on Tuesday night that he "would not be married to anyone" during his holiday in the United States. This denial followed the publication of a report that he would be married shortly to Mrs. Huguette Clark Gower, daughter of the late Senator W. A. Clark, of Montana.—(Reuter.)

GRANGEGORMAN WRIT.

NOTICE OF HIGH COURT MOTION TO-DAY.

Payment was not made yesterday by any of the public bodies against whom a writ for over £5,000—arising out of the recent judgment of the Supreme Court in favour of employés of the Grangegorman Mental Hospital Committee—is in the hands of Dr. Lorcan Sherlock, City Under-Sheriff.

In consequence of this failure, Mr. Dermot McDowell, solicitor for the plaintiffs, yesterday prepared an application to the High Court for a four-day Order against the treasurers of the various authorities who were defendants in the action, and from whom Dr. Sherlock some days ago demanded the immediate discharge of the liability.

NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO-DAY.

To-day the solicitor for the plaintiffs will give notice of motion for the order. Two days will be required for the service of notice to the defendant treasurers. The application for the order may be heard on Monday.

Should such an order be granted, it is understood that the treasurers of the different defendant bodies would be personally liable, no matter what instructions their respective authorities had laid upon them. The order would be pressed, and if they remained recalcitrant their persons might be attached. Some difficulty might arise in the case where banks are the treasurers, but Mr. McDowell is satisfied that even in the case of banks somebody would be found to be personally responsible to such an order.

THE CORPORATION'S ATTITUDE.

A member of the Dublin Corporation stated yesterday that a false impression might be conveyed by the refusal of the Corporation to immediately discharge the liability under the writ, and an idea prevail to the financial discredit of the Corporation. A legal point at issue, he said, was solely responsible for the delay so far as the Corporation was concerned.

Mr. Walter West, the Grimsby solicitor who is defending Mrs. Annie Hearn on a charge of wilfully murdering her friend, Mrs. Alice Maud Thomas, of Lewannick, Cornwall, has accepted an offer from Mr. Cecil Powell, of Torquay, to devote to her defence £500, which he received from a newspaper for giving first information which enabled the police to interview Mrs. Hearn. Mrs. Hearn will again appear before the Launceston magistrates on the charge of murder to-day.

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COMMERCE AND DEMAND FOR DE-RATING.

REPLY TO CLAIMS OF THE FARMERS.

LORD MAYOR OF DUBLIN AND HIGHER CITY RATES.

THE Lord Mayor, speaking yesterday at the annual meeting of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, stated that, because of matters over which the Dublin Corporation had no control, the rates might be up one shilling in the pound in the coming financial year.

Mr. W. P. Sherriff, President of the Chamber of Commerce, replied at some length to the farmers' demand for de-rating.

In his presidential address, Mr. W. P. Sherriff, having welcomed the Lord Mayor and congratulated him on his election to the highest office in the gift of the citizens, said that steps would be taken to collect evidence with regard to the registration of Circuit Court judgments, as the present position was unsatisfactory from the point of view of Dublin traders, who gave credit in the provinces, and it was doubtful whether the recommendations of the Joint Committee would provide a satisfactory solution of the difficulties. The Dublin Chamber of Commerce Court of Arbitration—the machinery of which was set up by the Chamber as a means that might be taken advantage of for the speedy, economical, and efficient settlement of business disputes—had been availed of on several occasions during the past year, and had given satisfaction to those who made use of it. The Council would like it to be more widely known throughout the country that that Court of Arbitration was in existence.

PROBLEM OF DE-RATING.

"The most important problem in the immediate future is de-rating," Mr. Sherriff proceeded. "The report of the Commission of Inquiry into the subject will be published shortly, but it is quite possible that that report will not settle the controversy. We continue to oppose the de-rating of agricultural land, which simply means an unjustifiable shifting of the burden to the shoulders of the commercial community. Apart, however, altogether from the question of taxation, we oppose the de-rating of agricultural land because it would seriously interfere with the system of local government. In the rural areas, as a whole, the rateable basis would be narrowed from £8,700,000 to £1,350,000, while individual counties would show greater reductions—e.g., Meath, £553,000 to £73,000. That is to say, the value of a penny rate in Meath would shrink from £2,304 to £304. In some districts where the farmers would be paying no rates, the only hereditaments to pay rates would be the labourers' cottages. In these circumstances the extreme difficulty of raising money for the future amenities of the districts would be a severe handicap upon progress.

REPLY TO FARMERS' CLAIM.

"When tendering our evidence we made it clear that it was not compiled in any spirit of hostility to the farmers. We do not believe that de-rating is the best method of helping those farmers who require help. The farmers' proposition resolves itself into the placing of £2,000,000 taxation upon the non-agriculturists. This means a taxation of £1 15s. per head. Not per taxpayer, but per head, so that a man with a wife and three children would be taxed £8 15s. As there are so few direct taxpayers in the Irish Free State, the bulk of this money will have to be raised by indirect taxation. This means that the small wage-earners in the towns will be taxed to provide the remission of rates to farmers for better off than themselves.

"The claim that the farmers pay the bulk of the taxation of this country has been repeatedly made. It is not the case. The agriculturists form nearly 60 per cent. of the total population. Giving them the benefit of every doubt, it is impossible to raise their contribution to the taxation up to 50 per cent. It is probably below 40 per cent. The total expenditure for 1929-30 was £25,050,061. Subtract from this total the expenditure on the Post Office, £2,199,130, and replace that item by the actual deficit in the Post Office, £397,794, and you have, in round figures, £23,250,000 as the total expenditure. If you reduce this total by the provision for agriculture, £2,500,000, and the cost of the Department of Industry and Commerce, £102,596, you have, in round figures, an expenditure of £20,650,000, which can be apportioned on a population basis. The agricultural community's proportion—60 per cent.—is £12,390,000. Add to this the amount devoted to agriculture, £2,500,000, and you have the agricultural portion amounting to £14,890,000—that is to say, over 64 per cent. of the total expenditure.

WHAT PROPOSAL MEANS.

"So you have the agricultural community, paying less than 50 per cent., or, more probably, 40 per cent., of the taxation, receiving over 64 per cent. of the benefits of the national expenditure.

"The de-rating proposal of the farmers is a simple one. It is to add £2,000,000 to the taxation of the rest of the community for the benefit of the agriculturists. This would leave the agricultural community paying 36.5 per cent., or, at any rate, not more than 45 per cent., of the taxation of the country, and receiving 57 per cent. of the benefits of the national expenditure—the rest of the community paying all of the remaining rates.

"Very few of us, and I suggest that even very few farmers themselves, really believe that de-rating is going to put an end to all their anxieties and troubles, or is likely to make all the difference to them between prosperity and failure."

Mr. Sherriff then proposed the adoption of the report.

Mr. J. J. Halpin, Vice-President, seconding, congratulated the President for his very clear exposition on the important question of de-rating.

LORD MAYOR AND THE RATES.

The Lord Mayor of Dublin said that he was satisfied that the citizens had given to the city a splendid Corporation. No matter to what sides the members belonged they were all anxious to give good service to the city. The commercial register had given to the Corporation possibly five of the best business men in the city. Through the enterprise displayed by the Government of this country, a success had been achieved far beyond the expectations of a good many. New industries had sprung up, and a few more new industries would probably be started within the next twelve months. He was informed that cross-Channel and Northern Ireland firms at the present moment were looking for factory sites in Dublin. He thought that was a wonderful display of confidence in their Government, when the financial depression on the other side was taken into consideration.

The Lord Mayor then stated, amid cries of "No," "No," that the rates for the city might be increased this year by a possible shilling in the £. This probable increase would arise, he said, from circumstances over which they had no control. The Corporation should not be blamed, but must be given a fair chance.

SUGGESTED BOUNTY.

Mr. D. J. Cogan, ex-M.P., speaking on de-rating, said that it would press unduly on industry and commerce without any corresponding advantage. To encourage cultivation of the soil the man who tilled the soil should be encouraged, and he suggested that it should be done by a bounty of £1 per statute acre under cultivation. He favoured the making of the mental hospitals, as well as the maintenance of main roads, a State charge. In that way considerable relief would be given to agriculturists. Agriculture was failing, and unless the present methods were radically altered it would continue to fail. As the land went out of cultivation, so did the number of cattle, the wealth of the country, fall off. While Denmark, with a little over 9,000,000 arable acres, cultivated 7,000,000 acres, this country, with an acreage of 12,000,000, cultivated only 2,000,000 acres. Let them learn the lesson of Denmark.

Mr. W. P. Sherriff.

CALENDAR REFORM.

Mr. K. Eason spoke on calendar reform, and regretted that the Chamber of Commerce, and, in fact, the country, had made no move towards giving their opinion or help in the settlement of the problem. They had only until March 1st to do so. They would have to let Mr. McGilligan know that they would back him against any attempt at the League of Nations to interfere with the date of Easter, unless and until the Churches took action. The present calendar made the determination of business statistics impossible.

Mr. T. J. Cullen said that de-rating would be a direct taxation on industrial progress. Industry and commerce could hardly bear the present burden of taxation, and things would be difficult enough with the added shilling in the pound that the Lord Mayor said might be added to their rates. He suggested that unless a State bank was set up to deal with industrial development industries would continue to be oppressed. The Bank rate of 6½ per cent. on overdrafts, as compared with 1½ per cent. interest on deposits, was a form of immoral extortion.

Mr. J. J. Reddy and Mr. P. Leonard, T.D., having spoken,

The President said that the question of calendar reform had been referred to the Associated Chambers of Commerce, and would probably be discussed at their meeting next month.

Messrs. Craig Gardner were re-elected auditors.

A vote of thanks was then passed to the outgoing President.

Returning thanks, Mr. Sherriff said that when the honour of President of that Chamber had been conferred on him last year it was, perhaps, all the greater, suffering as he did from the disadvantage of not being an Irishman, but being a Scot. He looked upon his election to the presidency of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce as a crowning proof of the broad-mindedness and spirit of tolerance which he had never failed to experience from all classes and creeds not only in Dublin, but throughout Ireland, in both business and private life, during over thirty years' residence in the country.

For the League's proposals see Mr. E. K. Eason's Pamphlet: "Our Defective Calendar and the Remedy." Price 1/- from Eason and Son, Ltd., or any bookseller.—(Advt.)

LUCIA INCIDENT.

OFFICERS AND MEN PUNISHED.

STATEMENT BY FIRST LORD.

THE Admiralty's decision on the minutes of the Lucia Court of Inquiry and Courts-martial was announced by Mr. A. V. Alexander (First Lord), in the House of Commons yesterday.

The Board, he said, regret that it must be concluded that the conditions of contentment of the ship's company, and sympathy between officers and men, which unquestionably exist in His Majesty's ships generally, were very far from being realised in the Lucia, and that this was due to some extent to want of tact and consideration on the part of the captain and executive officer, and incapacity on the part of the divisional officer concerned. It is evident also that the petty officers, who should have been aware of a growing feeling of discontent among the ship's company, took no steps to check it, or bring it to the notice of their officers; and, further, that there were certain individuals amongst the ship's company who fomented ill-will among their messmates.

As a result of these unfortunate conditions, he continued, an order, necessary to meet a Service emergency, ordinarily met in the Navy with cheerfulness, was made the occasion of a concerted refusal of duty by a body of men. Whatever the supposed provocation, this unprecedented action could not be treated otherwise than gravely.

THE PUNISHMENTS.

The Board, however, having given full weight to the extenuating circumstances already mentioned, have decided to reduce the punishments awarded by the Courts by substituting for the sentence of imprisonment with hard labour that of detention in the two cases in which the former punishment was awarded, and also to reduce the period of detention by one-third in all the four cases. Corresponding reductions have also been made in the summary punishments.

"The officers referred to will have their appointments terminated forthwith, and will be placed on half-pay, with an expression of the Board's serious displeasure for the regrettable state of affairs revealed by this incident, and His Majesty's ship Lucia will be immediately paid off and recommissioned with a new crew of officers and men.

REGULATIONS NOT DEFECTIVE.

The Board have also carefully considered whether the facts in connection with this incident point to the desirability of any alteration of the new regulations issued in 1929, on the subject of the procedure for preferring complaints, and have decided that there is no ground for thinking that the regulations are in any way defective. Some of the evidence, however, showed that insufficient knowledge of the regulations existed, both amongst officers and men, and in order to safeguard the position further steps will be taken to ensure, as far as may be, that no officer or man shall be unaware of the proper procedure.

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE.

Mr. Malone (Labour, Northampton)—Is not the First Lord aware that the system of justice in the Navy is a hundred years behind that of the Army? Will he not consider going into the whole question of Naval judicial procedure?

I cannot accept that interpretation, said Mr. Alexander, amid Opposition cheers. I have inquired very carefully in the last few days into the alterations made by the regulations of 1929. The real purpose of these regulations was to bring the Naval regulations into line with those of the Army, and, in my view, in some cases they are better from a service point of view than the Army regulations.

Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy asked whether it was still possible for a man to be punished for preferring a complaint which was not substantiated.

Mr. Alexander—It is not possible under the new regulations for a man to be punished for making a complaint, unless it is regarded as a frivolous complaint.

Commander Bellairs asked whether, in the event of the captain, or officers, applying for a court-martial, it would be granted.

CASE OF GOOD-CONDUCT PAY.

Mr. Alexander said that he did not think that that could be presumed. If any of the officers concerned asked for a courtmartial the matter would be considered.

Mr. Hore-Belisha (Liberal, Devonport)—In view of what the First Lord has said, will these men lose their good-conduct pay?

Mr. Alexander replied that he thought that that would follow in every case, but he was not certain at the moment. The lightest punishment—seven days' cells—had been automatically reduced to a smaller number of days.

Rear-Admiral Beamish asked whether the sentences of dismissal from the Service were to stand in the case of the two who were regarded as the worst offenders.

"Yes," replied the First Lord.

THE THREE OFFICERS.

The Press Association understands that the officers of the Lucia concerned in the statement of the First Lord of the Admiralty were:—Commander O. E. Hallifax, Lieut.-Commander J. W. Hoskyns, and Commissioned Boatswain P. A. Wright.

THE COURTSMARTIAL.

Four men were tried by courtmartial at the Royal Naval Barracks, Devonport, and the following sentences were passed:—

Able Seaman T. Gratton, three months' imprisonment, with hard labour, and dismissal from the Service; Able Seaman Edward B. Towl, six months' imprisonment, with hard labour, and dismissal from the Service; Bugler Able Seaman William Joseph Alle Winson, detention for six calendar months; and Able Seaman Joseph Edward Luck, detention for six months.

PRESERVING THE IRISH LANGUAGE.

GAELTACHT'S GREATEST NEEDS

"The Social Question and the Gaeltacht" was the subject of a lecture delivered by the Rev. W. F. Byrne, S.J., under the auspices of An Riaghacht (The League of the Kingship of Christ), in the theatre of Belvedere College, Dublin, last night.

The Very Rev. J. J. Coyne, S.J., Rector of Belvedere College, who presided, introduced Father Byrne as not alone a distinguished mathematician and scientist, but as one who had for over twenty years been identified with most of the movements in Ireland connected with the upkeep of the Irish language and industrial development.

HOUSING AND WATER.

The Rev. Father Byrne, in the course of his lecture, said that they were apt to consider the Gaeltacht question too much from a selfish point of view. They recognised that it would be a good thing to preserve the Irish language in all its purity, and that that could only be done by preserving the occupants of the Gaeltacht. They could not stop emigration from the Gaeltacht unless they provided means of livelihood for the people, if not in the Gaeltacht, at least somewhere else in Ireland, though he admitted that a boy or girl from the Gaeltacht, knowing no language but Irish would find it difficult to get a position in Dublin or Cork.

He pointed out that two of the greatest needs of the Gaeltacht were an adequate and good water supply, and proper housing.

There was plenty of good water in the lakes in the mountains and hills, and it should be practicable to convey it in pipes to the fever-stricken districts.

The problem could only be solved by making the Gaeltacht a place where people could live in comfort, happiness and peace, and these results could be achieved by carrying out the recommendations in the Gaeltacht Commission's report.

Proposing a vote of thanks, Mr. Cormac Breathnach said that Father Byrne spoke as one who understood the Gaeltacht, and not like others in Dublin who seemed to think that the people of the Gaeltacht should be put into cages and preserved as rare species for the propagation of the Irish language.

BANK CLERKSHIPS.

85 Bank Appointments were gained by ROSSE COLLEGE, Stephen's Gn., since 1929. Principal: A. Sparkhall Brown, B.Sc. (Lond.). —(Advt.)

THE UPKEEP OF SLANE CASTLE.

DECISION IN THE LONDON COURTS.

DOWAGER MARCHIONESS'S ALLOWANCE.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.
LONDON, Wednesday.

THE construction of a clause in the will of the late Marquess Conyngham was argued before Mr. Justice Clauson in the Chancery Division, London, to-day.

The Earl of Mountcharles was the plaintiff, and the respondents, as trustees of the will were the Dowager Marchioness Conyngham, of Slane Castle, County Meath, Irish Free State, and the Right Hon. John Gretton, M.P., of Belgrave square, Westminster, London.

Mr. Herbert Arthur Scawen, of Faversham (Kent), a trustee, who had since died, was also named as a respondent.

THE USE OF THE CASTLE.

The clause of the will, which was before Mr. Justice Clauson, was one which provided that the Dowager Marchioness be allowed to use, occupy and enjoy Slane Castle, in the County of Meath, and the furniture and pictures therein, during her life, together with the demesne and all gardens, pleasure grounds and appurtenances thereto, and to receive during the same period out of all the rents and income of the said heridataments and estate a sum not exceeding £3,500 per annum for the maintenance and upkeep thereof, otherwise than for repairs, which are not to be included in this sum.

It was contended for plaintiff that there was in the will no direction to the trustees which entitled Lady Conyngham to call upon them to pay repairs out of the testator's estate in addition to the sum of £3,500 a year. Lady Conyngham, it was also contended, must submit to a deduction of income tax on the £3,500.

SERIOUS ISSUES.

It was argued on behalf of the Dowager Marchioness that she was entitled to what might be spent on repairs as well as being entitled to a sum up to £3,500 a year for upkeep and maintaining the castle as a residence.

Mr. Justice Clauson said that the action raised a number of serious and controversial issues between near relatives. However, he was not trying the action. An order was made in chambers under which the Court had to determine certain questions of construction.

It was quite obvious that the nature of the action was such that it would probably be most desirable in everyone's interests that the controversies between these near relatives should be settled, and it appeared to have occurred to the advisers of the parties that the best way to prepare the ground for that would be to determine certain preliminary questions of construction.

THE TRUSTEES' DUTY.

Mr. Justice Clauson said that he construed the clause in question as meaning that a sum for maintenance and upkeep, other than repairs, was not to exceed £3,500, it being the testator's intention not to include expenditure on repairs in the limited sum, but to provide for repairs without limiting the expenditure.

He, accordingly, made a declaration that it was the duty of the trustees upon the true construction of the will to provide out of rents and income for such repairs as were reasonably required for maintenance and upkeep.

He also made another declaration that the £3,500 was not to be diminished by deduction for income tax.

AFFAIRS OF BELFAST FIRM.

LIQUIDATION SEQUEL.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BELFAST, Wednesday.

THE hearing was resumed in the Chancery Court, Belfast, to-day, before Mr. Justice Wilson, of the application by the Official Liquidator (Mr. A. H. Muir), in connection with the affairs of Messrs. John Fulton and Co., Belfast. The liquidator asked for an order that George Fulton, 45 Ulsterville avenue, Belfast; David Fulton, 36 Myrtlefield Park, Belfast; and John Fulton, 25 Sans Souci Park, Belfast, warehousemen and directors of the company, and Henry Jenkinson and Co., Rosemary street, auditors and registrars of the company, be declared liable to make good and contribute to the assets of the company by way of compensation in respect of misfeasance, or breach of trust, sums amounting, in the aggregate, to £70,261 10s.

The first two days of the hearing were occupied by the statement of Mr. Megaw, K.C., on behalf of the liquidator. At the sitting of the Court to-day Mr. Jenkinson replied to the liquidator's assertions as to the sudden collapse of an apparently sound concern.

Mr. Jenkinson contended that the rot in this case was by the non-observance of Article 66. What proposition, he asked, could be greater than the one for the winding up of the company behind the backs of the Preference shareholders? Had his letter of the 18th of December been acted upon, there would have been no liquidation, and they would not be there that day.

The Judge—Would your letter have made this insolvent company solvent?

Mr. Jenkinson—I do not admit that the company was insolvent.

The Judge—Assuming that it was, could any letter you wrote turn an insolvent company into a solvent one?

Mr. Jenkinson—There was outside help forthcoming.

The Judge—It must be obvious to you that no amount of letter-writing by you would make a company solvent that is insolvent. You may bolster it up and carry it on for a further period, but nothing more.

Mr. Jenkinson—When I come to deal with the figures I will show you the company was solvent.

The Judge—You know what the duty of an auditor is, and you are charged with a breach of that duty. You are charged with misfeasance and breach of trust. That is what your observations should apply to.

Mr. Jenkinson—The scheme I prepared was a skeleton one when the company was in liquidation. There was £50,000 in cash available to put into these two companies, in certain circumstances. Mr. Robinson asked for certain particulars, which were refused, and then the scheme fell through. These two balance sheets, prepared by me, were not seen. They were only my rough idea for a scheme of reconstruction, provided Mr. McGonigal was satisfied.

The Court adjourned until to-morrow.

PREVENTION OF CHILD NEGLECT.

NATIONAL SOCIETY'S WORK.

The National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children investigated 3,180 complaints of neglect and cruelty in England, Wales and Ireland during December, 1930. Of the 3,151 cases completed, 3,107 were found true. These affected the welfare of 8,117 children and concerned 4,547 offenders; 2,940 cases were warned or advised, 53 were prosecuted (resulting in 52 convictions), and 114 were dealt with by transfer or in other ways. From its foundation in 1884 the Society has dealt with 1,480,554 cases, involving 4,030,387 children.

In the Dublin branch during the same month 60 cases were dealt with, affecting 147 children. The local office of the Society is situated at 20 Molesworth street, Dublin.

FOUND DROWNED.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
LONGFORD, Wednesday.

A verdict of "accidental death due to drowning" was returned at the inquest which was held on Patrick Farrell, of Clongower, Lanesborough, Co. Longford, whose body was found in the Shannon near Lanesborough last Monday. The river had been dragged since Christmas Day and the surrounding country searched for the missing man.

SPORTSMANSHIP IN IRELAND.

IS IT DECAYING?

MR. JUSTICE HANNA AND SPORTS TRIBUNALS.

MR. JUSTICE HANNA, speaking at the annual general meeting of the Irish Kennel Club, held in Jury's Hotel, Dublin, last night, said that the past year had not been a bright one for the club. The efficiency of their club was as good as ever, but they had suffered a pecuniary loss. They had fined a member in £5, their decision was reversed at the Law Courts on technical grounds, and this decision had cost them £142. This was a very serious matter for a sporting club, and he wished to say that it looked as if the old spirit of Irish sportsmanship was on the decay.

Mr. Justice Hanna.

The disciplinary body was necessary in every sporting organisation, and it used to be that its decisions were accepted in the sporting spirit as final, but within the last eighteen months they had seen the authorities in Ireland in racing, coursing, football, and dogs brought into the courts in consequence of decisions that they had given. As one connected with several branches of sport, he could say that this had considerably sapped the power of disciplinary tribunals in sport. A committee could not conduct its proceedings as if it were a Court of Law, and could only give a commonsense interpretation of rules, but the fear which had been engendered of making some technical slip, added to the open defiance and threats of litigation of alleged defaulters, had made the position exceedingly difficult for those in authority.

The committee was composed of men who were considered honest, fair and just by the whole Council, and he thought that everyone who called himself a sportsman should accept their decisions as final. A club like theirs could not stand the burden of litigation.

THE GREEN STAR SCHEME.

He had been asked to make a statement as to the operation of the Green Star scheme for championships. The scheme had been in operation five years, and had been adopted because the English Challenge Certificate system was unsatisfactory in Ireland. The club could not regard the scheme from the point of view of any particular breed of dog, as most critics had done. The fundamental points were that the scheme should be distinctly their own; championships should be proper tests; the scheme should help the shows as much as possible, and it should be most appropriate for the whole kennel administration in Ireland.

Their Green Star system had become known everywhere in the kennel world, and had impressed everyone with its real worth as a standard for championship honours. During the five years full championship honours had been achieved by 61 exhibits—37 dogs and 24 bitches—and the number was increasing every year. If they took the four-point Green Star as the equivalent of a Challenge Certificate, under the old system, giving the five years they had awarded, for all breeds, 620 four-point Green Stars and 279 three-point Green Stars.

BREED CHAMPIONSHIPS.

As regards breeds, seven full championships had been awarded in Cairn terriers, six in Alsatians and smooth fox terriers, five in wolfhounds, Irish setters, Airedales and blue terriers; four in wire fox terriers and Irish terriers, and three in Pekingese and Pomeranians. Could any system be more satisfactory? he asked.

As to the criticism that the exhibitor did not know, until he got to the show, whether it was a four or a three-point star in his breed, he said that that was so, but it appeared to him to be of little consequence, except to the pot-hunter, who, in the old days, did not take his dogs to a show unless there was a challenge certificate to be carried off. Further, the entry at the shows had been considerably increased by the Green Star system, and also the "gate," as the public could now see more of the well-known winners than in former years.

Another criticism was that the classes might be either loaded or starved improperly. He was satisfied that there was not any substance in this complaint. It might really have happened a few times, but not so often as people thought.

THE AMERICAN MARKET.

A very important point that he wished to emphasise was that breeders in Ireland should turn their eyes to the American fanciers as buyers for Irish breeds. The specimens of the native breeds in this country were of a very high quality, and they should not be afraid to push them. It would cost a little money in advertising to exploit the American market, but it would pay in the end. If one club could not do it, it might be undertaken by a confederation of the Irish breeds jointly, for the benefit of all. The idea was worth following up, as there was good money for Irish dogs.

He did not think that the breeds, taken as a whole, were fairly represented on any basis. Terrier clubs for some breeds were duplicated, and double representation was obtained for the same persons, while several breeds had no representation at all. He did not know at present what the remedy for this was, but he would prefer that the suggestion should come for those breeds which were over-represented or had double representation. The club owed a good deal to Mr. R. G. Quirk for his excellent work. (Applause.)

TRUSTEE'S RE-ELECTED.

The trustees who were re-elected were Mr. Justice Hanna, Mr. J. A. Carberry and Mr. P. J. Corbett.

There was a good attendance.

DUBLIN TRAWLING STRIKE.

NEARING A SETTLEMENT.

The dispute which has been in progress for the last three months between the Dublin Trawling and Cold Storage Company and about eighty of their employés who are engaged on their seven trawlers, is likely to be settled this week as the result of the intervention of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

The point in dispute had virtually nothing to do with wages, but rather dealt with the question of the times at which the company's vessels should arrive at the South Jetties, Dublin, when the cargoes of fish should be discharged, how long the trawlers should lie in the port, and the hours that the men could spend in Dublin.

Mr. Connor, of the office of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce, presided yesterday at a conference of representatives of the company and of the Amalgamated Society of Transport and General Workers' Union, of which the men are members. He put forward certain proposals for a settlement which, generally speaking, an *Irish Times* representative learned, were acceptable to both parties, and these will be submitted to the company and to a meeting of the men for ratification.

The men have been given strike pay during the dispute by their Union.

LAND DIVISION.

WEST WICKLOW DEMAND.

At a meeting of the committee of the tenants on the Tighe estate, Davidstown, Dunlavin, on the 26th January—the Rev. Father Leahy, C.C., presiding—the following resolutions were adopted:—

"That we urge upon the Land Commission to put into effect immediately their declared intention to resume the holdings of Mrs. Tighe, so that the lands may be divided amongst the future tenants for cultivation this year, such action being essential in the interests of the people who are entitled to the opportunity of a living in their own country."

"That copies of the above resolution be forwarded to the Land Commission, the Press and the representatives of the county in the Dail."

U.S. MARKETS.

SUPPORT LACKING.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.
NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Stocks at the opening were easy, but the continued narrow drift of prices pointed to caution, and uncertainty prevailed in speculative quarters. The U.S. Steel Corporation's earnings statement was about as expected, and had little effect on the market. A few issues showed independent strength, notably Tobaccos, under the influence of the declaration by the Liggett Myers Company of an extra dollar dividend, together with a favourable earnings report.

Steel reviews showed that improvement in the industry had all but halted, pending further advancement in general business. Reports from large-scale Merchandising organisations were relatively satisfactory. Woolworth reporting that 1930 net earnings were only ten cents per share below 1929.

Coppers were under pressure on talk of offerings of the metal at concessions. Weekly petroleum statistics were distinctly unfavourable, showing an increase of 1,000,000 barrels of gasoline in storage. The close was weak.

Anaconda Copper, Chesapeake and Ohio, Atchison Topeka, American Smelting, Houston Oil, Southern Railway, Vanadium, Western Union Telegraph, Westinghouse Electric, U.S. Steel, Bethlehem Steel, Baltimore and Ohio, American Telephone and Telegraph, American Power and Light, American Can, and Allied Chemical declined 1 to 4 points; but American Tobacco "B" advanced 2.

Government Bonds barely steady; Railroad Bonds quiet. The day's sales totalled 1,600,000 shares. Money on call closed easy at 1½ per cent. bid and 1¾ per cent. asked. All business during the day was again concluded at 1½ per cent. Sterling exchange firmer. Silver ¼c. higher at 29½.

	Wed.	Tues.
Call Money	1½p.c. 1¾c.	1½p.c. 1¾c.
Exchange on Lon.—60 days sight	4.85⅛	4.85⅛
Do. Do. Demand Bills	4.85⅛	4.85⅛
Cable Transfers	4.85⅝	4.85⅝
Do. Montreal	4.86⅛	4.86⅛
Exchange Paris cable	3.92	3.92

Par.	Stocks.	Closing Bid. Wed.	Tues.
100	Atchison, Topeka, Santa Fe	194	196½
100	Do Preferred	105⅝	105⅞
50	Baltimore and Ohio	78	80¼
100	Canadian Pacific (New Stock)	41⅝	41⅞
100	Chesapeake and Ohio Com.	63½	64
25	Chicago, Milwaukee, & St. Paul	8½	8½
100	Chicago and North-West	41	42⅝
100	Erie Shares	30½	31¼
100	Erie 1st Preferred	41	41
100	Illinois Central	86½	87¼
100	Louisville and Nashville	109⅞	109
100	Missouri Pacific	25¼	27½
100	New York Central & Hudson R.	123	126
100	Norfolk and West Com.	206	210
100	Northern Pacific Com.	57½	59
50	Pennsylvania shares	62¼	63
50	Reading shares	88	90
100	Southern Pacific	102½	103
100	Southern Railway	59¼	61½
100	Union Pacific	195	198
	American Can. (New Stock)	109⅝	112⅜
	American Smelting (New Stock)	42½	43½
	Anaconda Copper	32⅝	33⅝
	Bethlehem Steel Com. Stock	49	51⅜
	Consolidated Gas (New York)	83½	89¼
	General Electric (New Stock)	43¼	44⅝
	General Motors (New)	37½	38⅝
	Inter Mer. Marine Com. Certs.	16	15⅞
	International Nickel	14⅜	15
	National Lead	120	120
	Pan-American Petroleum "B"	34½	35¼
	Radio Corporation	13⅞	—
	Royal Dutch Petroleum	39	—
	Shell Transport and Trading	32¼	32¼
	Shell Union Oil	9⅝	9¾
	U.S. Rubber	12⅝	12⅝
	United States Steel Common	140⅜	142½
	Do. Preferred	147¼	148
	Silver Commercial Bars	29½	29½
	Brazilian Traction	23	23⅝
	Brit.-American Tobacco Coupon	30½	29¾
	Gramophone Co.	9	9
	Hydro Electric	22¾	24
	International Pet. Canada, New	14½	14⅝
	BONDS.		
100	U.K. 5% Bonds, 1937	105⅞	105⅝
—	Do. Funding Loan 4%	—	92½
—	Do. War Loan 5%	—	—
—	U.S.Treasury 3½% Bds. 1946-56	—	—
100	7% German Loan	101	100¾

SUPPLEMENTARY INDUSTRIAL PRICES.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

Parity.	Stocks.	Wed.	Tues.
97⅜	Air Reduction	94⅜	94⅞
161	Allied Chemical	157	161
12⅛	American Super Power	11½	12⅛
100	American Tel. and Tel.	186	188½
100	American Tobacco "B"	111½	109
100	American Waterworks	56	58
100	Case Threshing	87½	92
100	Chrysler Corp.	16⅝	17⅛
100	Cities Service	17⅞	18¼
8⅜	Columbia Graphophones	8⅝	8⅝
100	Commercial Solvents	17⅝	18⅛
100	Drug Inc.	47⅝	48⅜
100	Du Pont	88	88⅛
100	Eastman Kodak	153½	157½
100	Electric Bond and Share	43¼	44
100	Electric Power and Light	47	49
100	Fox Film	30	31½
100	Gillette Safety Razor	23⅝	24⅜
100	Goodyear Tyre	42¾	—
100	International Harvester	51	52⅛
100	International Tel and Tel.	25½	26½
100	Johns-Manville	62	63¼
25	Kennecott Copper	24½	24⅝
100	Krauger and Toll	22⅝	22¾
100	Liggett and Myers "B"	98⅝	99½
100	Lambert Co.	80¾	80¾
100	McKesport Tin	77½	78
100	Mexican Seaboard Oil	13⅝	14⅜
100	Montgomery Ward	18⅝	19¼
100	National Biscuit	73	75
100	National Cash Register	33¼	34½
100	National Dairy Products	43	43⅞
100	National Power and Light	34½	36¼
100	North American Company	69½	71¼
100	Packard Motors	9½	9¾
100	Paramount Publix	44	45⅜
100	Public Service of New Jersey	79	80¾
100	Radio Corp. of America	14	14⅜
100	Radio Keith Orpheum	17⅜	18
100	Reynolds Tobacco "B"	44½	44⅝
100	Royal Dutch	39¼	39⅝
50	Sears Roebuck	49½	50
100	Standard Gas and Electric	63	63½
100	Standard Oil of N.J.	47¼	48
100	Union Carbide	59⅝	60½
100	United Corp.	20⅜	21⅜
100	United Gas Improvement	29	29¼
100	Vanadium Corp.	47⅝	49⅜
100	Warner Bros. Pictures	15½	17¼
100	Westinghouse Electric	84	86½
100	Woolworth	57	58⅜

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Eng. Equiv.	Stocks and Shares	Close Prices Wed.	Tues.
100	Abitibi Power & Paper Co., Ltd.	10½	9
1	Asbestos Corporation, Ltd.	1	1
	Do. Preferred	1	1
100	Brit. Columbia Packers, Ltd.	23½	23½
100	Brazilian T. L. & P. Co., Ltd.	23½	23⅜
100	Brit. Columbia P. Corp., Ltd., A	35½	35
100	Do. Do. Do. B	12	12½
100	Brit. Empire Steel Corp., Ltd.	2¼	1¾
	Do. 1st Pref., Series B	19½	19½
100	Calgary Power Co., Ltd.	145	145
100	Canadian Car Common	18½	18½
25	Do. Preferred	25	25
100	Canada Cement Co., Ltd.	12⅜	12½
100	Do. Preferred	92	97
100	Canadian Cottons Co., Ltd.	30	30
100	Canadian Indus. Alcohol Co. A	4	4½
100	Do. Do. B	2½	2½
100	Canada Power & Paper Corp.	2½	2½
100	Canada Steamships Lines, Ltd.	5	5
100	Do. Preferred	18	16½
100	Can. Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Ltd.	137½	139½
100	Dominion Textile Co., Ltd.	76	78¼
100	Fraser Companies, Ltd., Com.	2¼	2½
100	Hollinger Con. Gold Mines	9½	9¾
100	Inter Nickel of Canada, Ltd.	14½	14⅝
100	Massey Harris Common	5	6⅝
100	Montreal L. H. & P. Consol.	85⅝	86
100	National Breweries, Ltd.	29	29½
100	National Steel Car Corp., Ltd.	34¾	34
100	Port Alfred P. & P. Corp. Ptd.	30	30
100	Power Corp. of Canada, Ltd.	31½	31½
100	Quebec Power Co.	41½	40½
100	St. Lawrence Corporation	2¾	2¾
100	Shawinigan Water & Power Co.	40½	39
100	Steel Co. of Canada, Ltd.	30	31
100	Winnipeg Electric Co.	14⅝	14⅜
100	Bank of Montreal	280	289
100	Canadian Bank Commerce	221	231
100	Royal Bank of Canada	230½	240½

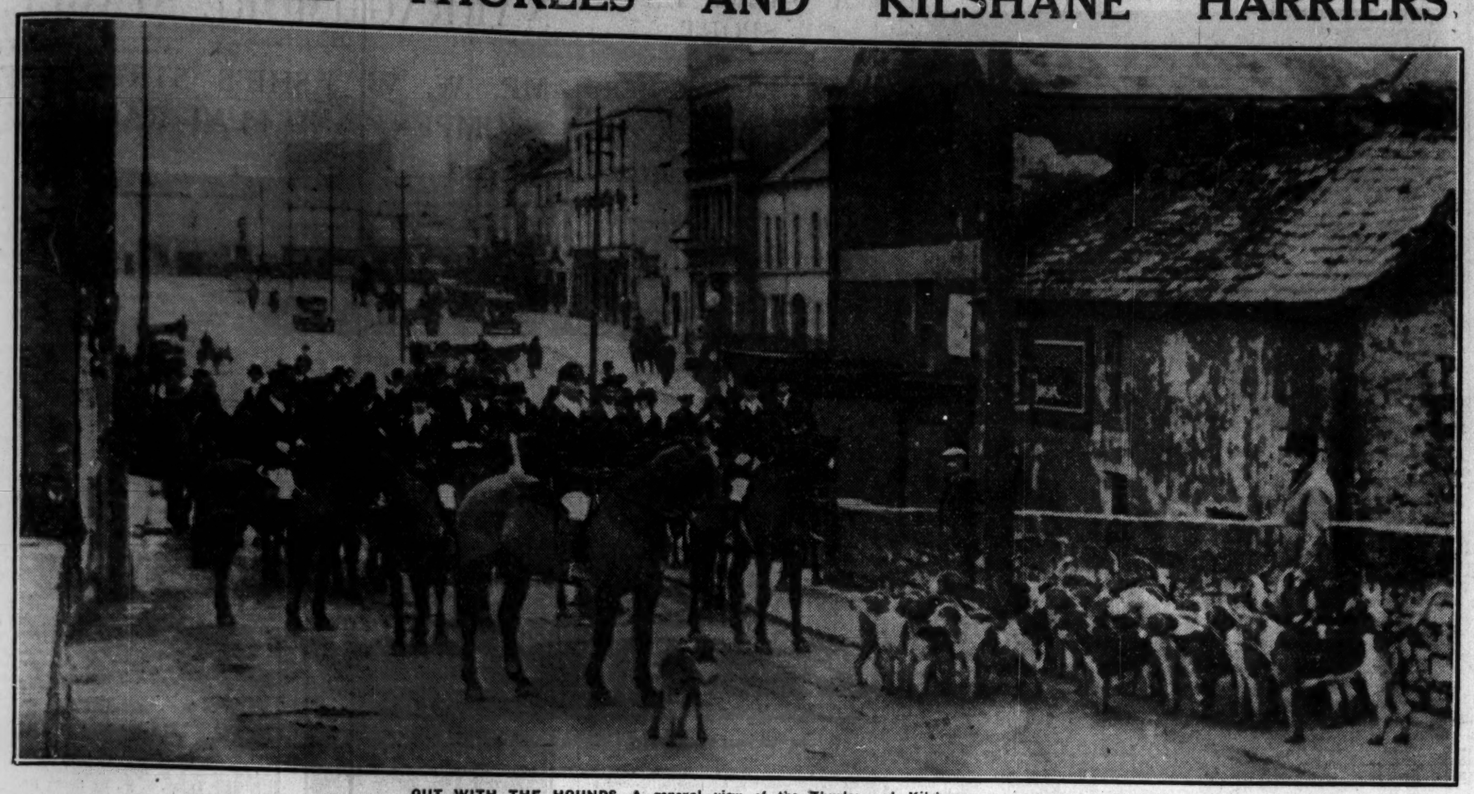
* Asked; † Ex div.; ‡ Ex interest; § Ex rights.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS.

WHEAT—Manitoba steady, ¼c. down. Red winter easy, ¾c. lower.

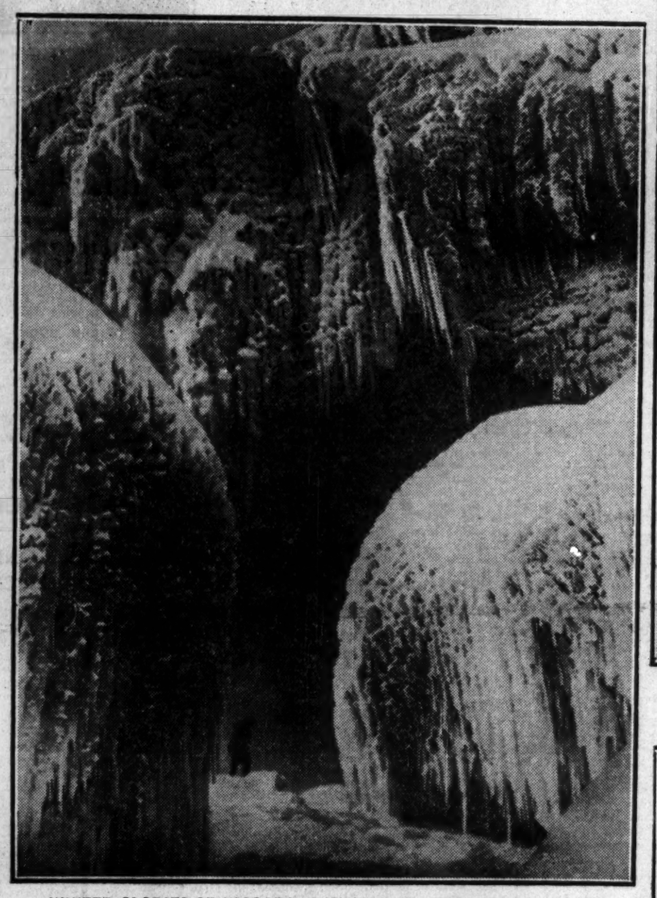
	To-day.	Prev. day.
No. 2 Amber Durum, spot	—	—
No. 2 Mixed Durum, spot	—	—
No. 1 Northern Manitoba, spot	69½	69⅝
No. 2 Hard Winter, spot

WITH THE THURLES AND KILSHANE HARRIERS



OUT WITH THE HOUNDS—A general view of the Thurles and Kilshane Harriers' meet at Thurles yesterday, showing the move-off. Liberty square, in the centre of the town, forms the background of the picture.

HUNTING AT FIVE — Miss Dodo Barry, who has not yet turned six years, astride her hunter at the Thurles meet. She has been hunting with the Thurles and Kilshane pack for some little time.

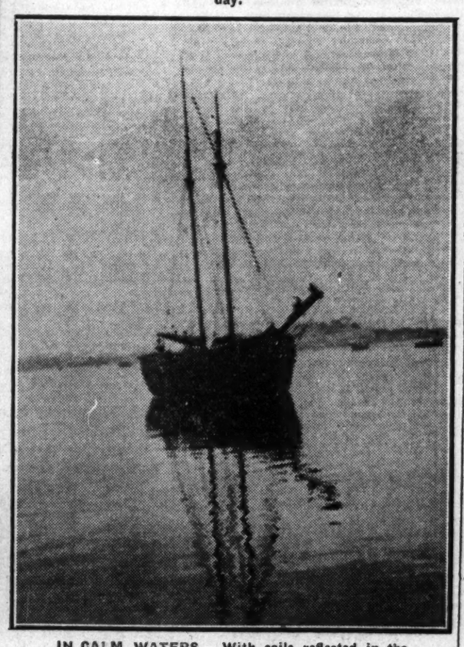


WINTER GLORIES OF NIAGARA—A Christmas-like setting given by the falls of Niagara, which have become frozen over as a result of the severe winter weather. A great fall of rock occurred there recently, but so vast are the falls that the gap is hardly noticeable.

THE MASTER'S DAUGHTER—Miss Seton (Hon. Whip), daughter of the Master, photographed when out with the Thurles and Kilshane Harriers yesterday.

THE CLIMBER—A pause during an ascent of the Japanese Alps.

AN UNCONVENTIONAL POSE—Mrs. Phillips chatting with Mrs. Seton (left), wife of the Master, at yesterday's meet of the Thurles and Kilshane Harriers.



IN CALM WATERS — With sails reflected in the waters, a vessel of a type fast dying out makes a picturesque study at a Southern seaport.

WOMEN'S HOCKEY TRIAL—An incident of the Leinster inter-provincial Trial match at Dartry road, Dublin, yesterday.

GOREY PLOUGHING MATCH—Mr. M. Tobin, one of the chief prize-winners, displaying his skill at the Gorey ploughing match.

Paris... knows the way
to keep that schoolgirl complexion

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Keep that Schoolgirl Complexion

DO THESE 3 THINGS TO HAVE STRONG, HEALTHY TEETH

1 *Include these in your daily diet: eggs, raw fruit, fresh vegetables; a lemon with orange juice; milk.*

2 *Use Pepsodent twice a day.*

3 *See your dentist at least twice a year.*

FILM *is found by dental research to discolour teeth and incite serious tooth disorders. It must be removed daily.*

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Sold in two sizes — 1/3 and 2/-

The latter size double quantity

2839

INCREASE IN OUTDOOR RELIEF.

STATEMENT AT DUBLIN UNION.

Owing to distress caused by the building strike there has been an increase in the demand for outdoor relief made on the Dublin Union. This fact was brought out at yesterday's meeting of the Dublin Union Committee. Mrs. Kettle (Chairman) presided, and there were present—Messrs. P. S. Doyle, T.D.; P. J. Medlar and J. Shiels.

DISTRESS CAUSED BY STRIKE.

During the week ending Saturday last the number of cases relieved in the Union area in money and kind was 6,422, and the amount involved was £3,349 17s. 6d., an increase of about £50, as compared with the previous week. Inspectors Corway and Healy, who submitted the statement, said that for the present week there would be an increase of almost £100 over last week. This was owing to conditions brought about by the builders strike.

Mr. Shiels pointed out that as a result of the strike the ratepayers were now obliged to pay out relief to some of the men who ought to be employed. There were several housing schemes going on. It was a case of a dog eating his own tail.

Inspector Corway said it was demoralising in ways. He went on to say that the Corporation officials were not disposed to accept men recommended by the Inspectors for relief work. Out of 950 sent out, only 300 were taken on.

Mrs. Kettle thought that the present method of selection for relief schemes was unfair. If a man, who for a long time, had been without work were not enabled to work he would in time become totally incapable of working.

Mr. Shiels suggested that every man recommended by the Union Committee should get at least two weeks' work.

It was decided to take up the matter with the Corporation so as to get the percentage they wanted employed on relief work.

PROPOSED BALDOYLE DISPENSARY.

Mr. Condon, the Clerk, reported that the credit balance at the bank stood at £5,508 18s.

Arising out of a letter from the Minister for Local Government and Public Health, Mrs. Kettle stated that no action had been taken in connection with the proposed new dispensary at Baldoyle.

Dr. W. C. Dwyer, R.M.S., said that the matter was not urgent.

"THE PIT" AT GLASNEVIN.

Mr. P. J. Medlar gave notice of intention to move—"That we, the members of the Dublin Union Committee, call upon the Glasnevin Cemetery Committee to abolish that portion of Glasnevin Cemetery known as "the Pit," and to provide in lieu thereof a decent means of burial, which from a Christian point of view would afford individual rather than collective interment, and further that copies of this resolution be forwarded to the Dublin Corporation, Grangegorman Mental Hospital, and Dublin Trades Council."

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This wonderful, balanced formula is prescribed by doctors the world over because it is absolutely harmless and never fails to give quick relief.

As soon as it reaches the stomach 'Bisurated' Magnesia stops the fermentation of foods and instantly neutralizes the excess acids that cause all the pain. Thus it quickly gives relief and puts the upset stomach in order again. It is not an artificial digestant so there is no bad after-effect.

Every chemist sells 'Bisurated' Magnesia—keep a bottle handy so that you can always get relief quickly whenever your stomach bothers you.

'BISURATED' MAGNESIA

prescribed for INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, GASTRITIS, FLATULENCE, HEARTBURN and ACIDITY.

THE BEST WEEK-END PAPER FOR DUBLIN People is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Last Edition on Sale every Saturday morning. Price Twopence.

SANDOWN PARK TO-DAY.

DRIN FANCIED TO REPEAT LAST YEAR'S SUCCESS.

THE Prince of Wales's Steeplechase, which is the most valuable race on to-day's card, has cut up rather badly, but what is lacking in quantity is amply made up in quality. Shaun Goilin runs for F. Hartigan instead of Don Sancho, while Woodland will be represented by Drin, who won this race last year, and Monduco. Shaun Goilin has done very little so far this year to entitle him to much consideration, but it is about now that National horses begin to come on. I expect an improvement from him, but do not fancy his chance in this race. Drin is a better horse than he was last year, and may be better than Monduco. Ballyhanwood, too, has shown a great improvement during this season, and with his low weight must be dangerous, but I think that Drin may register another victory in this event.

Montpelier is at home on the Sandown course, but he has shown so little form recently that I am inclined to look beyond him in the Village Selling Hurdle. Cloth of Gold, who has not had the best of luck recently, might end a run of tantalising failures in this event.

F. Wootton has decided to run Puttacota in the Cardinal's Hurdle instead of Sobrino. He was well fancied when failing at Leicester, and may run close this time. Pebble Ridge, however, was behind two very good ones when running third to Magic Moon and Sawston at Windsor, and may do better in this race.

Orvello and Lord Marcus make the most appeal in the Four-Year-Old Hurdle. Lord Marcus shaped like a future winner at Hurst Park, but Orvello, who finished in front of him then, may go one better.

The Wolf, engaged in the Welcome Steeplechase, was a very convincing winner at Windsor last Saturday. Throughout that race he was never headed, and won in a common canter. Although he has contracted a 5lb. penalty for that victory, I do not think it will stop him, and he may register another success. I expect, however, to see March Brown II. and Two Royals put up a forward display.

Village Selling Hurdle—**Cloth of Gold.**
Ripley Steeplechase—**Blue Mark** (nap).
Cardinal's Handicap Hurdle—**Pebble Ridge.**
Prince of Wales's Steeplechase—**Drin.**
Four-Year-Old Hurdle—**Orvello.**
Welcome Steeplechase—**The Wolf.**

DOUBLE—**Blue Mark** and **Orvello.**

1.30—VILLAGE SELLING HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. 2m. Age st. lb.

MONTPELIER (Mr. R. Forbes)—Thrale a 11 7
CLOTH OF GOLD (Mrs. J. Begley)—Hackett a 11 7
ORMUZD (Mr. P. Beaumont) ..... Gore a 11 7
HEREWITH (Mr. A. Bostwick) ..... T. Anthony a 11 7
RATTLER (Miss V. Cox) W. Nightingall a 11 7
SPECTRESCOPE (Mr. Commdr. G. Bennett) ..... Ryan a 11 7
TIN O' MINT (Mr. A. Gemmell) Mairs 6 11 7
ELCHO (Mr. R. Gore) ..... Gore a 11 7
DAZZLER (Mr. F. P. Mayo) ..... E. Morgan a 11 7
APPROVAL (Mr. H. Simmonds) Dick 6 11 7
RENBURN (Mr. F. N. Sutton) R. Hooper 6 11 7
YEARLY (Mr. B. Wagers) G. Anthony 6 11 7
SOUND ASLEEP (Sir E. Mills) Nugent a 11 7
FRANK BARE (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton a 11 7
IRISH LORD (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton 6 11 7
BEROADACH (Mr. R. J. Froome) Tabor 6 11 3
LOUNGE LIZARD (Lord Lovat) ..... W. Nightingall 5 11 3
A LA VIOLETTE (Baron R. Rothschild) ..... F. Hartigan a 11 3
WHITSBURY (Mr. H. Simmonds) Dick 5 11 3
PURE KNIGHT (Mrs. Stephens) Blair 5 11 3
PUMPHREY (Mr. G. Bennett) Ryan 5 11 3
IKNATON (Mr. C. H. Barnett) Owner 4 10 7
RADIO RAY (Mrs. B. Preston) B. Preston 4 10 7

Betting
Form. Probable Starters an' Jockeys. Forecast.
030 MONTPELIER ..... Escott 1/2
033 CLOTH OF GOLD ..... F. Rees 5/1
414 HEREWITH ..... Mr. A. Bostwick 7/1
001 SPECTRESCOPE ..... D. Morgan 7/1
004 ELCHO ..... O'Grady 6/1
210 DAZZLER ..... T. F. Morgan 10/1
00 BENBURB ..... Bullick 100/7
102 FRANK BARE ..... Magee 4/1
212 IRISH LORD ..... McDonnell 5/2
221 BEROADACH ..... Pellerin 9/2
410 LOUNGE LIZARD ..... Speck 5/1
000 PURE KNIGHT ..... Lynch 100/8
010 RADIO RAY ..... Ingoldsby 10/1

2.0—RIPLEY SELLING HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 150 sovs. 2m. and about 25 yds. Age, st. lb.

TOWER HILL (Mr. A. Boxall) ..... Pendarves a 12 7
MIR KHAN (Sir Vincent Coulthurst) ..... Mr. Thackray 6 11 10
REDLYNCH (7lb. ex.) (Mr. J. Pendarves) ..... Pendarves a 12 0
BLUE MARK (Mr. B. Alvarez) ..... Woodland a 11 12
NEWTOWN WONDER (Mr. G. S. Longlands) ..... G. Langlands a 11 2
TREASURER (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges a 10 13
SOLOMON'S CHOICE (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges a 10 11
STRONG POINT (Miss E. Norton) ..... Powell 6 11 7
SWANAGE (Mr. D. R. Dale) R. Gordon a 10 4
LADY BICKLEY (Mr. W. C. Edwards) ..... Powell a 10 2
THREE FEATHERS (Mr. G. Clayton) ..... Clayton a 10 0

Betting
Form. Probable Starters and Jockeys. Forecast.
301 REDLYNCH ..... Foster 6/1
303 MIR KHAN ..... Mr. Thackray 6/1
305 MISS CLYDE (Mr. A. Bull) ..... Vinall 2/1
445 NEWTOWN WONDER (Mr. Longlands) ..... Hardy 9/2
100 TREASURER ..... P. Prendergast 5/1
224 STRONG POINT ..... T. F. Morgan 7/1
200 THREE FEATHERS ..... Mr. Dutton 100/1

2.30—CARDINAL'S HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 200 sovs. About 2m. 5f. Age, st. lb.

KILRECKLE (Capt. R. E. Sassoon) ..... Martin a 12 7
SORRINO (Mr. S. Wootton) F. Wootton 6 12 6
PUTTACOTA (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton 5 12 2
BIG BLACK BOY (Mal. Stevens) Stevens 9 12 2
MICHAELMAS DAY (Mr. C. Harmsworth) ..... Poole 6 12 1
DUKE OF FLORENCE (Mr. A. A. McAlpine) ..... Hartigan a 11 12
GOLDEN LYRE (Mr. T. Rayson) ..... Rayson 5 11 11
SANDRA (Mr. H. G. Hunt) ..... H. Hunt a 11 6
SOMNUS (Mr. T. B. Ellis) ..... W. Payne a 11 5
DOVEDALE (Mrs. Rinll) ..... Butchers a 11 4
ROYAL TANGO (Mr. P. H. Rigg) Law a 11 3
PLAYTOI (Mr. P. Thrale) ..... Thrale a 11 3
ARLWHIS (Mr. M. B. Blair) ..... Blair a 11 2
GAMEFELLOW (Mrs. D. B. Anderson) ..... Hedges a 11 1
DOLANIER (Mr. A. Barnsworth) ..... Poole a 10 11
CLASH MORGAN (Mr. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges a 10 10
NUMIDE (Mr. B. Warner) ..... G. Bennett 5 10 10
PEBBLE RIDGE (Lord Glenely) ..... T. Anthony a 10 10

Betting
Form. Probable Starters and Jockeys. Forecast.
G14 PUTTACOLA ..... Bigham 9/4
001 BIG BLACK BOY ..... W. Payne 5/1
010 DOVEDALE ..... D. Butchers 8/1
040 ROYAL TANGO ..... J. Bickne 100/8
021 PLAYTOI ..... Escott 7/1
400 ARLWHIS ..... Pellerin 10/1
000 BOLANIER ..... Stott 5/1
311 NUMIDE ..... D. Morgan 7/1
013 PEBBLE RIDGE ..... D. Williams 3/1

Two SANDOWN ..... Lad 1/6

3.0—PRINCE OF WALES'S HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of 400 sovs. 3m. 5f. and about 25 yds. Age st. lb.

GREGALACH (Mrs. M. A. Gemmell) ..... Woodland a 12 7
SHAUN GOILIN (Mr. W. H. Mosley) ..... F. Hartigan a 12 7
DON SANCHO (Mr. V. H. Smith) ..... F. Hartigan a 12 7
DONEGAL (Mr. A. Bendon) Woodland ... a 11 12
DRIN (Mr. A. Bendon) ..... Woodland a 11 4
MONDUCO (Mr. A. Bendon) Woodland a 11 4
RIVETCERE (Mr. V. Emmanuel) Duller a 10 12
ALIKE (Mr. R. K. Mellon) ..... Law a 10 12
FAVOURITE STAR (Mr. F. Ambrose Clark) ..... T. Anthony a 10 4
SOLYANUM (Mr. P. W. Carr) ..... Briscoe 6 10 2
BALLYHANWOOD (Mr. M. D. Blair) ..... Blair a 9 11
ENDWELL (Mr. W. Hutchinson) Hedges a 9 8
CLYTH (Mr. H. S. Wolff) ..... Powell a 9 7
LADY VICTORIA (Mrs. Digby White-head) ..... Private a 9 7

Betting
Form. Probable Starters and Jockeys. Forecast.
000 SHAUN GOILIN ..... Coltburn 9/2
231 DRIN ..... Speck 5/4
144 MONDUCO ..... Foster 4/1
000 RIVETCERE ..... Maloney 8/1
101 SOLYANUM ..... Lyall 6/1
224 BALLYHANWOOD ..... Slott 7/2
310 LADY VICTORIA ..... Mr. Thackray 100/8

3.35—FOUR-YEAR-OLD MAIDEN HURDLE RACE of 150 sovs. 2m. Age st. lb.

GULVAIN (Mr. H. T. Barclay) ..... Grace 10 7
LORD MARCUS (Sir A. Butt) Woodland 10 7
MAMBRE (Mr. R. L. Colson) ..... Powell 10 7
ELMER THE GREAT (Mr. V. Emanuel) ..... Duller 10 7
CAN'T GRUMBLE (Mr. R. Fothergill) ..... O. Anthony 10 7
CRUSADER'S STAR (Mr. C. Gead) ..... Pendarves 10 7
WEST CURRAGH (Sir John Grey) ..... Stubbs 10 7
PEPPERMINTO (Mr. W. H. Gell) Thrale 10 7
IRISH PEACH (Mr. T. Hartigan) Osmer 10 7
ORVELLO (Mr. G. Johnstone) E. Piggott 10 7
SAXMOND (Mr. H. Lacy) ..... L. Gilmour 10 7
STORY OF EDEN (Sir M. McAlpine) ..... J. M. Bell 10 7
SPA ROVER (Sir M. McAlpine) J. M. Bell 10 7
TURLOUGH (Miss D. Paget) ..... A. Law 10 7
BREADCRUMB (Miss D. Power) ..... A. Law 10 7
PINE NEEDLE (Capt. J. D. Paton) ..... Whiting 10 7
AUREATE BAY (Mr. S. B. Peck) ..... G. Sadler 10 7
JIGTOI (Mr. Eric Platt) ..... Poole 10 7
ANAGANCE (Mr. G. Roddick) ..... Thrale 10 7
SAINT CALL (Mrs. O. J. Schmidt) ..... Holland 10 7
GUNGA DIN (Capt. G. R. D. Shaw) Blair 10 7
SWANK (Mr. J. C. Somerset) ..... Private 10 7
MILKAWAY (Mr. J. M. Walker) ..... Mullen 10 7
ADDON (Mrs. Edgar Wallace) ..... Perry 10 7
FLYING CALL (Mr. R. N. Willett) Willett 10 7
GOWAN LODGE (Mr. L. L. Wilson) ..... H. Smyth 10 7
FERRULE (Capt. Hon. Whitaker) ..... Whitaker 10 7
OBSERVER (Mr. S. Wootton) ..... F. Wootton 10 7

Betting
Form. Probable Starters and Jockeys. Forecast.
01 LORD MARCUS ..... Foster 7/2
1 STORY OF EDEN ..... D. Butchers 4/1
GULVAIN ..... O'Grady 100/8
30 MAYBE ..... J. M. Bell 10/1
ELMER THE GREAT ..... Mahoney 10/1
04 CRUSADER'S STAR ..... D. Morgan 10/1
2235 IRISH PEACH ..... Osmer 7/1
022 ORVELLO ..... Pellerin 11/4
FURLOUGH ..... Everett 100/8
00 PINE NEEDLE ..... Mr. Barker 100/6
000 ANAGANCE ..... Escott 100/6
00 SAINT CALL ..... Griffiths 100/6
042 GUNGA DIN ..... Isaac 8/1
SWANK ..... Speck 6/1
000 MILKAWAY ..... A. Ackens 100/6
242 ADDON ..... Slott 4/1
00 GOWAN LODGE ..... A. Smyth 100/6
00 OBSERVER ..... Magee 7/1

4.5—WELCOME STEEPLECHASE of 200 sovs. 2m. and about 25 yds. Age st. lb.

BIG BLACK BOY (Major Stevens) ..... Owner a 12 8
SAWSTON (Viscount Fay) ..... Gore 6 12 0
SPARTA (Capt. C. B. Petre) ..... Owner a 12 0
TWO ROYALS (Mr. O. M. Smith) ..... C. Langlands a 12 6
MORPHEUS (Mr. E. A. Sugwood) Dale a 12 0
SONNY (Mr. G. Stores) ..... Gosden a 12 0
GAINSHARP (Baron de Tuyll) ..... F. Hartigan a 12 0
THE LORD (Baron de Tuyll) F. Hartigan 6 12 0
SOUND BOY (Mr. H. Beaufoy) A. Law 6 11 7
MR. J. B. (Sir F. Eley) ..... Lyall 5 11 7
MARCH BROWN II. (Mrs. M. Field) ..... H. A. Brown 6 11 7
GREAT PROMISE (Mrs. Gregson) ..... C. Young a 11 7
GRALLAGH PRINCESS (Mr. Harper) ..... Powell 6 11 7
EDOMITE (Mr. C. S. Holton) Rayson 6 11 7
HARPOONER (Capt. Newton) R. Gordon 5 11 7
MISTER MATE (Lord Stalbridge) Owner 6 11 7
MUFTIN (Mr. C. R. Taylor) E. Leader 5 11 0
ORTOBET (Mrs. N. Cole) ..... Woodland 5 11 0
LODGER (Lord Stalbridge) ..... Owner a 10 7
SILVER CIRCUS (Mrs. S. Whitburn) ..... F. Hartigan a 10 7
PONZA (Mr. W. Whitehead) W. Payne a 10 7

Betting
Form. Probable Starters and Jockeys. Forecast.
003 THE WOLF ..... Hardy 11/10
413 SPARTA ..... Everett 7/1
320 TWO ROYALS ..... F. Brookes 4/1
001 BIG BLACK BOY ..... W. Payne 3/1
142 GAINSHARP ..... Cullinan 9/2
4 MARCH BROWN II. ..... Mr. Dutton 8/1
00 ORTOBET ..... Foster 10/1
0 SILVER CIRCUS ..... Murless 100/8
320 PONZA ..... Lyall 10/1

FORM HORSES.

1.30—Herewith. 3.0—Ballyhanwood.
2.0—Redlynch. 3.35—Orvello.
2.30—Puttacota (nap). 4.5—The Wolf.

Eclipse.

THE IRISH KENNEL CLUB.

A group at the annual general meeting of the Irish Kennel Club, held in Jury's Hotel, Dublin, last night.

THE GRAND NATIONAL.

SIXTY-TWO ACCEPTORS.

THREE IRISH-TRAINED HORSES LEFT IN.

THE first acceptance stage of the Grand National was responsible for the withdrawal of 23 of the 85 entries, but there were no surprises where the chief public fancies were concerned. The 62 remaining candidates have now incurred a liability of 60 sovs., there being an extra 40 sovs. if they remain in after March 17th, the next and final forfeit stage.

With only 23lb. between the top weight, Easter Hero, and the 53 entries grouped on the 10st. 7lb. minimum limit, it had been anticipated that this first acceptance stage would be responsible for a bigger list of forfeits than usual. And this is so, as the 62 acceptors represent only 73 per cent. of the entry, which compares unfavourably with the 86 per cent. obtained in the years 1928, 1929 and 1930.

Twelve of the 30 bottom weights have declared forfeit, and as none of these possessed much recommendation for Grand National honours they will not be missed.

TWO TO QUALIFY.

Only two of those left in the race have to get through the formality of qualifying for the race, these being Pender and the American horse Bugle II. Render was expected to qualify at Sandown Park yesterday, when he was backed down to favouritism for the Stanley Cup Amateur Riders' Steeplechase, but he hit a rail and was pulled up without completing the full course, and it is expected that he will now attempt to obtain the necessary qualification by a forward display in the Troytown Steeplechase at Lingfield Park next week.

Percy Woodland, with six representatives, has taken out only one of them, this being Bayview. Gib is not a certain runner, and of the remaining four Gregelach is likely to prove better than Drin, May King and Pixie.

In addition to Render, George Poole has a formidable candidate in Richmond II., who finished third in 1928, but he has taken out Castletown, who failed last time out at Hurst Park in a race for which he had been made an odds-on favourite.

W. Payne has taken out Colliery Band, his only candidate, and by declaring forfeit for Favourite Star, Tvor Anthony indicates that his challenge will be confined to either Ballashort or Ringwood. J. R. Anthony, with Easter Hero and Sir Lindsay, and Frank Hartigan, with Saun Goilin and Kakushin, still have two strings to their bow, but H. A. Brown has taken out Far Flight to be represented by Easy Virtue, and Beeby, having declared forfeit for Floring II., is to rely solely upon Delarue, who fell last year, and who finished eighth in 1929, after having been brought down and re-mounted.

THREE IRISH ACCEPTORS.

Of the seven Irish candidates four have been taken out, leaving only Coronoher, Stash and the much improved Georginatown.

Young Prince, who recently showed considerable improvement by winning a three miles chase at Towcester and a similar race at Gatwick, has been taken out, as his owner, Mr. W. Maiden, thinks it better to keep the horse, who is only seven years old, for another year before subjecting him to the severe Aintree ordeal.

T. Leader still has four candidates—Kilbuck, Swift Rowland, Mount Etna and Sandy Hook—while M. D. Blair, who has taken out Aruntius, is still strongly represented by Great Span, who was second favourite for the race in 1929, and by Ballyhanwood, who finished fifth last year. Actually all those candidates with any pretensions to jumping the Aintree country and staying the severe four and a half miles have accepted, and it seems very probable that the majority of the 62 left in will be saddled. Even so, the field this year cannot equal the "record" in 1929, when 66 faced the starter.

GRAND NATIONAL STEEPLECHASE (handicap of 10 sovs. each, 50 sovs. extra if left in after January 27 with an additional 40 sovs. if left in after March 17, with 5,000 sovs. (including 5 trophy value 200 sovs.) added. Second receives 800 sovs., third 500, fourth 300, fifth 200 sovs. For six-year-olds and upwards which by March 17, 1931, have been placed first, second, or third (by the Judge) in a steeplechase of three miles and upwards, or the equivalent in foreign distances, or in a steeplechase of any distance at Aintree, Liverpool, or have won any steeplechase value 500 sovs. to the winner, selling races in every case excepted). 85 entries. About four miles and 856 yards.

	Age. st. lb.
EASTER HERO (Mr. Whitney) ..... J. Anthony	11 12 7
GIB (Mr. S. D. Davis) ..... Woodland	8 12 5
SHAUN GOILIN (Mr. H. Midwood) ..... F. Hartigan	11 12 4
GREGALACH (Mrs. M. A. Gemmell) ..... Woodland	9 12 0
KAKUSHIN (Mr. W. M. G. Singer) ..... F. Hartigan	8 11 13
BANGLE II. (Mr. V. Emanuel) Duller	a 11 12
GRAKLE (Mr. C. R. Taylor) ..... Coulthwaite	9 11 7
DRINTYRE (Capt. Brownlow) Thrale	8 11 7
SIR LINDSAY (Mr. J. H. Whitney) ..... J. Anthony	10 11 0
KILBUCK (Mr. E. R. Hartley) ..... T. E. Leader	10 11 5
GATE BOOK (Marquis de Sau-Miguel) ..... Barrett	10 11 5
TRUMP CARD (Lord Stalbridge) ..... Stalbridge	13 11 5
LORDI (Mr. C. M. Botibol) ..... Turner	a 11 3
GYI LOVAM (Capt. R. Poplet) Private	a 11 3
SWIFT ROWLAND (Mrs. Chester Beatty) ..... T. E. Leader	10 11 2
THERAS (Mr. Holford Harrison) ..... H. Harrison	6 11 2
DRIN (Mr. A. Bendon) ..... Woodland	7 11 2
SKRUN PRINCE (Lt.-Col. P. D. Stewart) ..... Rimell	10 11 0
RICHMOND II. (Mr. R. McAlpine) ..... Poole	8 11 0
MOUNT ETNA (Mr. Sanford) ..... T. E. Leader	14 11 0
GUIDING LIGHT (Mr. O. Martin Smith) ..... G. Langlands	10 11 0
GREAT SPAN (Mr. W. D. Baird) Blair	10 11 0
BALLASPORT (Sir Harold Wernher) ..... Anthony	7 11 0
CORONOHER (Mr. E. L. Lloyd) Sikes	8 11 0
BIG BLACK BOY (Major C. H. Stevens) ..... Stevens	9 10 12
APOSTASY (Lady Lindsay) ..... Private	10 10 12
GEORGINATOWN (Mr. Wallace) ..... Owner	10 10 12
EASY VIRTUE (Mr. W. Tyser) ..... H. Brown	8 10 12
STASH (Lady Helen McCalmont) Barry	9 10 12
SANDY HOOK (Mr. S. Sanford) ..... T. E. Leader	10 10 12
RENDER (Mr. Hugh Peel) ..... Poole	6 10 12
RIVETCERE (Mr. V. Emanuel) Duller	5 10 12
MAY KING (Lady Melcett) Woodland	12 10 0
MELLERAY'S BELLE (Mr. W. Wilson) ..... Easterby	12 10 10
MOREEKEN (Miss D. Robinson) Welsh	10 10 10
OXCLOSE (Mr. A. H. Watt) ..... Renton	7 10 10
STARBOX (Major J. B. Walker) ..... H. Leader	8 10 10
GLANGESIA (Mr. R. K. Mellon) ..... A. Law	11 10 10
ALIKE (Mr. R. K. Mellon) ..... A. Law	8 10 10
AMBERWAVE (Mrs. R. Norman) ..... Gore	13 10 10
ASPIRANT (Mr. C. S. Green) ..... Cox	8 10 10
CLICKER (Mr. C. Taylor) ..... Easterby	8 10 10
RUDDYMAN (Mr. H. Gordon Selfridge) ..... Powell	12 10 8
SOLYANUM (Mr. P. W. Carr) ..... Briscoe	6 10 8
ANNANDALE (Lady Glenapp) Barrett	9 10 7
BALLIS (Mr. H. A. Keen) ..... H. Harrison	9 10 7
BALLYHANWOOD (Mr. M. D. Blair) ..... Blair	10 10 7
CHERRY DUCK (Lord Ednam) ..... Carr	10 10 7
D.D.B. (Mr. A. W. Huntington) Rimell	11 10 7
DELARUE (Mr. J. B. Snow) ..... Beeby	9 10 7
DRINMOND (Mr. J. Balding) ..... J. Balding	14 10 7
ENDWELL (Mr. W. Hutchinson) ..... Hedges	10 10 7
HAREWOOD (Mr. M. L. Meyer) ..... T. Anthony	9 10 7
KILBRAIN (Mr. Longworth) ..... Bailey	11 10 7
KINGSDOWN (Mr. H. R. Turner) ..... Dodd	9 10 7
MALLARD (Mr. J. Harrison) ..... Carr	13 10 7
PIXIE (Mrs. D. Fitzgerald) ..... Woodland	6 10 7
ROYAL ARCH II. (Mr. V. Emanuel) ..... Duller	10 10 7
SLIEVE GRIEN (Capt. Moseley) ..... R. Payne	10 10 7
SOUTH HILL (Mr. H. G. Blagrave) ..... W. Nightingall	9 10 7
TAMASHA (Mr. G. Elliott) ..... Wint	10 10 7
TOY BELL (Mrs. R. D. Cohen) ..... Powell	9 10 7

The following did not accept:—

EAST GALWAY (Mr. Shepherd) ..... Arnott	12 12 0	
BRIGHT'S BOY (Mr. S. Sanford) ..... T. E. Leader	12 11 12	
COLLIERY BAND (Mrs. Hollins) ..... W. Payne	7 11 12	
IMAGE (Mr. R. Bowlingt) ..... J. Harper	a 11 10	
OBERSTOWN PRINCE (Mr. F. Peck) ..... Hurst	a 11 10	
CASTLETOWN (Mr. Eric Platt) Poole	9 11 6	
RAYVIEW (Mrs. N. Colls) ..... Woodland	7 11 2	
CULNAGOR (Mr. J. Laverty) ..... Arnott	7 11 0	
GOLD PUNCH (Mr. B. Coleman) ..... Owner	8 10 12	
FEAR NOTHING (Sir J. Grey) Stubbs	8 10 10	
FAVOURITE STAR (Mr. F. Ambrose Clark) ..... T. Anthony	7 10 8	
ARUNTIUS (Mr. M. D. Blair) ..... Blair	10 10 7	
AULNAY (M. L. Oiry-Roederer) ..... France	a 10 7	
BEST HOME (Mr. G. Elliott) ..... Wint	10 10 7	
CRYPTICAL (Mr. F. Bowcher) Bowcher	16 10 7	
FAR FLIGHT (Mr. H. Brown) ..... H. Brown	13 10 7	
FLORIN II. (Mr. V. H. Smith) Beeby	7 10 7	
GOLD FLARE (Mr. J. M. Woodville) ..... Sunday	11 10 7	
HEARTBURN (Lord Allendale) ..... R. Gordon	9 10 7	
LADY VICTORIA (Mrs. D. Whitehead) ..... Private	a 10 7	
PRINCE OF IVEAGH (Mrs. Kennedy) ..... Wellesley	7 10 7	
QUITE CALM (Mr. R. E. Merett) ..... Roberts	7 10 7	
YOUNG PRINCE (Mr. W. Maiden) ..... Reardon	7 10 7	

TROYTOWN 'CHASE.

(Run at Lingfield, Saturday, February 7. 3 m.)

	Age. st. lb.		Age. st. lb.
Gib	a 12 7	Alike	a 10 8
Gregelach	a 12 0	Render	6 10 8
Kingsford	a 11 11	Glangesia	a 10 7
Tide (4lb. ex.).	a 11 9	The Moy	a 10 5
Sir Lindsay ..	a 11 0	Kepi Amarante	a 10 5
Drintyre	a 11 0	Wind Swept ...	a 10 2
Amberwave	a 10 12	Pumpeer	a 10 1
Ballasport	a 10 11	Starbox	a 10 0
Rhytlcere	a 10 10	Irish Temple...	a 10 0
Solanum (10lb. ex.)	a 10 10		

SANDOWN PARK RESULTS.

1.30—WOKING SELLING HCAP HURDLE. 2m.—BENEDICTUS, b. h. by Sir Berkeley—Gem of Bermuda, 5, 10-8 (W. Speck) (11-8, fvte.) 1; PUMADO, 3, 10-3 (Mr. F. Cundell) (6/1) 2; WELL HIT, 5, 11-1 (W. Payne) (7/1) 3. Also ran—Cuthalan, Troutwell, Fitzmarri, Silver Cord, Highland Reel Cyclone, Sweet Ocean, Dark Bay, Upper Deck, Piercefon, Green Piper. (Trained Hogan). 4l.; 2l. Tote (2/- stake)—Win, 4/3; places, 2/9, 3/6, 5/6. Bought in 80 gns.

2.0—STANLEY CUP HANDICAP 'CHASE. 3 m. 125 yds.—CHERRY JUG, ch. g. by Cherry King—Wigeon's Pet, a. 10-10 (Mr. G. Owen, jun.) (5/2) 1; DRINTYRE, a. 12-7 (Owner) (11/2) 2; PIXIE, 6, 11-1 (Capt. Sassoon) (6/1) 3. Also ran—Relation, Render (2/1, fvte.), Silver Green, Toy Bell, The Black Fellow, Brown Jug. (Trained Cuthbertson). 11.; 2l. Tote (2/- stake)—Win, 8/9; places, 3/6; 4/3, 4/3.

2.35—PRINCE ALBERT HANDICAP HURDLE. 2 m.—CASTLEDORE, br. g. by My Prince—Vinnette, a. 11-13 (Mr. Thackray) (7/1), 1; CLEAR CASH, 5, 12-5 (G. Pellerin) (6/4, fvte.), 2; PARSONS WELL, a. 12-4 (A. Escott) (4/1), 3. Also ran—Jugo, Bertie Bob Stone, The Wheedler, Carbineer, Montemar, The Brown Talisman. (Trained Whitelaw.) 2l.; a head. Tote (2/- stake) Win, 23/6; places, 6/3, 3/6, 5/6.

3.5—MOLE HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE. 2 m. 75 yds.—EASTER HERO, ch. g. by My Prince—Easter Week, a. 12-7 (R. Everett) (5/4 on, fvte.), 1; BLARIS, a. 12-0 (R. Lyall) (7/1), 2; GUIDING LIGHT, a. 11-0 (Mr. Eslater) (20/1), 3. Also ran—Blank Cartridge. (Trained J. Anthony.) 2l.; 6l. Tote (2/- stake)—Win, 3/-.

3.35—METROPOLITAN MAIDEN HURDLE. 4 m.—WAR MIST, b. g. by War Cloud—Brunelli, a. 11-1 (J. Maloney) (11-8 on, fvte.), 1; TEES HEAD, 4, 10-3 (W. Stott) (33/1), 2; NICK OF TIME, 4, 10-5 (S. Ingham) (5/1), 3. Also ran—Ardelve, Persian Sun, Sea Monarch, Pervizon Gay Guy, Lone Eagle II. (Trained Duller.) 6l.; 3l. Win, 3/6; places, 2/3, 4/9, 2/3.

4.5—EXPERIMENTAL HANDICAP 'CHASE. 2 m. 25 yds.—IRISH TEMPLE, b. h. by Irishman—Teela, 10-11 (A. Furness) (4/1, fvte.), 1; CHEVALIER III., 11-9 (R. Clark, 9/2), 2; BRECONIAN, 11-3 (Mr. E. Bowen) (100/6) 3. Also ran—Psaltins, Grandeur, Sir Signa, Cawn Bed, Orvilda, Zorro Gris. (Trained Blagrove.) 4l.; 6l. Tote (2/- stake)—Win, 11/3; places, 4/-, 4/6, 15/-.

TOTALISATOR DAILY DOUBLE—Castledrg and Easter Pero. Dividend, £8 13/-. Pool, £838. 87 winning tickets.

SPORTING GOSSIP.

Pellerin's Fall at Nottingham.

Owing to the indifferent light and the confusion of colours, Lady Lindsay's Belligerent was not given full credit for what was, up to a point, a fair performance in the Annesley Hurdle Race at Nottingham on Monday. He led over the first two flights, but gave way to Polo and others passing the stands. Then at the third hurdles, when lying about fourth, he came into collision with another horse and Pellerin was unseated.

Gib and the Grand National.

The Press Association is informed by Mr Percy Woodland, the trainer of Gib, that his owners, Messrs. A. Bendon and B. D. Davis, have decided that, in spite of the severe weight allotted to him in the Grand National Steeplechase, they will leave Gib in the race for the present. They consider it only fair to the public, however, to state that Gib is a very doubtful starter, and that his running depends on how he performs in his previous races. The present intention is to run him in the Troytown Steeplechase at Lingfield next week, and the Cheltenham Gold Cup.

Baldoyle March Meeting.

A National Hunt Flat Race will be included in the programme of above meeting. A horse to qualify for this event must, at least one clear week before running, have been placed first, second or third in a steeplechase in Ireland.

Spills at Sandown Park.

Two riders sustained slight injuries when their mounts came to grief at Sandown Park yesterday. Mr. F. Cundell, junior, fractured his arm just above the wrist by the fall of The Black Fellow in the Stanley Cup 'Chase; while N. Cox received a slight kick when Cylvida came down in the last race. Cox, however, was able to leave for home after racing finished.

Value of Stakes in Ireland.

The Irish Book Calendar for 1930, which is published and now available, shows that last season 737 races of the total value of £83,138 were run for in Ireland, as compared to 712 of the value of £85,440 in 1929, and 701 of the value of £86,744 in 1928. The total number of horses that ran was 1,232, or 39 more than in 1929, and 85 more than in 1928.

SPORTING OUTFITTER.
SHIRTS AND PYJAMAS TO MEASURE
From all Wool and Mercerised Taffeta, Oxford, etc.
SAMPLE SHIRT or PYJAMA MADE IN TWO DAYS
RACING COLOURS IN 24 HOURS.
L. J. WATKINS, 77/78 Dame St., Dublin.
—(Advt.)

HUNTING APPOINTMENTS.

THE WARD.

Meet.	Hour.
January.	
Saturday, 31st ..... Donaghmore Cross-roads	1.30

THE KILDARE.

To-day ..... Davidstown Cross-roads	11. 0
Saturday, 31st ..... Celbridge	11. 0

THE MEATH.

To-day ..... Mountainstown	11. 0
Friday, 30th ..... Garadice	11. 0
Saturday, 31st ..... Ballmore	11. 0

EAST GALWAY HOUNDS will meet:—February: Wednesday, 4th, Pallas Gate; Friday, 6th, Thomastown; Tuesday, 10th, Moorfield X.; Friday, 13th, Aughrim; Wednesday, 18th, Lecarabooy; Saturday, 21st, Ballydoire; Monday, 23rd, Beats-X.; Thursday, 26th, Green Door; Monday, 2nd March, Gortnamona Gate. At 11 a.m. Point-to-point, April 9th, 1931.

GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

A GREAT DAY'S SPORT.

HOW EASTER HERO BEAT BLARIS.

IRISH-BRED WINNERS.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

SANDOWN, Wednesday.

WE saw this afternoon a day's racing comparable with that at Newbury last Thursday, which everyone had put down as the best of the season so far. To-day's racing will live for a long time for a memorable two-horse steeplechase—the race for the Mole Handicap between Easter Hero and Blaris, which the former won by eight lengths: a true test, I think, of their merits over two and a half miles, with Easter Hero conceding 7lb.

I expressed the opinion last night that Easter Hero would win, but that Blaris would let him know he had had a race, and Mrs. Hollins' horse did. This view was reflected in the market; for odds of only 5 to 4 were betted on Mr. Whitney's horse, and the other came in for very strong support. There were two other runners, Guiding Light and Blank Cartridge, the latter a stable companion of Easter Hero. Blank Cartridge, as a matter of fact, fell.

A GREAT RACE.

The day was bitterly cold, but the going was perfect, and ideal for Easter Hero. They set off at a tremendous pace, and from the the start Blaris lay up with his rival; indeed, the pace was so hot that both horses faulted at several fences. Coming off the far side of the course, each fence on which both had jumped side by side, Easter Hero took a lead; then at the open ditch, before passing the Stands, Easter Hero went right through the top, and Blaris also made a faulty jump.

Easter Hero made a quick recovery and led past the Stands. Again he blundered at the fence nearest the mile and a quarter starting post, and Blaris drew level. Together they raced round the far side of the course, and then Blaris for the first time took the lead. They were still maintaining the terrific pace, and it began to tell on Blaris as they came into the straight. Two fences from home Easter Hero began to draw away gradually, and on the flat he was too good for the other, on whom Lyall ceased to persevere.

A FINE PERFORMANCE.

It was a really great performance on the part of Easter Hero, and there can be no question, after to-day's race, that he is the great steeplechaser over park courses that he has always shown himself ever since he found his form in England.

All the same, I would like to have seen this race run a few years ago with Jack Anthony on Easter Hero and F. B. Rees on Blaris. I imagine that after what he did to day Easter Hero will not be easy to back for the Grand National.

It was a very interesting day's racing, in which horses by My Prince, the sire of Easter Hero, distinguished themselves. The ten-year-old Castlederg is by him, and the old horse, to the surprise of his connections, excel

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

THE SCHOOLS CUP TIES.

PROSPECTS OF THE TEAMS IN THE COMING MATCHES.

(By J. J. W.)

THE first round of the Leinster Junior Schools Cup starts with some matches on February 2, and will be completed by February 6, whilst the Senior Schools Cup first round ties will be played on February 14. The events accordingly are very close at hand, and the various colleges are anxiously getting ready their teams and hoping to be able to place their best available sides in the field. Just at this period of the season injuries to players take on a more serious aspect than at any other time, and with 'flu again rampant games masters will have many uneasy days.

BLACKROCK COLLEGE.

Thns year's Blackrock senior team may be said not to be so good as last year's, and to be rather lighter than usual. This lack of weight, however, is more than compensated for by the grit and spirit of the players, and these qualities should ensure the side making a bold bid to retain the cup for the fourth successive year. Only four of last year's cup team are again available. The forwards are the better part of the team, and are equally good in the tight and the loose. The backs, so far, have not fitted in too well owing to the fact that their captain and out-half, M. Ryan, had to return to London early in the season, and his defection naturally upset the side. D. Lynch, the new captain, has been compelled to move up from full-back to fill the out-half position. In friendly matches the team has to its credit victories over all its serious rivals, except Presentation College, Bray, and Castleknock College. They meet O'Connell Schools in the first round on February 14.

It is four years since 'Rock won the Junior Schools Cup, but this year they have an outstanding junior team which has a great chance of annexing the trophy. Their forwards are big and very heavy, and the backs are really good. The team has only suffered one defeat—i.e., by Belvedere College. Sean Morrissey, the out-half, is captain, and the best forwards are M. Walsh, W. Hyde and F. Culhane.

BELVEDERE COLLEGE.

It is generally found in schools Rugby that a good junior team makes a good senior team two years afterwards, and as Belvedere College won the Junior Cup two years ago, in the normal course of events they should have a good senior side this year, which is the case. The backs are a very promising and speedy lot, and P. Quinn, the out-half, is probably the outstanding back in this year's schools Rugby, whilst the forwards have weight and determination, though somewhat lacking in dash.

Gleeson is the captain, and he and Verlin are the outstanding forwards. Beauchamp (scrum half), Doyle (wing), N. Murphy (centre) and T. Murphy (wing) are all good backs. The two last-named played on last year's S.C.T. The form of the team this year has been somewhat erratic, owing to injuries to players, and out of 17 matches played they have won 9, lost 5 and drawn 3.

The Junior Cup team is well up to the standard of former cup-winning combinations, and is fortunate in having a few of last year's team to form a solid nucleus. The back division generally is big and fast, and if they can combine well should prove dangerous in attack. They are well served at half by P. Smyth (scrum) and T. Gibney—both of last year's team, and W. O'Dwyer is a very good full-back. The forwards are light, but have speed and dash. The captain, Kevin Kelly, is the smallest player on the side, but a "mighty atom" of energy and a clever forward. The team has a splendid record this season: Played 19 matches; won 14, drew 2 and lost 3

AN UNBEATEN TEAM.

The senior team of Presentation College, Bray, have the best record in inter-school friendly matches this season, as they have met all the prominent schools, except Castleknock College, and are unbeaten. Their victories have all been emphatic ones, and it was a rare performance to beat Blackrock College by 21 points to 3, even though the latter were not at full strength. The backs are clever, and have both pace and thrust; while their forwards are a hard-working, sound scrummaging lot. Jack Doyle, who plays centre, captains the team, and he has good support in the back division from Aidan Bailey (who is also eligible for the junior team), M. Griffin (scrum) and Barney Cruise (wing); whilst forward, Hugh Doyle, P. Cassells and E. Balfe are very prominent.

The junior team is not up to the standard of last year's victorious side. They can, however, be considered good, and they have only suffered three defeats in friendly matches this season, their captain being an absentee on each occasion. The captain, Aidan Bailey, who plays centre with this team, is the mainstay of the side, and is probably the outstanding player in junior schools' football this year. T. Murphy is a clever out-half, and Hyland about the best of the forwards. They meet High School in the first round of the cup on February 2nd, and this should prove a close match.

CASTLEKNOCK COLLEGE.

The Castleknock senior team have an exceptionally heavy set of forwards, and are very fortunate in having six of last year's pack available again. The forwards should at least hold their own with any other school's pack. The centres, O'Brien and Gibson, are clever and speedy, and were both on last year's team, whilst the halves combine well, but are inclined to be very orthodox in their play. The defence of the backs is not too strong, and if this defect could be remedied the team would have very bright cup prospects, as the experience of eight players from last year's team gives the side a big advantage. Hopkins is the captain, and is a very energetic forward. The team has victories this season over O'Connell's Schools, Blackrock College, Newbridge College, Mountjoy College and Belvedere College. They meet Presentation College in the second round, and this should be one of the best matches of the competition. The two teams have not met previously this season. The juniors may not be a very strong force, as their backs are on the small side. Their forwards, like the seniors, are good, and even heavier than last year. The captain is Brophy, who plays the stand-off half. He is small, but energetic and clever. Brennan is a good defensive centre, and Widger (one of the famous Waterford racing family) a very fast wing. Ryan, Devitt and Sweeney are about the most prominent forwards.

O'CONNELL'S SCHOOLS.

Although quite newcomers to Rugby—this is only their second year in the Schools' Cup competitions—the O'Connell's Schools have made rapid progress in the fine points of the code, and expect this year to do fairly well, although the luck of the draw is against them, as both seniors and juniors are drawn against Blackrock College. The senior team have played sixteen matches, and have only lost five. They have a heavy pack, which is very enthusiastic and quick on the ball. In T. C. Boland, R. Williams and B. Magee (a son of the old international, Louis Magee) they have three forwards well up to the standard of senior schools football, whilst their hooker, P. Curran, is quite an adept in the art, as well as being good in the loose. The captain is Lorcan Byrne, a very speedy centre, and Leo Doran is a fast wing. B. Dempsey is a plucky and capable full back, and W. Mahoney a hard-working and efficient scrum worker.

The junior team has also done very well this season, although composed mostly of boys new to the game. They have adapted themselves quickly, and have a good, but inexperienced, back division.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE.

St. Andrew's School teams—senior and junior—are both very light and young, and on this account I do not expect them to go far in either Cup competition. They are to be commended, however, for always striving to play an open type of game, and cut down the kick to touch to a minimum. The captain of the seniors is E. Hoy, and a prominent forward is D. Kearon. Both secured a trial on the South Side Schools' team. They meet Mountjoy College in the first round. The juniors are captained by Mark, a centre; but the team is too small and light to be a force in the competition, in which they meet Terenure College in the second round.

CLONGOWES WOOD COLLEGE.

The Clongowes senior forwards this year are about the heaviest pack the college have had for several years. They are led by Tierney, who is the vice-captain, and a particularly hefty type of forward. They are about the best schools pack in the competition. They fit in well, and scrummage soundly. In Lewis Doyle they have the best "winging" forward in schools Rugby this season. The most prominent of the other forwards are Byrne, Murphy, and Paton. The back division, however, lacks snap and thrust, and is not too speedy. Comyn is a very plucky scrum half, and Houlihan is a safe, rather than a brilliant, stand-off half. Barry Montgomery is the best centre, and manœuvres cleverly. The captain, McMahon, plays on the right wing, and although small, is a very live wire. Gannon is a slow full-back, but a great tackler. With more thrust behind the scrum the team would be fully capable of winning the Cup. Their best performance this season was to hold Presentation College, Bray, to a draw, and they have beaten Mountjoy School and Belvedere College.

WESLEY COLLEGE.

Wesley's senior team is mostly very young, as all are under age for next year's competition. Only about three of last year's team are available, and although the backs show improving form, they are light and inexperienced. The captain is Good, who plays forward, and was chosen on the South Side Schools' team. The pack is also light, and its most prominent players, in addition to Good, are Plunkett and Conway. Folden works the scrum cleverly, and McConnell is the out-half. The team have not played many matches, and their best performance was to hold Belvedere College to 6 points to nil. They meet C.U.S. in the first round. The juniors are good, but, like the seniors, very young and light. They have only been beaten once this season, and that was away by Terenure College, when they had some of their usual team off.

MOUNTJOY SCHOOL.

The Mountjoy School senior team is not anything like so good as last year's side which gave Blackrock College such a close game in the Cup. The forwards are very light, and the backs are not outstanding. The captain is Deacon, who plays centre, and, together with Cashell (out-half), are the only backs of note on the side. The forwards are led by Macken (vice-captain), and the best of the others are Hill, Horan and Galbraith. They have been unlucky in the way of injuries to players throughout the season, and have seldom been able to field their best side. Their best performances were to beat Belvedere College and draw with Blackrock College. The juniors are mostly under 13, and consequently very small and light. B. Turner is the captain, and plays centre.

HIGH SCHOOL.

Rugby this year in High School is definitely on the upgrade, and to a very large extent this has been brought about by the formation of a "house" system for all branches of athletics. The senior school's team is superior to last year's team, which reached the semi-final, both in the standard of play and the physique of the players. This year the team is fully expected to progress as far in the competition. Most of last year's pack are available, and there is a sound back division around the captain, R. Boucher, who plays right centre. He is equally good in defence and attack, a prolific scorer, and a player who should certainly be heard of later in club football. Four of the team were honoured with Leinster School trials before Christmas, J. H. Hawkins (full-back), R. Boucher (centre), and D. T. Bardon and C. A. Boyle (forwards). The junior team is practically the same as last year, and are probably one of the heaviest junior sides in Dublin. The team works well in cohesion, and is ably captained by Philip Walker, who plays out-half.

TERENURE COLLEGE.

Terenure College are running both a senior and a junior team. The senior team is light, and not expected to go far, but the juniors are fully expected to give a good show. Their record this season is a splendid one, as they have lost only one match—to Belvedere College. Their backs are light, but clever, and their forwards are really good and strong. M. Caffrey, the captain, plays out-half, and other prominent players are Cannon (centre) and McAuley (forward). The team have real merit, and should do very well.

MORE FRENCH CLUBS JOIN REBELS.

PARIS, Wednesday.

Applications for the Rebels' Rugby championship, a new competition, formed by the clubs which have seceded from the French Federation, are rolling in from half-dozens, and M. Frois, President of the Aviron Bayonais, who is in charge, says that the new championship will be begun on regional lines all over France very shortly. The sentence on Taillantou, he said, rang the death-knell of the official championship, which was condemned as being the enemy of amateurism and conducive to brutality and bargaining.

LANSDOWNE V. HALIFAX.

Halifax, the champion Yorkshire club, are bringing over a strong side to oppose Lansdowne next Saturday. No less than ten county players are included, in addition to H. Wilkinson, the English international forward.

The teams will be as follows:—

Lansdowne—D. P. Morany, F. E. Arigho, E. O'D. Davy, N. H. Lambert, E. Lightfoot; T. A. O'Reilly, M. P. Crowe; M. E. Barden, M. J. Dunne, J. MacKenney, J. E. McEnery, J. E. McGuire, T. O. Pike, J. Pike, J. C. Powell.

Halifax—J. Smith; F. W. Harcraves, J. C. Pendleton, D. W. Standeven, E. Robinson; W. H. Fathers, F. W. Berry; G. H. Norwood, H. North, A. J. L. Standeven, W. H. Chetcroft, A. B. North, A. S. Laing, J. Wood, H. Wilkinson.

TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

Bohemians v. Dublin University. Limerick.
Carlow v. Enniscorthy. Carlow.
Old Belvedere v. Kilkenny. Ballymun.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY F.C.

The following have been chosen to represent the Club v. Bohemians to-day and U.C.G. on Saturday:—P. J. Mullarney; N. Tindal, R. M'Neilly, M. Dee, H. R. Davis; T. B. Hannin, J. W. Stokes; H. Michael (capt.), D. L. Graham, St. J. S. Pike, R. C. Sutton, T. J. M. Gregg, J. C. Conroy, T. S. J. Anderson, N. Anderson.

OLD WESLEY require a 3rd A or 3rd B fixture for Saturday next at Milltown. Reply Hon. Sec., 13 Harcourt street. 'Phone 51500.

LANSDOWNE FOOTBALL CLUB.

Members who wish to view International Match, Scotland v. Ireland, at Lansdowne road on the 28th of February next, from West Stand Promenade must obtain special tickets, price 2/6, which includes entrance to ground, from Mr. L. Heaney, Hon. Treasurer, 122 Rathgar road, Rathgar, Dublin. —(Advt.)

COURSING.

THE FAVOURITE BEATEN.

DAINTY MAN DISAPPOINTS IN THE CORK CUP.

By Our Coursing Correspondent.
CORK, Wednesday Night.

SIXTY-EIGHT courses comprised the card for the opening of the Cork Cup meeting at Ballincollig to-day, and the Executive, getting through their work with their customary despatch, the task was completed—with an interval thrown in—by four o'clock. When the company began to arrive there were indications of a wet day, but the rain held off until the proceedings had almost concluded, when it made up for lost time.

It was the intention of the President of the club, Mr. Hoare, to run Keel Rose in the Cup, her owner having been unable to come to terms with Mr. Thomas Harte regarding the running of the bitch in his nomination for the Waterloo Cup, but she broke a toe, and Mr. Hoare had to rely on Keeel Castle, which was hard luck on him, as the substitute went out in the second course of the day.

I would not describe the class of dogs in the stake as good by any means, but, with Odd Brandy, Dainty Man, Brown Foam, Roving Bunty and Hamper entered, the running was invested with plenty of interest.

DAINTY MAN'S DEFEAT.

A few supposed good judges considered, despite his failure at Clounanna and Tralee, that Dainty Man was "the" Irish dog for Altcar; but after his first course with Gambling Hand to-day it was perfectly clear that he is anything but a "Waterlooer," as before the escape was reached he had had quite enough of it. Many were consequently prepared for his elimination by Odd Brandy, although the latter was the outsider for the course. Had the Raheny dog not run unsighted, he must have led by several lengths. As it was, he got the turn by at least a length in a very long race, and had a couple more good drives before Dainty Man went in for one to the escape. Odd Brandy ran his courses capitally, and the most critical could not find any fault with the displays of the former Greenall Cup winner, Brown Foam, who led Cheerful Tune five lengths and Perfect Model by almost as much, while he handled his hares as determinedly as ever. He, however, had two good courses, while Roving Bunty had the good fortune to get off much lighter—merely a turn and the kill each time

HELM DISAPPOINTS.

Helm came with a reputation for smartness, but in Flowery Fort she met more than her match in pace and cleverness, and that the winner is useful was demonstrated for the second time when she put out the favourite for the stake, Hamper. It is true that the latter ran unsighted, but, granted that, the red collar thus virtually extinguished his chance right off, he was well beaten in the working. Anyway, I do not think he would have scored the first point, for in his opening course with Ballincurrig Boy he displayed a bad flaw by stopping up nearing the hare, and allowing himself to be almost shot for the turn, the loser then going round for the kill.

Brandy Bottle and Ormac showed pace in each of their courses, but that is as much as I say for them, and I do not expect that either will go further than the fourth round with Odd Brandy in their half, although Brandy Bottle has to meet a fast one in Still Charging in the third round, and may experience considerable difficulty in shaking off his challenge. Framework had not much to beat in either spin, and I make out Odd Brandy to have the best chance of those in the top half and Roving Bunty to be the pick of the other division.

FAST PUPPIES.

Some fast puppies were on view in the three stakes allotted to them. In the Leemount Stakes there is the Golden Splendour puppy, Golden Orkit, and a faster one still if evidently Ballysheehan Queen, who ought to get to the end of the Bitch Trial Stakes, while in the Clonmel Cup Trial Stakes is one that can go a bit in Stormy Loafer, but he is not a stylish runner by any means, and mgiht be put out by Castle Road, who has the best of the handicap.

It was very good coursing, indeed, and it must have been an intense relief to the executive when after the first four had gone down, the bulk of those sent out afterwards stood up in splendid style.

Judge—Mr. D. J. O'Callaghan. Slipper—W. Casey.

Judge—Mr. O'Callaghan. Slipper—Casey.

CORK CUP—For 32 all-ages. Winner, £100; second, £50; two dogs, £10 each.

Mr. Gorman's Brandy Bottle beat Mr. O'Riordan's Winter Rose's Pet.

Mr. Collins ns. Peggy Sharp beat Mr. Hoare ns. Keel Castle.

Miss O'Reilly ns. Ormac beat Mr. Condon ns. Artful Courage.

Mr. Manning ns. Kilmoney Lass, a bye; Mr. Fortune ns. Odd Dasher, absent.

Mr. O'Brien's Odd Brandy beat Mr. Ahern's Boss of the Show.

Mr. Clarke ns. Dainty Man beat Mr. O'Connell ns. Gambling Hand.

Mr. Kelleher ns. Still Charging beat Mr. Dennehy ns. Knocknaker.

Mr. Mackessy's Masterful Monk beat Mr. Scanlan ns. Laches.

Mr. Ruttimer ns. Framework beat Mr. Sawtell's Melksham Firefly.

Mr. Buckley's Hardy Laddie beat Mr. Roche ns. Paddy Joe Long.

Mr. O'Sullivan ns. Brown Foam beat Mr. Cronin's Cheerful Tune.

Mr. Coleman ns. Perfect Model beat Mr. Sweetman ns. Warrior Flash.

Mr. Lombard ns. Roving Bunty beat Mr. Abernethy's Naval Swell.

Mr. Daly ns. Ballybrassil beat Mr. O'Brien's Ocean Bridge.

Mr. Heffernan ns. Flowery Fort beat Mr. O'Donoghue ns. Helm.

Mr. Cross ns. Hamper beat Mr. Barrett ns. Ballincurrig Boy.

II.

Brandy Bottle beat Peggy Sharp.
Ormac beat Kilmoney Lass.
Odd Brandy beat Dainty Man.
Still Charging beat Masterful Monk.
Framework beat Hardy Laddie.
Brown Foam beat Perfect Model.
Roving Bunty beat Ballybrassil.
Flowery Fort beat Hamper.

TRIAL STAKES (16 bitch puppies)—Lady Doctor beat Dominoes; Galmoy Rover beat Wily Widow; Lovely Still beat Pigeon Hill Whip; Corrin View beat Golden Wire; Golden Cutlet beat Ned's Charm; Ballysheehan Queen beat Kodak Picture; Greenfield Han beat Glasheen Rover; Angela's Pup beat Roving Bess.

Second Round—Lady Doctor beat Galmoy Rover; Corrin View beat Lovely Still; Ballysheehan Queen beat Golden Cutlet; Angela's Pup beat Greenfield Han.

CLONMEL CUP TRIAL STAKES (16 dog puppies)—Wide Appeal beat Patsy's Darling; Fairy Tim beat Brigade Motor; Stormy Loafer beat Lackabawn Laddie; Harvest Comrade beat Fern Prince; Rockboro Chief beat Cable Charger; Castle Road beat Jackie Dandy; Rusheen Border beat Sideline; Odd Navigator beat Flaming Friend.

Second Round—Wide Appeal beat Fairy Tim; Stormy Loafer beat Harvest Comrade; Castle Road beat Rockboro Chief; Rusheen Border beat Odd Navigator.

LEEMOUNT STAKES (16 dog puppies)—White and Black beat Our Batt; McCormac beat Stratford; Brown Fern beat What a Drop; Castle Fox beat Norman Baron; Golden Orkit beat Keen Rubber; Discus beat Walter; Gosnbaile beat Orlogan; Baritone beat Ducas Maglin.

Second Round—White and Black beat McCormac; Castle Fox beat Brown Fern; Golden Orkit beat Discus, Baritone beat Gosnbaile.

INNISCARRA STAKES (16 two-course maidens)—Clever Lido beat Flaming Furnace; Marlogue beat Clancy's Best; Maher's Prospects beat Calcutta Lady; Baby's Walk beat Hallway; Moleskin Roger beat White Collar Bridge; Trooper's Ghost beat Maher's Beauty; Funny Flourish beat Face the Fact.

DUNDRUM.

Delightful spring-like weather favoured the second meeting of the season at Dundrum, County Tipperary yesterday.

GOLDEN VALE STAKES (11 dog puppies)—March Honey beat Dandy Day; Flash of Light beat John Jamieson; Light Falate beat Moorstown Fox; Skeeball beat The Cockscombe; Round Top beat Crean Bridge; Royal Splendour a bye.

Second Round—March Honey beat Flash of Light; Skeeball beat Light Falate; Round Top beat Royal Splendour.

Third Round—Skeeball beat March Honey; Round Top a bye.

Decider—Mr. R. Stapleton's bd. Skeeball (Orbindor—Stop the Music) beat Mr. P. Ryan's bd. Round Top (Melksham Tom—Cain's Top).

DUNDRUM STAKES (12 bitch puppies)—White Nag beat Raven Queen; Joseph's Gift beat Kilcoran Bridge; My Lady Coquette beat Liskeaveen Beauty; Careful Lady beat Glencush; Morn Dawn beat Blackcastle Lass; Ballytarsna Lass beat Phœnix.

Second Round—White Nag beat Joseph's Gift; My Lady Coquette beat Careful Lady; Morn Dawn beat Ballytarsna Lass.

Third Round—White Nag beat My Lady Coquette; Morn Dawn a bye.

Stakes divided between Mr. J. J. Walsh's w. f. White Nag (Boasted Force—White Fire) and Miss M. Doyle's f. r. Morn Dawn (Golden Splendour—Rigadoon.)

KNOCKAVILLA STAKES (9 all-ages).—Aheodeen beat Sean's Folly; Dorgn's Ass beat Orestes; Creave's Beau beat Churchfield Star; Odd Karl beat Dick's Lamp; Ring 'Em Up a bye.

Second Round—Aheodeen beat Dorgn's Ass; Ring 'Em Up beat Creave's Beau; Odd Karl a bye.

Third Round—Ring 'Em Up beat Odd Karl; Aheodeen a bye.

Stakes divided between Mr. M. Noonan's f. r. d. Aheodeen (Melksham Tom—Avournees) and Mr. M. Dennehy's bd. d. Ring 'Em Up (Political Chief—Dinah Ring).

BALLINTEMPLE STAKES (16 two-cohrse maidens)—Miltown Queen beat Fast Wind; Izzy Heather beat Pleasant Ramble; Dugong beat Pleasant Kit; Highland Fox beat Texas Lad; Dark Girlie beat Boasted Wave; Daring Lily beat Bell Pull; Hurling Dick beat Cam; Cluen Flyer beat Roseville Boy.

Second Round—Hazy Heather beat Miltown Queen; Highland Fox beat Dugong; Dark Girlie beat Daring Lily; Cluen Flyer beat Hurling Dick.

Third Round—Highland Fox beat Hazy Heather; Cluen Flyer beat Dark Girlie.

Stakes divided between Mr. J. Heffernan's f. d. Highland Fox (White Fox—Senderetai) and Mr. D. Murphy's w. bd. d. Cluen Flyer (Influenza—Fawn Lass).

BISHOPSWOOD STAKES (16 two-course maidens)—Fond Favourite beat Foster Brother; Tim from Tipp beat Gardina; King Raymond beat Au Ceoltoir; Honey Lulu beat Craobh Ruadh; Boro' Point beat Mild Liqueur; Epidemic beat Crean Beauty; Ita's Pride beat Castlelake; Armed Guide beat Criminal Quack.

Second Round—Fond Favourite beat Tim from Tipp; Honey Lulu beat King Raymond; Epidemic beat Boro' Point; Ita's Pride beat Armed Guide.

Third Round—Honey Lulu beat Fond Favourite; Epidemic a bye, Ita's Pride drawn.

Decider—Mr. T. O'Carroll's f. b. Honey Lulu (Solid Man—Wise Woman) beat Mr. E. Walsh's bd. b. Epidemic (Influenza—Nellie Rooney).

WESTPORT.

TRIAL STAKE (for 15 dog puppies)—Marmaluke beat Sgeolan Eile; Dioson beat Honest Injun; First Light Again beat Dermamnna; Eagle's Star a bye. Golden Belmond absent; Golden Gordon beat Ballytigue Boy; Heath Valley beat Knockdara; Poor Con beat Mount Gable; All Moulded a bye.

Second Round—Marmaluke beat Dioson; First Light Again beat Eagle's Star; Golden Gordon beat Heath Valley; Poor Con beat All Moulded.

Third Round—Marmaluke beat First Light Again; Poor Con disq., Golden Gordon a bye.

Decider—Mr. P. J. Carr's Marmaluke (Mutton Cutlet—Prospect) beat Mr. M. Glynn's Golden Gordon (Golden Splendour—R.S.K.S. Gift).

TRIAL STAKE (for 14 bitch puppies).—Lady Con beat Benzoi Mixture; Farola Lass beat Carolina Beauty; Loughcoyeen Girl beat Jessin Babe; Fiery Foot beat Sweet Marine; Baby Sgeolan beat Golden Gown; Guiding Queen beat Glanmore Beauty; Cloonatha Jester a bye.

Second Round—Farola Lass beat Lady Con; Fiery Foot beat Baby Sgeolan; Loughcoyeen Girl beat Cloonatha Jester; Guiding Queen a bye.

Third Round—Farola Lass beat Loughcoyeen Girl; Guiding Queen beat Fiery Foot.

Decider—Mr. M. Corkan's Farola Lass (Craggs o' Burren—B.D. Toffee) beat Mrs. Egan's Guiding Queen (Rooster Force—Guiding Rein)

CASTLEBAR STAKES (for 7 all ages)—Clonester Captain beat Mirthful Pal; O Brazil a bye. Clubmore Star absent; Guiding Nugget beat Cloonath's Fancy; Radiograph a bye.

Second Round—Guiding Nugget beat Clonnetter Captain; O Brazil beat Radiograph

Decider—Mr. A. Hopkinson's O Brazil (Kashmir Kernel—Sari Buadh) beat Mr. P. J. Mahon's Guiding Nugget (Guiding Hand—Miriam).

NEWPORT STAKE (for 16 2-course maidens).—Celin Sweet beat Tiny Guide; Jolly Jumper beat Glanmore's Rose; Royal Tim beat Croy Girl; Mirthful Outcast beat Shifting Billy; Wriggler beat Golden King; Curio Bell beat Inishgowla Boy; Will Burst Away beat Shragh Boy; Marguerita beat Bellclare Conqueror.

Second Round—Jolly Jumper beat Celia Sweet; Mirthful Outcast beat Royal Tim; Wriggler beat Curio Bell; Will Burst Away a bye, Marguerita drawn.

Third Round—Mirthful Outcast beat Jolly Jumper; Will Burst Away beat Wriggler.

Decider—Mr. R. Rourke's (Rattleaway—Watchful Beauty) and Mr. J. J. Morrisroe's Mirthful Outcast (Craggs o' Burren—Rose of Lough Gill) divided stakes.

DERESHE STAKE (for 15 2-course maidens).—Moneen Bridge beat Keen Vixen; Clonminda beat Wheat Plane; The Barrister beat Earlton (disq.); Orient Express beat Lankill; Roscahill Lass beat Clogher Guard; Maam Valley beat Swift Sure; Carnaclay Lad beat Black Clare; Knockboy a bye.

Second Round—Clonminda beat Moneen Bridge; The Barrister beat Roscahill Lass; Orient Express beat Maam Valley; Carnaclay Lad beat Knockboy.

Third Round—The Barrister beat Clonminda; Orient Express beat Carnaclay Lad.

Decider—Mr. P. Silvery's b. g. The Barrister (Lax Law—Rockland Maid) beat Mr. P. J. Cusack's Orient Express (Border Line—Radiant Mystery).

BALLYMENA.

Judge—Mr. M. Walsh. Slipper—P. J. Kinnane.

LAYMORE STAKES (16 one-course maiden puppies)—Son of the Sea a bye. Ballymullock Lad absent; Whitman beat Author; O'Hara's Buick beat Bridal Belle; Jim's Pal beat Sandy McNab; Lively beat Magheregh Lad; Bayhenot beat Mystery Box (1); Lochisle beat Miss Magra; Gun Dart beat Cullaun Girl.

Second Round—Whitman beat Son of the Sea; O'Hara's Buick beat Jim's Pal; Lively beat Mayhenot; Gun Dart beat Lochisle.

Third Round—Whitman beat O'Hara's Buick; Gun Dart beat Lively.

Decider—Mr. R. H. Guiney's bd. b. Gun Dart (Mutton Cutlet—Gunshot) beat Mr. E. Wallace's bd. d. Whitman (Gack-a-Pucken—Keyland's Gift).

BALLYGARVEY STAKES (16 puppies)—Mathias beat Silver Sport; Malacca beat Alan Malone; Strange Jock beat Diogenes; Set Free Again a bye, Soft Archie absent; Ballygally Lad beat Parkmore Boy; Sure Stride beat Jenkinstown; Successful Son beat Ardglass Castle; Ilene Darling beat Winetti.

Second Round—Mathias beat Malacca; Strange Jock beat Set Free Again; Sure Stride beat Ballygally Lad; Successful Son beat Ilene Darling.

Third Round—Strange Jock beat Mathias; Successful Son beat Sure Stride.

Decider—Mr C. Sullivan's f. d. Strange Jock (Brutus—Burnguship) beat Mr. C. Donnelly's f. d. Successful Son (Brutus—Fair Sheila).

CROMAC STAKES AND CUP (16 all-ages)—Stafford Blue beat Tower More; Sporting Event beat Gay Guy; Langford Lodge beat Middle West; Middle Market beat Clandebove; Silver Sandy beat Portstewart Castle; Achilles beat Greenmount Maid; Milltown Meadow beat Movena; Talkie Trial beat What Company.

Second Round—Sporting Event beat Stafford Blue; Middle Market beat Langford Lodge; Achilles beat Silver Sandy; Milltown Meadow beat Talkie Trial.

Third Round—Sporting Event beat Middle Market; Achilles beat Milltown Meadow.

Decider—Mr. W. Allen's bk. d. Achilles (Darwin —Armada) beat Mr. D. Mulvenna's f. d. Sporting Event (Cylvida—Clifton Lass) (1).

CAVAN—TO-DAY.

TRIAL STAKES (16 dog puppies)—Treolar v. Cyclostyle; Hack Him Again v. Tappo; Coolaness v. Cid Rattler; Devinte v. Golden Edgar; Rathcon v. Casca; Some Bachelor v. Kevenagh Rover; Gowna Masterpiece v. Qua Iboe; Rackatate v. Mutable Way.

CAVAN STAKES (14 all-ages)—Mutton Flyer v. Dash for Freedom; Esperanza Beauty v. Planet Shine; Thomond's Pride v. Enterpriser; Beautifully Dressed v. Royal Billy; Move About v. Wattlebridge Rebel; Binny v. Speed for Two; Mince Pie v. Doubtful Daisy.

KILMORE (No. 1) STAKES (16 two-course maidens)—Raven's Day v. Bad Bargain; Derryhann Guard v. Swastika; Charter Song v. On the Record; Drumcrinn Rebel v. Minnewaska; Money Rover v Galvon Boy; Profound v. Solid Laddy; Brawny v. Lively Alley; Aint She Sweet v. Heart of Jade.

KILMORE (No. 2) STAKES (16 no-course maidens)—Fair Weather Jack v. Black Hero; Royal Purple v. Drummer Con; Bae Vista v. Tullymungo; Killyvalley Boy v. Carrickahessil Boy; Bachelor's Border v. Pocket Cash; Tunnel Lass v. Romany's Speed; Beulah v. Beaded Nuala; Tully Breeze v. Drumany Flirt.

DULEEK—TO-DAY.

Judge—Mr. Keating. Slipper—M. Horan.

GARBALLAGH STAKES (8 puppies)—Banbridge Chance v. Bad Case; Crocka Tubber v. Jullanstown Boy; Killoughey v. Monasterboice; Fond Friend v. Pillow Case.

LOUTH HUNT CUP (14 all-ages)—Rushwee Pride v. Beggars Camp; Blue Mermaid v. Creewood; Slana Walla v. Island Lass; Shady Lady v. Barney Busket; Castletown v. Topical Tangle; Cussa Bawna v. Fay; Killaly Lass v. Electricity.

RIVERSTON STAKES (16 all-ages)—Physic Ball v. Rock Roy; Daisy's Love v. Lergan Half Boy; Blue Earl v. Mellifont Gun; Wireless Hero v. Heather; Pilgrim v. Yvonne Pride; Another Cheery v. Sicily Hope; Odd Chance v. Enchanted Queen; What v. What Blackbird.

First brace in slips at 9.30.

CARRICK-ON-SUIR—TO-MORROW.

CARRICK (No. 1) STAKE (8 puppies)—Just Our Luck v. Ballyrue, Gawkie v. Myles The Slasher; Fighting Factor v. Hippo; Kettle v. Lady Belleview.

CARRICK (No. 2) STAKE (8 dog puppies)—Ringleader v. Conergan Lad; Twelone v. Gamebird; Glenwilliam Boy v Colliery Band; Mameens Beau v. Sharpshooter.

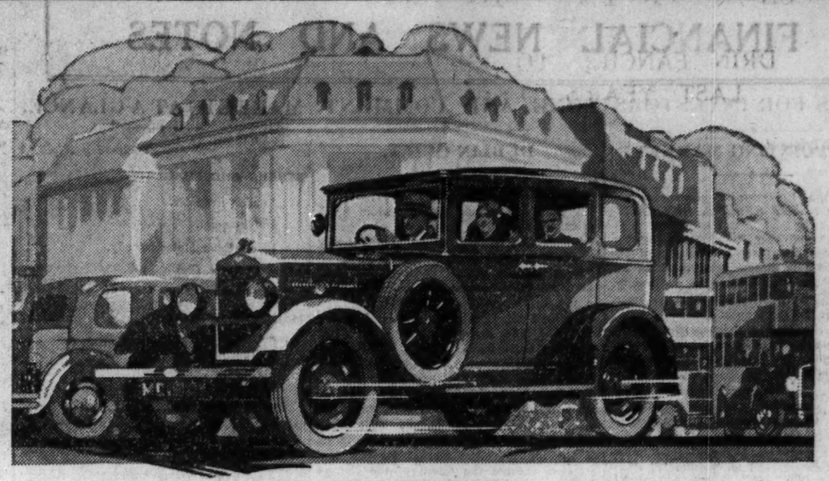
COOLNAMUCK DEMESNE STAKE (4 all-aged dogs)—Westwind v. Soft Lips; Fight Fit v. Gobstick.

CHURCHTOWN STAKE (No. 1) (8 all-ages, bitches)—Last Plumb v. Waltzing Biddy; Miss Moonlight v. Golden Teal; Crawtacawn v. Lasheen Ring; Lagonda v. Croftin.

CHURCHTOWN (No. 2) STAKE (8 all-ages)—Golden Prince v. Moansoola Boy; Jazzing Dick v Fluenza; Cussane Belle v. Hello Mogga; Goberos v. Her.

CURRAGHMORE STAKE (16 2-course maidens)—Moondarrig v. Wonder Bottle; Glundie v. Spark Light; Drifting Bonzoi v Dalgan Bridge; Well Out v. Dash on Long; Pegs Spread v. Lackan Island; Christian Lass v. Maid Heath; Heather Rose v. Delia; Deccachord v. Proud Walker.

LOCAL STAKE (8 1-course maidens)—Munsburrow Queen v. Winsome Dance; Maureen from Gibberland v. Scartlea; Waitress v. Wise Man; Lucky Cutler v. Twine Lad.



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THURLES HUNT BALL.

The Thurles and Kilshane Harriers' Hunt Ball was held on Tuesday night. Members of the Committee.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

CROSS-CHANNEL RESULTS.

F.A. CUP—FOURTH ROUND REPLAYS.

Wolverhampton Wanderers 4, Bradford City 2.
Sunderland 3, Bolton Wanderers 1.

ENGLISH LEAGUE—DIVISION I.

Arsenal 9, Grimsby 1.
Manchester United 4, Sheffield Wednesday 1.
Sheffield United 2, Manchester City 2.
Leeds United 2, Blackpool 2.
Birmingham 2, Portsmouth 1.

ENGLISH LEAGUE—DIVISION III. (SOUTH).

Bournemouth 2, Notts County 1.
Exeter City 3, Northampton 3.
Brighton 3, Torquay 0.
Gillingham 1, Brentford 1.
Bristol Rovers 2, Aldershot 3.
Luton 4, Watford 3.

F.A. AMATEUR CUP—SECOND ROUND.

Portland United 2, Maidenhead 2.

OTHER MATCHES.

F.A. XI. 5, R.A.F. 3.
Royal Marines 4, London University 3.

SCOTTISH AMATEUR XI.

The Scottish team to meet Wales in the Amateur International at Swansea on February 7th was selected yesterday as follows—R. J. T. Peden (Queen's Park); J. Gilbert (Murrayfield Amateurs) and W. O. Walker (Queen's Park); R. Grant (Queen's Park), J. Gillespie (Queen's Park Rovers) and Lennie (Dumbarton); F. Pope (Partick Thistle), H. T. Bremner (Queen's Park), W. L. Cordiner (Queen's Park),

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

NOTES FOR INVESTORS

DISAPPOINTING MARKETS.

FROM OUR FINANCIAL CORRESPONDENT.
59 FLEET STREET, LONDON, Wednesday.

After the buoyancy witnessed at the end of last week the present condition of the Stock markets is disappointing, and for the time being there is likely to be uncertainty. Apart from the political situation at home, upon which the more optimistic had counted so much, the leading investment securities are feeling the effects of the changed monetary situation. The French demand for gold has assumed serious dimensions, and coupled with the recent unfavourable level of the American exchange, has compelled the authorities to take exceptional measures in the shape of an adjustment of market discount rates nearer to the official minimum. There is, consequently, no prospect of cheap money, and when this is more fully recognised, it is to be expected that gilt-edged securities will suffer some reaction, though any considerable decline may be checked by the continuance of distrust of more speculative issues, as a result of which so much money, which ordinarily would be invested in ordinary stocks and shares, is placed in "safety first" securities.

"Kaffirs."

Wisely, perhaps, the public did not take a hand in the recent rally in Industrial shares. The business there has been mainly professional, representing either bear closing or speculative buying, and both operations were curtailed when it was found that the public had not come in. It is believed, however, that there is a fair amount of public interest in South African Mining shares, the firmness of which has been one of the redeeming features lately, while there is reason to believe that some of the big firms have been buying. Prices in that section have not been maintained owing to profit-taking, but it is unlikely that they will go back to the former level. If the activity continues some shares will be pushed up unduly, but in other cases there is still room for capital appreciation, and probably the speculative investor would not go far wrong in buying Geldfields, Chartered, "Johnnies," Globe and Phœnix, East Geduld, and Robinson Deep B on any setback in quotations; but it should be remembered that even the best shares in this section are speculative, and that at any time prices may be knocked down by Johannesburg Paris selling.

Brazilian Bonds.

It is rather extraordinary that the big new credit arranged for the Bank of Brazil should have been so quickly followed by a drop in the milreis to fresh low record. The movement indicates apparently that economic conditions in the country are still very unsatisfactory, and probably they will continue so while Brazil is unable to obtain good prices for its staple product. In time conditions will improve, and if holders of Brazilian Bonds can wait they should see a higher level of prices. There is no reason to think that the Government will default. The worst that might happen in the event of economic conditions becoming worse than they are now is that the sinking funds might not be operated in full. Purchases in the market for these funds are made periodically, and usually have an important effect upon prices. The outlook for the railways is necessarily poor, while the commercial movement is so unsatisfactory, and here again holders must perforce exercise the virtue of patience. At any rate, it would be foolish to sell at present prices, having regard to the possible effect that may be produced upon the market by the visit to the country of Sir Otto Niemeyer and the remedial measures that he may recommend.

Industrial Shares.

The meeting of the Imperial Tobacco Company on February 2 is awaited with some interest, if only to see whether the Chairman will adopt a line similar to that taken by the Chairman of the British-American Company. The former has a large holding of "Bats," and if that dividend is to be reduced the Imperial will suffer a corresponding reduction in its revenue, thus making it impossible, perhaps, to maintain its own distribution on the next occasion. Despite this, it is considered that "Imps" are the better purchase for the time being, and it is extremely doubtful if the directors would have increased the dividend recently, even by so small an amount as ½ per cent., had they reason to think that the company would be materially and permanently affected by the circumstance mentioned.

Courtaulds.

Another matter which is awaited with considerable interest is the Courtaulds' announcement of the balance distribution for the past year. Some people profess to believe that the payment will be passed, and that shareholders will have to be content with the 3 per cent., tax free, paid as interim, but the more general idea is that the final will be the same as the interim, making 6 per cent. for the year, against 7 per cent. for 1929. On that basis, of course, Courtaulds would be dear even at 30s., for the yield would only be 4 per cent. net—say, 5⅓ per cent., less tax, but the shares are not being bought or retained for the 1930 dividend. Those interested hope that when a real revival in trade comes Courtaulds will be able to take full advantage of it, because of the company's strong financial position. Perhaps the most unsatisfactory feature of the present position is the manner in which the interests in European undertakings have passed out, in which connection it may be recalled that, instead of placing anything to reserve on the last occasion, the company applied £1,650,000 in writing down the Continental industrial interests.

Imperial Chemicals.

There is now a more general expectation that the full dividend for the past year on Imperial Chemical Industries Ord. will be 6 per cent., against 8 per cent. previously. Assuming that this rate is paid, it is difficult to say whether the shares are properly valued at their present price of about 17s., which represents a heavy decline from the best figure reached in 1929. In the past, however, the company has certainly earned 3 per cent., and there is no reason why it should not do so again when things generally are better. The capital is heavy, but the ramifications of the business are so extensive that the company could not fail to benefit very considerably from a revival of commercial activity. On a 6 per cent. dividend basis the shares would yield a trifle over 7 per cent., which is a reasonably good return, having regard to the possibilities of a restoration of the dividend to the former figure of 8 per cent. The 7 per cent. Pref. are also an attractive speculative investment.

A Survey.

While the prospects of active markets are not very hopeful at present, there are certain directions where prices may show an improvement. It would not be surprising to see Australian Government Loans rising to a level at which the yields are less fantastically high than they are at present, having regard to the fact that the loans are full trustee stocks. With them Australian Bank shares would move up, though it is to be feared that, as regards the latter group, we have not yet heard the last of dividend cuts; for it must be remembered that such institutions are particularly affected by the enormous difficulty surrounding the exchange question. Some of the leading foreign bonds are likely to respond to purchases by those who must have a high return on part of their investment holdings, and, for a like reason, we may see a continuance of the demand for Brewery Pref. shares; for many of these can still be bought to give satisfactory returns, and, where the interest is protected by a substantial dividend on the Ord. capital ranking afterwards, there need be no hesitation in making a purchase.

Other Sections.

Because of the monetary situation, gilt-edged securities are likely to be an uncertain, if not a dull, market for some time to come. Home Rails cannot rise much while the wages question is unsettled, and traffics continue to be poor. Argentine Rails are under the influence of the exchange, the low level of which makes it still more probable that the companies will decide to pay no interim dividends for the year, which will end on

Continued at foot of next Column.

TONE AND COMMENT.

DUBLIN QUIET.

LOCAL ISSUES SUPPORTED.

A small day's business on Dublin Stock Exchange showed a few points of interest, but from first to last the day was a dreary one. The usual changes in the Funds—a quarter up or a quarter down marked both the Free State and British sections. India 3½ p.c. Stock weakened sharply.

Dublin 5 p.c. Inscribed Stock was firm at a rise of ⅜, and Royal Bank rose ½ to 14¾. Guinness units fluctuated, and finished unchanged. Rails were practically passed over. Dublin Tram. "A" Deb. rose 2½ to 60—the most prominent movement of the day.

The feature of the Industrial list was a rise of 1s. in Unilevers to 37s. 6d. That to all intents and purposes exhausts the description of the big industrial market for the day. Suspence covered the extent of the charges in the few markings which reached the list.

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LONDON IRREGULAR.

RENEWED ACTIVITY IN "KAFFIRS."

Trading remained on rather modest lines in the majority of directions in the London Stock Markets yesterday, and, in the absence of any expansion of interest, the tendency was to depress values further. Here and there, however, firm features were evident, and the list of price movements recorded at the close was about evenly distributed. "Kaffirs" provided one of the best spots, and in these dealings were again on a fairly active scale, with a consequent stiffening in values. The new rule regarding American securities was again the subject of much discussion, and it is understood that efforts are being made to get it modified.

The easier conditions apparent in the Gilt-edged section on Tuesday were again evident yesterday, and, while actual price movements were not numerous, those registered were adverse to holders. Among Foreign Government issues, Brazilians continued dullish, but Chinese descriptions firmed up the turn. Egyptian Unified and Peruvian Corporation Preference were other firm markets. Home Rails remained inanimate, and, with the exception of a sharp depreciation in Metropolitan Consols, the final level being 1½ points down to 65, values were not materially altered. Fears regarding the dividend due to be announced to-day was the primary cause of the set-back in Metropolitan Railway. Colonial and Foreign Rails again displayed an easier front. Among the Buenos Ayres issues, the Pacific dropped 2 points to 42, while Great Southerns and Westerns were a point and half a point lower respectively. Central Argentine lost a point, and the Deferred slumped to 32½, which left them 3½ points easier. Business in the Industrial sections generally was on a quiet scale, and price movements made an irregular showing. Mines, as a whole, attracted wider attention, and some appreciable advances were scored.

R.M.S.P. AND ITS INTERESTS

UNDER CONTROL OF AN ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Following the issue of the 1929 report, in June last, the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company announced the formation of a committee to confer with the boards of the parent and subsidiary companies on matters of management, administration and finance. It was arranged that the chairman of the Trade Facilities Act Advisory Committee (Sir Wm. Plender) would come into consultation with the committee.

Originally the committee was to retain office until the end of 1930, but its period of control has since been extended for another year, and similar extension of the accommodation by bankers and the facilities by the Trade Facilities Acts Advisory Committee granted in June has also been obtained.

In June last Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., joined the boards of the company and of several associated concerns, and has been appointed deputy chairman.

HUGE TONNAGE CONTROL.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company was established by royal charter in 1839, supplemental charters being granted in 1851, 1882, 1904, 1912 and 1920. That granted in 1904 provides against foreign owners acting as directors or principal officers or acquiring capital stock.

Including the fleet of the subsidiary R.M.S.P. Meat Transports, Ltd., the company at June 6, 1930, owned 39 vessels aggregating 329,789 gross register tons, together with tugs, launches, etc., of 629 gross register tons; while the fleets of the other companies associated with the Royal Mail Company represented a gross register tonnage of 2,304,370, giving a total tonnage of 2,635,768. In September last, however, the sale was announced of the company's holdings in the Argentine Navigation Company (Nicolas Mehanovich), Ltd.

In addition to its meat transport subsidiary holding the company owns a controlling interest in the White Star Line, Ltd., the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, the Nelson Steam Navigation Company, Ltd., David MacIver and Co., Ltd., and MacAndrews and Co., Ltd., while, directly or indirectly, many other undertakings are associated with the group.

The company guarantees the capital and dividend of £5,000,000 6½ per Cent. Cumulative Preference Shares of the White Star Line, Ltd. At the close of 1929 further contingent liabilities included guarantees under the Trade Facilities Acts and bills under discount of a subsidiary company to the amount of £2,841,327, while uncalled capital on investments totalled £2,092,508.

ISSUED CAPITAL OF £8,800,000.

The authorised capital of the company is £25,000,000, of which £11,000,000 has been created, and of the latter amount £8,800,000 has been issued and paid up, £5,000,000 being Ordinary Stock, £2,900,000 6½ per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock, and £900,000 5 per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preference Stock. Debenture Stock is also outstanding to a total of £6,900,000.

Earnings for 1929 were sufficient to pay only a half-year's dividend on the Preference Stock, and as no further payment has since been made that dividend is now therefore one year and a half in arrear.

The White Star Line Preference dividend is six months in arrear. Profits of that company were insufficient to provide the payment due on July 1 last, the balance being made good by the Royal Mail Company under the terms of the guarantee. The latter company has been requested to provide the full amount for the past half-year.

MOTORS AND TEXTILES.

BIRMINGHAM.

Austins again the most active feature in the Motor market, but the price closed easier. Leylands still firm. Singers harder. Dunlops busier and steady.

Austin	33/9	Lucas	68/6
Do. Pref.	14/-	Napier	7/6
Bluemels	24/-	Rolls	39/-
Components	5/6	Rover	6¼
Dennis	30/-	Singer	16/-
Enfield	16/7½	Standard	15/9
Guest	8/-	Triumph	11/-
Humber	14/-	Dunlops	12/3
Leyland	46/5		

MANCHESTER.

Business in Textiles is rather quiet, but prices are steady.

Bleachers, 12/9-13/3.	Courtaulds, 32/6-33/-.
Calicos, 6/3-7/-.	Dunlops, 12/9-13/3.
Dyers, 17/9-18/-.	Turner & Newall, 39/6-39/9.
Cottons, 28/9-30/-.	Bolton & Barlow, 7/8/-.
Spinners, 17/3-17/9.	Wall Paper Def., 51/3-51/9.
Coats, 54/6-55/6.	
"Shilcocks," 29/3-3.	
Velvets, 16/3-16/9.	

Continued from previous Column.

June 30 next, quite apart from the fact that the traffic record to date is discouraging. Anything like a general movement in Industrial Ordinary shares one way or the other seems unlikely. Later on Courtaulds, Imperial Chemical Industries, Dunlop Rubber and some others will be affected by dividend estimates, but it is difficult to visualise anything like a substantial improvement in prices. Mining shares will probably attract a considerable amount of attention, both from professionals and the public, while as regards Oil shares, it is possible that the future will see some divelines in the two Eagle shares, with, perhaps, some revival in Trinidad Leaseholds.

MARKETS AT A GLANCE.

Wednesday Night.

STOCKS AND SHARES:

London irregular.

Dublin quiet.

Birmingham Motors steady.

Manchester Textiles dull.

New York weak.

MONEY:

Bank of England Rate	3	p.c.
Last Year	5	p.c.
Irish Banks' Rate	4	p.c.
Ditto Deposits	1½	p.c.
London Day-to-Day Loans	2¼-2	p.c.
London Fine 3 Months' Bills	2⅛-½	p.c.

INDUSTRIAL MARKET.

EFFECT OF WATNEY INTERIM DIVIDEND.

REACTION IN FORD MOTORS.

Irregular conditions continued to prevail in most sections of the Industrial Market yesterday, values generally trending toward lower levels. Trans-Atlantic issues lost ground on less encouraging New York advices, and as that centre showed no disposition to give fresh support in the afternoon the tone at the close was dull. A reduction in the Watney interim dividend from 8 to 7 p.c. caused a reaction in Brewery shares, while the Tobacco leaders presented a dull appearance. Some profit-taking was noticeable in Ford Motors, and this left the rest of this group rather undecided.

The Trans-Atlantic favourites lost ground in the absence of buying orders from the other side. Brazilian Traction Common declined ¾ to 23¾, with Hydro-Electrics closing sellers around 24¼, Nickels at 15½, Radio Corporation at 14¼, and International Holdings at 2⅞.

Of the "Record" leaders, Columbia Graphs lost the turn at 1½, but Gramos (H.M.V.) held around 13s.

Cables and Wireless stocks continued under the influence of the decreased traffic receipts, the Pref. sagging to 66, the "A" Ordinary to 18½, and the "B" Ord. to 10.

Electricals presented a firm front, buyers being again in evidence for some of the Equipment issues.

Motor shares showed no decided tendency. Some profit-taking was noticeable in Fords, which reacted in the late dealings to 32, a decline of ⅞ on the day. Thomas Tilling receded to 5⅝, with Leylands offered at 2⅝ and Gilfords at 5s. Austins held around 34s. 6d.

Coal and Engineering descriptions gave a mixed display. Babcocks were well maintained at 47s. 3d., with a few inquiries for B.S.A. Ord. at 8s., but Stewarts Defd. weakened to 19s. 3d.

Breweries finished easier, following the reduction in the Watney interim dividend, the shares most concerned finishing with a decline of 2s. 6d. at 52s. 6d. Ind Coopes eased to 60s. 6d., Distillers to 57s., with Bass, Allsopps, Guinness and Courage closing unchanged on balance.

Tobaccos remained on the quiet side. Bats lost the turn at 4⅞, and Carreras and "Imps" finished unchanged.

Textiles and Rayons had a rather steadier appearance, but movements on balance did not amount to much. Linen Thread hardened to 23s. 9d., Sewing Cottons to 30s., with some of the Preference issues inquired for. Courtaulds remained around 12s., with a few buyers in evidence for American Celanese at 2⅞. British Enka hardened a few pence to 2s. 9d., and Snia Viscosa to 7s. 9d.

The outstanding change in the Stores section was provided by Maples, which were bought in anticipation of the dividend, and closed 10½d. higher at 26s. 10½d.

Provision descriptions moved within narrow limits. Tate and Lyle lost 3d. to 36s. 7½d., and Lipton 1½d. to 4s. 1½d.

Following the news of a proposed moratorium scheme, Royal Mail Ord. were marked down 2½ to 7½. The 5 per Cent. Preference were called nominally 8, the 6½ per Cent. Preference 7½, the 4½ per Cent. Debentures 65, and the 5 per Cent. Debentures 35. White Star Preference were a trifle better at 5s. 4½d. The only other change in this section was a reaction of 6d. in P. and O. Deferred to 35s.

Insurance Shares were quiet, the sole variation being a set-back of ¼ in London and Lancashire to 27½.

Banks moved within narrow limits.

A little support was forthcoming for Turner and Newall, following Tuesday's decline, and they closed 9d. higher at 38s. 9d., after being 39s. 4½d. British Aluminium rose 9d. to 27s. 6d., and Wall Paper Def. gained 3d. at 51s. 3d. In the Swedish group Kreuger and Toll were well maintained at 22, and Swedish Match "B" advanced ¼. Imperial Chemical issues fluctuated within narrow limits. Dunlops receded 1½d. to 12s. 4½d., and United Molasses 3d. to 12s. Among recent issues, National Shipbuilders' Security Debs. fell to 1-dis. at one time, and were finally ½ lower at ⅜ dis.

OIL SHARES SATISFACTORY.

Taken as a whole the Oil Share Market preserved a satisfactory tendency yesterday. Local business failed to show expansion, and was often difficult of execution, for while there were small sellers they demanded prices which could not be obtained, while buyers fixed limits at which it was found impossible to transact business. There was, however, no falling off in the demand of French operators for their favourites, which included more particularly Shells and Mexican Eagles. Generally, however, prices fluctuated within narrow limits, and few changes were recorded at the close.

RUBBER SHARES IDLE.

Dealings remain or a very restricted scale in the Rubber share market, but despite the continued paucity of interest quotations for the most part were well maintained. Only a moderate business was met in the Commodity market, but steadier conditions were apparent. Spot and Feb. sold 4⅛d. per lb. and March realised 4¼d. per lb., while April to June held at 4⅜d. per lb. July to September, however, after 4⅝d., closed at 4⅞d. per lb.

DEALINGS IN LONDON MARKET.

The following dealings among active stocks and shares were "marked in" in London yesterday:—

Consols—57⅞, 15/16, 58, 3/4, 13/16, 58, 57/8, 15/16, 58, 1/16, 58, 1/16, 58, 1

PROVINCIAL BANK MEETING.

MR. TROTTER ON FREE STATE PROSPERITY.

POSITION IN NORTHERN IRELAND.

PROFITS INCREASED.

The 106th annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Provincial Bank of Ireland, Ltd., was held yesterday at the office of the Company, No. 8 Throgmorton avenue, London, E.C., Mr. Richard Durant Trotter (the Chairman) presiding.

THE CHAIRMAN'S ADDRESS.

The Secretary, Mr. Francis S. Forde, having read the notice convening the meeting, and the auditors' report,

The Chairman said:—Gentlemen, the report and statement of accounts have been in your hands for some days, and I trust you will be good enough, as usual, to take them as read. ("Agreed.") The statement we submit to you on this occasion, I venture to think, will be regarded as very satisfactory. You will have noticed that a great many of the banking institutions at this side have had to show considerably reduced profits, but fortunately our requirements do not call for the keeping of large sums in the money market, so that we are not at the same disadvantage as they are, which is especially noticeable, having in view the very low rates ruling during the past half-year.

We are in the position of being able, not only to maintain our dividend at the rate of 14 per cent., but to show somewhat increased profits. You will have observed that we deal on this occasion with net profits of £55,376, as against £52,964 in the case last, and £50,794 this time twelve months ago.

THE DEPOSITS.

Our deposits show a slight decrease on the total as at December, 1930, but this was to be expected, having in mind the calls made on the Irish public by the 4½ per cent. loan successfully floated by the Free State Government in May last, and in a minor degree by the more recent and equally successful issue by the Agricultural Credit Corporation of a further £250,000 5 per cent. debenture stock.

Our note circulation, £848,650, shows a decrease compared with the figures at December last of £921,677, but this you will remember is owing to the redemption of our old issue, which continues in progress, and follows on the new currency regulations of the Free State. You will observe the alterations we have made, and, with the £10,000 now added, our reserve fund stands at £660,000, being £120,000 in excess of the paid up capital of the bank.

Our advances show a comparatively small decrease from the figures of a year ago, but we have responded, I believe, to all legitimate demands for accommodation, where, in our opinion, this could be done with reasonable safety.

The ratio of our liquid assets to liabilities stands at the high figure of about 53 per cent., which, I am sure, you will regard as indicating the bank to be in a sound position. With the world-wide trade depression, which to some extent is reflected in the business in Northern Ireland, and to a lesser degree in the Free State, banking during the past year has not been without difficulty, and the continued fall in the values of securities has necessitated special watchfulness to see that proper margins were maintained. The long hoped-for improvement in market prices has not yet come about, and it would be somewhat optimistic to say that any appreciable improvement is likely to be apparent in the near future, though it is hoped that, at all events, further depreciation may not occur.

The fall in prices represents a huge depreciation in capital values, and it is singular that, to some extent at all events, the market value of securities has to be regulated more by the particular dividend in prospect rather than the profits earned, or by the sound position of the undertaking.

PROGRESS IN THE FREE STATE.

Turning to the affairs of our own country, we are fully appreciative of the steady progress made by the Free State Government, and the very heartening and indicative of sound and careful administration is the final thing to balance against us shows a reduction for a period of twelve months to October last in the large figure of close on £4,000,000 on figures of 1929.

It is also gratifying to note that the figures of unemployment show a satisfactory decrease, and you will have observed that the various Free State issues have been maintained at appreciable premiums, which clearly indicate that investors have no apprehension as to the soundness of the securities.

I have referred previously to the successful issue of new stock by the Agricultural Credit Corporation, to enable them to extend in suitable directions the admirable work they are carrying out for the benefit of the farmers generally.

The recently issued report of the Tariff Commission on butter contains such a large amount of information on all aspects of the dairy trade that farmers in this line of business will be well advised to study the report carefully.

The cultivation of sugar beet has increased considerably.

In regard to the harvest, reports seem to point to this as being, on the whole, favourable, though bad weather conditions in the autumn adversely affected matters to some extent, and some of the hay crop suffered. Nevertheless, it is considered that prices generally are proving remunerative, and while the farmer may not have made large profits he has had a busy year. I think it may be said he has not gone back, and this is a matter for congratulation.

Having regard to the world-wide depression in evidence at the present time, while the prices of milk, butter, eggs and poultry at the farm were lower than for the last quarter of the previous year, there was a general improvement in the prices of the cattle trade, and the number of store cattle and calves exported rose very considerably.

In this connection you will have noted that the total exports from the Free State have now reached the high figure of £18,000,000.

NORTHERN IRELAND.

Turning to Northern Ireland. The past year has been a very difficult one for the linen trade, in view of the unsettled conditions generally, and more especially to the dulness of trade in the United States. Generally speaking, however, it should be mentioned that inquiries for linen goods have been larger than might have been expected, but production has been closely regulated to meet demands, and, as a consequence, stocks of yarn and cloth are low. It appears to be confidently expected, however, that at its present attractive price and durability, the demand for linen cloth will show improvement.

The outlook in the shipbuilding trade is also hopeful for the current year, for, following a large increase in the tonnage launched from the Belfast yards last year, the order to replace the work now being completed are not, so far, coming in. Messrs. Harland and Wolff have again headed the list of shipbuilders throughout the world, and have on hand the construction of the White Star liner, Georgic.

I have already briefly referred to the present world-wide depression, which, unfortunately, has continued so long. Generally speaking, it would seem that the trading community is afraid that prices of commodities, which have already fallen very considerably, may fall still lower, and, therefore, is unwilling to purchase beyond immediate needs. There is thus no demand for commodities, owing to this lack of enterprise, and prices fall once more. To this the difficulty of bringing the cost of production into line with the new level of prices, and it becomes evident that industry had a very heavy task of readjustment before it.

Our ancestors faced conditions which must have seemed to them just as difficult as those which we now find ourselves, and I am convinced that we shall find that, with returning confidence, our trade will recover its proper position in the world. We can only hope that this may soon materialize.

INVESTMENTS—MARKET VALUE EXCEEDS BOOK FIGURES.

In referring again to our own position, I would like to add that the present market value of our investments shows a very appreciable increase on the book cost, as written down from time to time, while in regard to bad and doubtful debts, we believe that we have provided for these.

RETIREMENT OF MR. ROBERTSON.

Before I sit down, gentlemen, I desire to recognise the loyalty and fidelity of the staff, who have carried out their duties wholeheartedly, and on whose zeal the success we have achieved so largely depends. In this connection, I wish to refer to the retirement of Mr. Hume Robertson, which has been brought about by the call of advancing years. We very much regret that this has to be, as Mr. Robertson has proved a very efficient and capable official, who never spared himself, and I may say he carries with him, after a service in the bank of 50 years, and as secretary of 23 years, our good wishes for his health and happiness in his retirement.

In his place we have appointed Mr. Francis S. Forde, who was chief inspector of branches in Ireland before coming to London as assistant secretary some years ago.

I now beg to move that the report of the directors and statement of accounts as at December, 1930, already in the hands of the members, be adopted, and I will ask Sir William Goschen to kindly second this.

The Hon. Sir William Henry Goschen, K.B.E.—I beg to second the resolution.

The Chairman—Gentlemen, if anybody has any questions they would like to ask before I put the motion, which has been proposed and seconded, I will be very glad to answer them.

No questions being asked, the resolution was put to the meeting, and carried unanimously.

The Chairman—I now have to propose the re-election of the two directors going out by rotation. I beg to propose the re-election of Mr. Robert John Fitzgerald, who is very well known in the West of Ireland and over most of the Free State.

Mr. H. S. H. Guinness—I have much pleasure in seconding that.

The resolution was unanimously approved.

The Chairman—I now beg to move the re-election of Mr. Alexander Brodrick Leslie-Melville, who has been a member of this Board for many years, and is well known to all of you.

Mr. R. A. Gradwell—I have pleasure in seconding the resolution.

The resolution was passed unanimously.

Mr. Charles S. Montefiore—Mr. Chairman and gentlemen, I have very much pleasure in moving that Mr. Stuart R. Cooper, F.C.A., and Mr. G. Brock, F.C.A., be elected auditors for the ensuing year.

Mr. Steward—I have much pleasure in seconding that.

The motion was unanimously adopted.

THANKS TO CHAIRMAN AND DIRECTORS.

Mr. Waley—Gentlemen, before we separate I think we ought to move a vote of thanks to the Chairman and directors. It is refreshing to the shareholders of an Irish bank to know that what used to be called a distressful country is not suffering to the same extent as other countries from the world-wide depression, and knowing, as we all do, the great difficulties which banking directors have had to face during the past year, I think we have every reason to congratulate ourselves on the report and balance sheet which you have been able to bring before us. I, therefore, have much pleasure in moving this vote of thanks.

Mr. Charles S. Montefiore—I have very much pleasure in seconding that, and no remarks are needed from me, for I feel sure all the shareholders will re-echo the words of the proposer of this resolution.

The vote was unanimously accorded.

The Chairman—Mr. Waley and gentlemen, on behalf of my colleagues and myself, may I thank you very much for your kind resolution?

The proceedings then terminated.

DIVIDENDS AND REPORTS.

THOMAS McKENZIE and SONS—The directors have declared a dividend for the half-year ended 31st December, 1930, at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, which, with interim dividend of 8 per cent., makes a total for the year of 10 per cent., placing £500 to reserve account, and carrying forward £4,531. (Last year the final dividend was 14 per cent. per annum, with £500 to reserve and £4,596 forward.)

CONSETT SPANISH ORE.—Interim dividend of 2/- per share, less tax. (Same.)

CLAPTON STADIUM.—Final dividend of 20 per cent. on Ord. Shares, making 40 per cent.

DAVID THOM AND CO.—Dividend of 8 per cent., less tax, on Pref., and 17 per cent., less tax, on Ord.

ENGLISH VELVET AND CORD DYERS' ASSOCIATION, LTD.—Final dividends for the year at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum on the 5 per cent. Cum. Pref. shares, and at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum on the Ord. shares, making a total on these shares of 6 per cent. for the year. In the last two years finals have been at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, making totals of 8 per cent.

GREYHOUND RACING ASSOCIATION.—The net trading profit of Greyhound Racing Association, Ltd., for the year 1930 amounted to £175,846, as against £166,805 for 1929. The report states that full provision has been made for amortisation, depreciation, and other contingencies, which, together with the provision for debenture interest and income tax, aggregated £74,737 (against £95,102), leaving with the larger balance of £19,203 brought in an available total of £120,312 (against £75,779). The directors recommend a final dividend of 16s. 9d. per share, making a total of 22s. 9d. per share, compared with 16s. per share, leaving a balance of £19,757 to carry forward. In their report for the year 1930 the directors of the Greyhound Racing Association Trust, Ltd., state that dividends totalling 22s. 9d. per share have been received from the Greyhound Racing Association, Ltd., as compared with 16s. per share in the previous year. Including this dividend, interest on loan to Greyhound Racing Association, rents receivable, and interest, income totalled £122,501 (against £89,819), and the profit advanced from £87,519 to £115,128, to which is added £1,199 brought in. The directors propose to write £22,843 (against nil) of preliminary expenses, and to pay a dividend of 10 per cent. (the same) on the Ordinary shares, and a participating dividend at the rate of 9·4124 per cent. per annum on the 8 per cent. Participating Preference shares (also the same), leaving a balance of £1,742 to carry forward. The report states that no credit has been taken for the profits of the Greyhound Racing Association, except in so far as they have been distributed in the form of dividends.

INDEMNITY MUTUAL MARINE ASSURANCE.—Dividend of 14/- per share for half-year ended December 31, 1930, less tax, making 28/- per share.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER.—Quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on Prefd. stock.

JONES SEWING MACHINE CO.—Ord. dividend of 4 per cent. actual, less tax, against 4 per cent. actual, tax free.

LONDON MERCHANT BANK, LTD.—Final dividend of 2 per cent. on the "B" shares, making the dividends for the year 7 per cent., on the "A" shares and 4 per cent. on the "B" shares, both less tax. (Against 7 per cent. and 5 per cent., respectively.)

LONDON STOCKHOLDERS' INVESTMENT TRUST.—Final dividend on Ord. Shares of 2½ per cent., making 5 per cent. for year, less tax. Forward £2,927. (Last dividend 5½ per cent. for a period of 14 months.)

LANGEN JAVA RUBBER.—Net profit £547. Balance forward £13,414, making £13,961, which directors propose to carry forward. (Last year dividend 10 per cent.)

PUBLIC BENEFIT BOOT—A net profit of £45,557, against £31,313 in 1929, is shown in the report of the Public Benefit Boot Co., Ltd., for the year ended December 31st last. This is the largest net profit earned for several years. Dividend on the deferred shares are resumed with a payment of 10 per cent., requiring £15,000, and, after placing £5,000, against £4,562, to general reserve, there is £38,227 to go forward.

ROMNEY TRUST.—Dividend of 7 per cent. on Ord. (same). Forward £10,818 (£9,406).

STAVELEY COAL AND IRON—Interim dividend on Ord. of 6d. per share, tax free. (Same.)

SOUTH-WESTERN INVESTMENT TRUST.—Interim dividend of 2½ per cent. on 5 per cent. Pref.

SCOTTISH-AMERICAN INVESTMENT.—Final dividends of 5 per cent. on 10 per cent. "B" Ord. and 2/- per share on "A" Ord., both less tax, making 20 per cent. for year on "A" Shares. (Same.)

YORKSHIRE RAILWAY WAGGON.—A further dividend of 3/- per share, making 4/- for year, equivalent to 10 per cent. Forward £1,223. (Dividend same.)

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

U.S. STEEL TRADE SLUMP.

The report of the U.S. Steel Corporation shows that the total earnings for the quarter ended December amounted to $23,064,000, against $37,995,000 in the previous quarter and $56,385,000 in the December quarter of 1929. Net income amounted to $10,080,000, against $23,182,000 for the September quarter and $40,568,000 for the December quarter of 1929. Balance for dividends amounted to $8,671,000, against $21,782,000 1929. Net income amounted to $10,080,000, announce the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on the Common and Preferred stocks. The net profit for the year is thus $104,465,774, whereas in 1929 operations yielded a net profit of $197,582,000.

BROKERS' LIABILITY TO CLIENTS.

Although only insignificant sums are involved in Mr. Justice Horridge's judgment on Monday against a large firm of London Stock Exchange brokers, the principle of the decision was felt to be so important that a special meeting of the Committee for General Purposes was called to consider it. During the morning at least one firm, members of the Stock Exchange, received notice from a dissatisfied client that he intended to institute proceedings against them on the basis of Monday's judgment. Beyond the fact that the whole matter was bound up with the question of an agent's position and liabilities, the Stock Exchange had no clear idea of what the decision involved and of its possible repercussions on the relation between broker and client. We understand that the decision upon whether an appeal shall be made or not may be made after the defendant firm's legal advisers have had time to examine the shorthand notes of the case.

R.O.P.'S NEW IRISH DEPOTS

Russian Oil Products, Ltd., distributors of R.O.P. throughout the British Isles and Irish Free State, announce a £64,000 building programme for the first quarter of 1931. New depôts, at a cost of £30,000, are being erected at Darlington, Penrith, Kendal, Stourport, Blisworth and Cambridge, in England, and at Dundalk and Bagenalstown, in Ireland. They will have a combined capacity of 540,000 gallons. Extensions to existing depôts and installations will cost £10,000, and £24,000 is being spent on barges.

IMPERIAL AIRWAYS.

The traffic return for December, 1930, is:—Miles flown per month 63,675, as against 71,282; miles flown since 1st April, 1930, 1,007,358, as against 1,031,292; ton miles for month 37,366, as against 43,141; ton miles since 1st April, 1930, 758,606, as against 858,184. Receipts for month £36,280, as against £35,511; receipts since 1st April, 1930, £481,749, as against £474,220.

STEEL AMALGAMATION SCHEME.

Messrs. John Brown and Company, Ltd., have addressed a letter to the holders of the First Mortgage Debentures and Second Mortgage Debentures of the company, in which it is stated that, as a first step towards rationalisation of the heavy steel business, an amalgamation has now been arranged between the company and the Atlas Works Steel manufacturers, Thomas Firth and Sons., Ltd., of Sheffield, by the sale and transfer by the company to Firth's of that section of its business which includes the Atlas Works and Scunthorpe Works, Sheffield, and certain other assets which are used in or are applicable to those works. It is proposed, for the purpose of carrying into effect the amalgamation, to increase the Ordinary share capital of Firth's by the creation of 450,000 new Ordinary shares of £1 each, deferred in regard to dividends to the payment of £.s.5, per cent. dividend in each year on the existing issued Ordinary share capital. In consideration of the Debenture holders agreeing to the transfer of the Atlas and Scunthorpe Works, Messrs. John Brown and Company will create a first mortgage on those works for £600,000 in favour of the trustees of the First Debenture holders, and subject thereto in favour of the Second Debenture holders. The mortgage for £600,000 will carry interest at 6 per cent. per annum, and will be repayable by certain fixed annual payments, commencing on January 1st, 1935, and ending on January 1st, 1965. The scheme of amalgamation has been agreed by independent committees of the directors of each company in consultation with Sir Gilbert Garnsey, of Messrs. Price, Waterhouse and Company, and Mr. W. MacKinnon, of Messrs. Alfred Tongue and Company, the respective auditors of the two companies. The directors are satisfied that the rationalisation proposed by the amalgamation is in the best interests of the company and of its Debenture holders. The letter adds: "So soon as the amalgamation now proposed is put effective the way will be clear for consideration of the possibility of widening the basis of rationalisation of the heavy steel industry by bringing other businesses under one control and thereby further augmenting efficiency and economy in manufacture and marketing of products and eliminating the cost of maintenance of redundant plants." The necessary extraordinary resolutions will be put before meetings of the First and Second Mortgage Debenture holders at Central Hall, Westminster, on February 6th next, and the directors recommend that these resolutions be supported.

UNITED STATES OIL PRODUCTION.

Production of crude oil in the United States continues to increase, it being estimated by the American Petroleum Institute that the daily average in the week ended January 24 was 2,110,600 barrels, an increase of 16,600 barrels over that for the preceding week. Compared with the corresponding week of 1930 the daily rate is down by 505,000 barrels, while it shows a fall of 862,850 from that of the peak week ended August 31, 1929.

THE WATNEY DIVIDEND CUT.

Few people probably will be disposed to regard the reduction from 8 per cent. to 6 per cent. in the interim dividend on Watney, Combe and Reid Preferred stock as the result of a contraction in profits. For the year to June 20th, 1930, the company paid 21 per cent. in all on this security, and the net profit showed that it actually earned 35½ per cent. In addition to the distribution, £400,000 was again placed to the property investment and contingency reserve. On the announcement, the Deferred stock, which is dealt in the form of £1 units, fell to 52s. 6d., and the business done afterwards, *via* the telephone, was on the basis of 49s. only, showing an actual fall for the day of 6s. During last year the price touched 66s. 3d., and in 1929, 68s.

IRISH RAILWAY CLEARING HOUSE.

At a meeting of Irish Railway Clearing House Committee, held at 5 Kildare street, Dublin, on 28th instant, Sir Walter R. Nugent, Bart., was unanimously re-elected Chairman of the Committee for year 1931.

TRIAL OF GIALDINI.

A Milan telegram states that one of the chief witnesses who will be called in the trial on March 9 of Gialdini will be Sir Gilbert Garnsey, the well-known accountant, who investigated the accounts in the proceedings which led up to the Hatry trial. It is expected that the trial will last a considerable time owing to the necessity for interpreters in the hearing of evidence by English witnesses.

BIG UNITED STATES CINEMA DEAL.

A New York telegram states that the suit brought in the Supreme Court by minority stockholders in the Pathé Exchange, Incorporated, for an injunction to restrain the company from selling certain of its assets to the Radio-Keith-Orpheum Corporation has been withdrawn. Pathé stockholders approved the deal on January 5, after a boisterous meeting at which the minority holders abused their opponents freely. The assets to be sold, it is stated, include the Pathé studios in California, with their producers, stars, and *personnel*; the Pathé News, and all Pathé distributing facilities and exchanges throughout the United States and Great Britain.

MINING REPORT.

Ariston Gold progress.—A statement to the shareholders of Ariston Gold Mines (1929), Ltd., announces that the chairman is leaving for the mine on the 28th instant, and on his return will issue a full report to the shareholders. Since the general meeting, when the chairman reported that over a distance of 630 feet driven north on the 16th level from 17·2 wins an average value of 15·6dwt. over 105·5 inches was exposed, the manager advises the continuance of the orebody and the values as follows:—From 630 to 660 feet north of 17·2 winze 15·7dwt. over 72 inches (reef not fully exposed). He also advises that a crosscut from the 16th level drive south from north shaft has exposed the reef (12·0 dwt. over 60 inches) some 50 feet nearer the shaft than was expected. This may prove very important, as it indicates a greater length of pay ore. The monthly output will be considerably augmented as from the end of February, when the drives north and south on the 16th level are connected. The manager states that, commencing with March output, the mine will be working at a profit. The scheme of reorganisation of capital (awaiting the sanction of the Court) having clarified the financial situation profits will be available for distribution as dividends. The successful carrying through of this scheme is due to the provision of new money by the Goldfields group.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Glasgow—Trade fairly good. Edinburgh—Moderate trade for Cattle. Wakefield—Quiet trade. Copper and Tin steady. Rubber firmer. Wheat irregular.

CATTLE.

GLASGOW.—490 fat cattle; quality average; trade fairly good; prices unchanged. Top bullocks and heifers 62/6, current 56/- to 60/-, secondary 46/- upwards live cwt. 3,700 sheep; generally sharper trade, with ewes dearer. Down hoggets 66/-, half-breds 60/-, crosses 58/6, half-bred ewes 55/-, Cheviots 52/-, black-faced 42/-.

EDINBURGH.—Fair supplies of store cattle and cows; no sheep. Trade for cattle was moderate. Feiled bullocks sold for £32 10/-, stirks for £15 10/-, calves to £10. Cows met a sharper trade; best sold to £36 10/-.

WAKEFIELD.—Very light show and quiet trade. Small hogg sheep 1/2 per lb., medium 1/1, large 1/-, ewes 6d. to 8d., tups 5d. Best English beef 9½d., secondary 9d., fat cows and bulls 6½d. to 7¾d. Beasts, 158; sheep, 138.

DONNELLY, DUBLIN.

Pigs under 6 stone...	92/-	per cwt., dead-weight.
" " 6 " ...	86/-	" "
" " 7 " ...	80/-	" "
" " 8 " ...	78/-	" "
" " 10 " ...	74/-	" "
" " 11 " ...	72/-	" "
" " 13 " ...	70/-	" "
" " 14 " ...	66/-	" "
" " 15 " ...	58/-	" "
" " 16 " ...	50/-	" "
Sows and Heavy Pigs	42/-	" "

Buy from those who buy from us.
LARGEST MAKERS OF SAUSAGES.
—(Advt.)

GRAIN.

FLOATING GRAIN CARGOES (BALTIC).—WHEAT cargo market steadily held in sympathy with firm Overseas cables, but demand fails to improve. White Pacific February sellers 26/6, No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Vancouver shipment, January 24/10½, No. 2 do. 23/9; Australian afloat, also loading and January-February 22/-. Parcels steady, with Canadian grades held for a slight advance, but buyers reluctant to follow; No. 1 Northern Manitoba February sellers 24/9, No. 2 do. 24/6; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, Vancouver shipment, February 24/7½, No. 2 do. 23/4½; Australian afloat 22/- per 480lb. Futures opened firmer on higher overnight cables, but subsequently eased on lack of support. Quotations at 1.15 p.m., per quarter of 480lb.—Manitoba grade January 22/-, March 21/9, May 21/7, November 22/9; London grade February also April 18/9. MAIZE cargoes dull and easier on selling pressure; Plate afloat, also January and February sellers 14/3, March 14/9, April-May 15/-. Parcels quiet of sale and tendency easier; Plate afloat, also January-February 13/9, February-March 14/-, March-April 14/3, new April-May, also May-June 14/6 to Liverpool; Plate February-March sold 13/10½ per 480lb. RYE inactive; parcels Danubian January-February sellers 14/-, Persian February-March 11/9, Russian afloat, also loading, 12/-, January-February 12/6; No. 3 Canadian eastern new crop, February 13/6 per 400lb. OATS dull of sale; Plate new February, also March sellers 8/9, April 9/-; Chilian Storm King January-February 18/-, do. Tawny January 11/6 per 320lb.

MARK LANE CORN.—The mid-weekly market was poorly attended and a poor trade resulted, but price changes few and unimportant. WHEAT slightly irregular. No. 1 hard Manitoba ex ship 27/3 to 27/6, No. 1 Northern Manitoba ex ship 26/6 to 27/-, No. 2 do. 25/6 to 26/6, No. 3 25/-, Australian 23/3 to 24/6, Russian on sample landed 20/- to 22/6 per 496lb., English new 18/- to 19/- per 112lb. FLOUR quiet. London straight run 24/- per sack for country deliveries, and 27/- London area. Of imported Manitoba patents 22/- to 24/6, Buffalo do. 22/- to 24/6, Australian 20/- to 21/6 ex store on c.i.f. terms, Manitoba top patents January-February 20/3 to 20/6, export do. 18/- to 18/6, Australian 16/6 to 17/6 per 280lb. Argentine low grade January-March £5 3/9 per ton. MAIZE easier. Plate landed 16/3, ex ship to arrive 15/-, February-March 15/3, March-April 15/6 per 480lb., yellow mains mest £5 5/- f.o.r. London per ton. BARLEY dull. Californian old landed 30/- to 35/-, new ex ship 30/- to 41/- as to sample, Chilian brewing landed 30/- to 35/-, Australian 32/- to 42/-. Smyrna 30/- to 32/- per 448lb., Black Sea landed 14/- to 14/6, ex ship 13/-, Danubian landed 14/- to 14/6 per 400lb., English new malting 6/3 to 12/6, seed 5/- to 5/9 per 112lb. OATS quiet. Plate landed 10/9, ex ship 9/9, Chilian tawny landed 13/6, North Russian landed 12/6 to 13/- as to sample, South Russian landed 12/3 to 13/- per 320lb., English new 5/8 to 6/- per 312lb. MILLERS' WHEATFEED slow, broad digestive bran 6/-, middlings 5/-, oatfeed 5/6, ground oats 6/10½ ex mill per cwt. Oatmeal quiet, flaked 14/6, rolled oat 15/- to 13/6, other cuts 12/3 to 12/6 ex mill per cwt.

LIVERPOOL.—WHEAT on the spot little altered. MAIZE—Spot parcels quiet, and River Plate easier at 3/3½ per central. FLOUR quiet, and favouring buyers. Graded wheat futures opened unchanged to ½d. per central dearer but soon moved downwards under a preponderance of sellers, and closed quiet at 5d. to 7d. under previous night values. March, 4/1½; May, 4/1½; July, 4/3½ per central. Sales—150 loads.

PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL.—BACON—The demand for Continental is quieter, and with holders free sellers, Danish favour buyers on most selections, heavy averages being obtainable at a discount of 2/- to 4/- per cwt., from the official quotations, but Swedish, Dutch and Irish being relatively scarce rule quietly steady, and American still tends downwards, Lellica being reduced to 62/- to 66/-, and hanks to 67/- to 74/- per cwt. HAMS quiet at lower prices of 82/- to 86/- for long cut and 85/- to 86/- for short cut per cwt. Shoulders remain nominal. CHEESE quiet at about late rates. BUTTER firm and 2/- dearer for Finnish at 134/- to 140/- per cwt., but other makes quiet, and New Zealand reduced 1/- to 115/- to 119/- per cwt. EGGS steady at 13/6 to 14/- for extra selected Irish packed 13/- to 13/6 selected, and 12/6 to 12/9 per 120 medium, and duck nominal.

LONDON CENTRAL MEAT.—Supplies to market, 2,114 tons—833 tons British and Irish produce and 1,591 tons imported. Slow demand for beef, with fresh killed meat firmer. BEEF—National mark prices:—Irish long sides Birkenhead killed, select 5/-, ditto prime 4/8 to 5/-, ditto good 4/6 to 4/8. General prices, including national mark:—Irish long sides Birkenhead killed 4/6 to 5/-, ditto hindquarters, forerib and flank (kasher) 4/10 to 5/4. Fair trade for pork at firm prices. PORK—English, under 10st. 7/8 to 8/4, ditto 10st. to 15st. 6/8 to 7/8, ditto 15st. to 20st. 6/- to 6/8; Irish 6/4 to 8/-, ditto suckers 7/- to 8/-.

DUBLIN VEGETABLE.—Demand was good, and early clearance made of the usual small mid-week supply on offer. Sales:—York cabbage, 30/- to 45/- per large load; savoy, 20/- to 25/- and 35/-; swedes, 1/3 to 1/4 cwt., and mangolds 11d. to 1/1.

DUBLIN POTATO.—Fair demand; supplies, although light, are in excess of requirements at 8/9 to 9/- per cwt. for best lots.

CORK BUTTER.—The market remains unchanged. Creameries 154/- per cwt.

DUBLIN FISH.—On offer, 3 chests lobsters, 130 packages herrings, and a fair supply from usual country and local senders. Demand fair, and early sell up at—Lobsters, 15/- to 20/- per 13 large, medium 10/- to 12/6, small 5/- to 7/6; soles 25/- to 30/- per long hundred, ditto 10/- to 15/-, slips 5/- to 7/6; turbot, 6d. to 10/-; brill, each, 6d. to 4/-; herrings, 10/- to 15/- box; plaice, 20/- to 30/- per half box; cod, 20/- to 40/-; whitings, 15/- to 20/-; haddock, 15/- to 30/-, and ray 12/6 to 20/-.

BILLINGSGATE FISH.—Sales 18d. to 26d., slips 21d. to 24d., lobsters 24d. to 39d. per lb.; line caught 18/-, dead 16/- to 22/-, draught; turbot 14/-, brill 9/- to 11/-, plaice 8/- to 13/-, halibut 15/- to 18/-, lemon soles 13/- to 18/-, whitches 9/- to 13/-, cod 5/- to 7/-, whiting 3/- to 5/-, hake 13/- to 14/-, skate wings 5/- to 7/-, haddocks 3/- to 8/- per stone.

PRODUCE.

LONDON.—SUGAR—No change in quotations of spot parcels, and there was more interest shown on the part of buyers, white Mauritius at 17/4½ to 17/10½ selling with more freedom. Terminal section opened steadier, but assumed a quieter tone; February sold 5/8½, March 5/10, 5/9½, 5/9½, 5/9½; May 6/1 to 6/0½, August 6/4½, 6/4½, 6/3½, and December 6/8½ to 6/7½. COFFEE—Market quite steady for all attractive liquoring qualities, with sustained home-trade absorption, but when thin in the cup prices move against seller. COCOA—Only a small movement on spot, but sellers require steady rates. Forward positions steady, extra G/F January-March to Continent quoted 25/6 c.i.f., terminal September sold 27/9, December 27/9. Sales 30 tons. RUBBER without material change, and a moderate business resulted. Standard sheet spot and February sold 4 7-16d., March 4¼d., April-June 4 7-16d., July-September 4¼d. to 4 7-16d., October-December 4¼d., January-March 4⅜d. Stocks on Monday next bid fair to mark an increase in London and Liverpool, particularly the latter port. TEAS—Indian sales of 27,772 packages came to a generally quiet market; common teas, however, proved quite steady, and on balance there was but little change to note as from Monday last. Pekoe sold 9d. to 1/3, broken ditto 9d. to 1 1-4; orange Pekoe 10d. to 1/9, broken Pekoe 10½d. to 2/8½, and Pekoe Fannings 9½d. to 2/8½. JUTE market again easier, but at a decline of 2/6 to 5/-. A fair amount of business was effected. Firsts January-February Continent sold £14 15/-, February-March £14 15/-, March-April £14 17/6, April-May £15; lightnings January-February, also February-March £13 15/- accepted, March-April done £13 17/6, Hearts February-March sold £12 15/-, Daisee held for £13 15/-, and Tossa £14 17/6 c.i.f. SHELLAC market quiet, T.N. spot 72/6, March sellers 60/6, May sold 64/-, January-February and February-March steamers sellers 60/- c.i.f.

OILS.—Linseed quiet, and weak; spot sellers 17/6, February 16/6, March-April 16/4½, May-August 16/7½, September-December 17/3. Rape quiet; crude spot 29/-, refined 30/6. Cotton quiet; crude Egyptian spot 18/-, common edible 21/6, deodorised 23/6. Cocoanut dull; Ceylon drums January-February 24/-, Galle do. 23/6. Turpentine slow; American spot 24/3, February-April 25/9 per cwt. TALLOW—Linseed—Market continues dull and values weak on selling pressure, also lower Argentine opening cables; Indian nominal; Plate to Hull January-February to March-April £8 2/9, April-May 5/-, May-June £8 6/-. Rapeseed dull; Toria to Hull/Continent January-February, also February March and March-April £11 5/-. Cottonseed steadier; Egyptian black to Hull January, also February-April £5 18/9, white do. £5 13/9; Bombay January-February, also February-March £4 12/6. Groundnuts quieter and easier. Coromandel machined January, also February and March £10 7/6, April £10 8/9, May £10 10/- per ton

LIVERPOOL.—CANE SUGAR steady, with sellers of February shipments basis 96 deg. pol. parcels at 6/1½ per cwt. c.i.f. to U.K. COCOA—West African spot moves off slowly. Fine fermented Accra in store still more or less nominal. Forward shipments steady, and for fair fermented Accra kinds January-March sellers asking 23/-, and buyers 22/9 per cwt. f.o.b. COFFEE steady. RICE—No. 2 Burmah on spot unaltered for old crop; forward shipments new crop held for 8/3 to 8/6 per cwt. for c.i.f. HEMP—Manila steady. JAPANESE PEAS on spot quoted slightly cheaper. RANGOON BEANS—White hand-picked in quiet request, but unchanged. RICE BRAN—Australian 30/- to 21/6 ex store on c.i.f. terms, Manitoba top patents January-February 20/3 to 20/6, export do. 18/- to 18/6, Australian 16/6 to 17/6 per 280lb. Argentine low grade January-March £5 3/9 per ton. MAIZE easier. Plate landed 16/3, ex ship to arrive 15/-, February-March 15/3, March-April 15/6 per 480lb., yellow mains mest £5 5/- f.o.r. London per ton. BARLEY dull. Californian old landed 30/- to 35/-, new ex ship 30/- to 41/- as to sample, Chilian brewing landed 30/- to 35/-, Australian 32/- to 42/-. Smyrna 30/- to 32/- per 448lb., Black Sea landed 14/- to 14/6, ex ship 13/-, Danubian landed 14/- to 14/6 per 400lb., English new malting 6/3 to 12/6, seed 5/- to 5/9 per 112lb. OATS quiet. Plate landed 10/9, ex ship 9/9, Chilian tawny landed 13/6, North Russian landed 12/6 to 13/- as to sample, South Russian landed 12/3 to 13/- per 320lb., English new 5/8 to 6/- per 312lb. MILLERS' WHEATFEED slow, broad digestive bran 6/-, middlings 5/-, oatfeed 5/6, ground oats 6/10½ ex mill per cwt. Oatmeal quiet, flaked 14/6, rolled oat 15/- to 13/6, other cuts 12/3 to 12/6 ex mill per cwt.

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**DUBLIN FISH

COUNTY OF LONGFORD.

SALE BY AUCTION OF MODERN LICENSED PREMISES IN THE TOWN OF LONGFORD.

WE are favoured with instructions from P. A. Fitzgerald, Esq. (Proprietor of P. E. Fitzgerald and Sons) to SELL BY AUCTION, at THE COURTHOUSE, LONGFORD, on THURSDAY, 5th FEBRUARY, at the hour of 2 o'clock—All that the Business Premises situate in a most prominent position in the Main street, held in Fee at the nominal head rent of £15 4s. 6d. per annum. P.L.V., £40.

These PREMISES are fully equipped in an up-to-date style, so meet the requirements of a high-class Grocery, Provision and Spirit trade.

The SHOP is spacious, and has a frontage of 33 feet. It has 3 plate glass shop windows, and a hall door entrance; and at rear, on ground floor, are tap-room, breakfast room and kitchen.

On first floor there are magnificent drawingroom, diningroom, tea drying room, storeroom, bath-room and w.c. On second floor there are 5 bedrooms.

The Yard, which has a side entrance, is enclosed, and contains slated provision stores, with lofts, cellar, bottling house, coal stores, bacon curing store, garage, loose box, and stalls for 12 horses.

There is also an enclosed fruit and vegetable garden.

All the buildings are in a first-class state of repair. Both interior and exterior have been recently painted and renovated. An extensive and lucrative business has been carried on here by the late Mr. Fitzgerald for the past 40 years.

Longford is considered to be one of the best market and fair towns in the Midlands.

Terms and Conditions at Sale. Purchaser, on being declared, to pay a deposit of one-fourth the purchase money, together with £5 per cent. Auctioneers' Commission.

For further particulars apply to T. W. DELANY, Esq., Solicitor, Longford; or to

JOHN HUGHES & SON, M.I.A.A.,
AUCTIONEERS, EDGEWORTHSTOWN.

ON VIEW TO-DAY (THURSDAY), FROM 10 A.M. TO 6 P.M.

SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, AUCTION TO-MORROW, AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK, COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

Comprising principally:—Set of 8 Chippendale Dining Chairs, 3 other Sets of Mahogany-framed do.; Dining Tables, in various sizes; Glass-back Sideboards and Cabinets, Bookcases, Bureaux, Side Tables, Coffee Tables, Chesterfield Sets, Office Desks and Tables, Coal Cabinets, Hall Tables and Hall Chairs, Hall Stands, China Cabinets, Parlour Suites, Fenders and Brasses, Pictures and Paintings, Decorative and other China; the Furnishing of ten Bedrooms in the most up-to-date fashion; Single and Double Wooden Beds and Wire and Hair Mattresses, Carpets, Linoleum, Kitchen Furniture, Overstrung and other Pianos, etc.; also the contents of a private residence, furnished in the Victorian period, all of superior quality. Full particulars in to-morrow's "Irish Times." Auction commences at 12.30.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER AND VALUER.

TO-DAY 2.30, AT 39 WESTMORELAND STREET.
"BEECHLAWN," 5 KENILWORTH PARK, HAROLD'S CROSS.
SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE. TRAM LINE. VACANT POSSESSION.
THOMAS MONTGOMERY, Solicitor, 17 Suffolk street.

ON VIEW TO-DAY, 10 TO 5 O'CLOCK. SALE TO-MORROW, 12 O'CLOCK
"COLWYN," CHURCHTOWN, DUNDRUM.
ATTRACTIVE SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE. POSSESSION.

AND AT THE SAME TIME AND PLACE.
THE MODERN FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.
(AS ALREADY FULLY ADVERTISED).
Messrs. W. J. SHANNON and CO., Solicitors, 19 Upper Ormond quay.

BATTERSBY & CO., AUCTIONEERS,
39 WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN.

HIGH-CLASS AUCTION TO-MORROW (FRIDAY),

Commencing at One o'clock, at TORMEY'S AUCTION ROOMS, 23 BACHELOR'S WALK, including Consignments of Furniture from Storage Warehouse and for other accounts, briefly comprising:—Antique Sheraton Cabinet, Walnut Inlaid Davenport, French Writing Desk, Mahogany Gate-leg Table, Set six Chippendale Reproduction Ladder-back Chairs, 4ft. Chippendale style Bookcase and Cabinet, 7-piece Chesterfield Suite, hair upholstered; two Exhibition French Gilt End-of-room Cabinets, a Mason's Ironstone Jug and Basin, a very fine 7-piece Mahogany Diningroom Suite, in hair cloth; Sheraton style Writing Desk, Exhibition 3-piece French Clock Set, Rosewood Inlaid China Cabinet, fine Chippendale design Display Cabinet, unique Music Cabinet, brass mounted; Antique Bed Side Table, Drawingroom Centre Display Cabinet, Mahogany Hall Stand, 6-piece Mahogany Inlaid Drawingroom Suite, two fine massive Gilt Overmantels, Shop Glasses, Mahogany and Oak Sideboards, latest style Brass Fender Suites, 7-piece Mahogany Drawingroom Suite, in silk tapestry; 7-piece Ormolu-mounted French Drawing-room Suite, 6-piece Diningroom Suite, in leather; Sets six and four Diningroom Chairs, Walnut Music Canterbury, 6ft. and 4ft., Mahogany G.R. Enclosed Sideboards, Walnut and Oak Sideboards, Occasional Chairs and Tables, Pictures, Hand Singer Sewing Machine (as new), Mahogany and Walnut Bookcases, The Bedroom Furnishing comprises:—Very fine Mahogany Bedroom Suite of 4 pieces (cost £80), Exhibition Mahogany Break-front Wardrobe, Mahogany Duchesse Pair to match; two Mahogany 4ft. Wardrobes, Walnut Bedroom Suite, 5 pieces; Burr Walnut Suite, with Cheval Dressing Table; Satin Walnut Suites, various sizes; Satin Walnut Wardrobes, two Satin Walnut Combination Washstands and Dressing Tables, Dark Walnut 4 x 6 Bedroom Suite, with reflex mirrors; Oak Bedroom Suites, Duchesse Pairs, and all Bedroom Furniture, Beds and Bedding, Kitchen Utensils, Chairs, Tables, and various miscellaneous lots.

J. J. TORMEY, M.I.A.A., AUCTIONEER AND VALUER.

SALE TO-DAY, ON THE PREMISES.

DESIRABLE NORTH SIDE RESIDENCE. POSSESSION.

253 NORTH CIRCULAR ROAD (CHARLEVILLE TERRACE).

ALSO THE EXCELLENT MODERN FURNITURE, PIANO, &c.,

Sale of House 12.30, followed by Furniture. Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees. Admission to Sale One Shilling, which will be refunded to purchasers.
Messrs. CARTAN O'MEARA and KIERAN, Solicitors, 27 South Frederick street.

ANDREW J. KEOGH, AUCTIONEER, 10 LR. ORMOND QUAY.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE & CO., LTD.
AUCTIONEERS.

IMPORTANT FURNITURE AUCTION,

THIS DAY at 1.30, in OUR SALEROOMS.

EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE,
PIANOS, CARPETS, FIREPROOF SAFES and EFFECTS.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE & CO., LTD., M.I.A.A.,
34 and 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.
'Phone 43060.

ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE.

DISPERSAL SALE
Of the CASTLE COOTE HERD of Pedigree A.A. Cattle on
TUESDAY, 24th FEBRUARY,
For the Executors of the late H. D'E. Stevens, Esq.
Further particulars in future advertisements.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,
USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN. Telephone 22970.

FARMERS' PROTECTION ASSOCIATION.
A PUBLIC MEETING

To organise the district in support of the objects of the above Association will be held in GARRISTOWN, co. DUBLIN
On NEXT SUNDAY, 1st February, at 12 o'clock.
Further meetings in Co. Dublin will be held as follows:—

Stepaside	Sunday, 8th February.
Lusk	Sunday, 15th February.

Objects:
(1) To develop agriculture and industrial employment by restriction or prohibition of all importations that can be economically produced in the Free State.
(2) To demand full de-rating, a moratorium of one year's annuity, and also an immediate reduction of existing rents and annuities.

CAPPAGH AND FINGLAS, CO. DUBLIN.

SALE OF VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY.

JAMES J. ROONEY and CO., LTD., have been favoured with instructions by the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at CITY ARMS HOTEL, PRUSSIA STREET, on THURSDAY, 5th FEBRUARY, 1931, at 1.30, as follows:—

LOT 1—Lands of Finglas West, containing 22a. 2r. 3p., S.M. Fee-simple. P.L. Valuation £14.

LOT 2—Part of the Lands of Cappagh, containing 12a. 2r. 0p. Held in Fee-Simple, subject to I.L.A. of £14 18s. 0d. P.L.V. £44.

LOT 3—Part of the Lands known as Cardiff Castle, adjoining Lot 2, containing 8a. 1r. 6p., S.M. Subject to £8 6s. 6d Interest in lieu of rent. P.L.V., £21 10s.

Lot 1 will be Sold separately, and Lot 2 and 3 as one Lot.

We take this opportunity of calling attention of intending purchasers to above valuable Property in conveniently sized fields, well watered and fenced, possessed of the primest fattening qualities, situation within 2 miles of Dublin Cattle Market, should prove a most profitable investment to those requiring Accommodation Parks, Dairy Proprietors, or Builders.

For further particulars—
THOMAS EARLY, Solicitor, 39 Upper O'Connell street Dublin
JAMES J. ROONEY & CO., LTD.
Auctioneers and Valuers,
42 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.
Telegrams: Auctions, Dublin. Telephone 22970.

COUNTY OF MEATH.

GRASS LANDS

AT RATHBEGGAN, BATTERSTOWN.

JOSEPH LOWRY and SONS are favoured with instructions from Sylvester McAuley, Esq., TO LET BY PRIVATE TREATY 120 Acres of the above well-known Fattening and Finishing Lands in the following divisions:—

Twenty Acres	35 Acres.
Hill Field	40 Acres.
Far Division	45 Acres.

These Lands are well sheltered, fenced and watered, and have an abundance of keep.

JOSEPH LOWRY & SONS,
M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneers and Valuers,
KELLS AND NAVAN.

LAST THREE DAYS OF GREAT DISCOUNT SALE

AT ALL OUR HOUSES

FURTHER EXTENSIVE REDUCTIONS TO ENSURE THOROUGH FINAL CLEARANCE.

Every class of goods is reduced, with the exception of a few proprietary articles, the manufacturers of which will not allow any reduction to be made.

No matter what reductions have already been made in the prices of goods, the sale discount at the rate of 2/- in the £1 is deducted, at the time of purchase, off the bill.

Even everyday household requirements, on which there are ordinarily very small profits, are subject to sale discount.

Sale Will Terminate Next Saturday

EDWARD LEE AND CO., LTD.
DUBLIN, RATHMINES, DUN LAOGHAIRE, BRAY
(48 MARY ST.) (KINGSTOWN)

HOUSES AND LANDS.

PROBERT & McMAHON.

Temple Road (Vicinity)—Attractive Detached Residence for Sale; perfect order; large garden, tennis ground, garage, tiled kitchen, conservatory, hot bath, etc. Seen on our Order.

Pembroke Township—Overlooking Herbert Park—Really Attractive Residence; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, 2 maids' rooms, hot bath, garage, electric light and gas, garden. Seen on our Order.

For Sale, in a rising township, fine Double-fronted Residence, on tram line, suitable for Private Residence. House in perfect order, with 4 reception, 4 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, electric light and gas, tiled kitchen, fine garage.

S. Suburbs (near R.D.S. Grounds)—Handsome Detached Residence, in splendid order and in beautiful grounds, with several paddocks. The house contains 4 reception, 6 bedrooms, maids' rooms, hot bath, garage, fully-stocked garden; electric light. Seen by appointment.

Rathgar—5 ACRES—To be Let, at £125 and taxes, attractive House; 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, garden, etc. See on our Order.

PROBERT & McMAHON,
M.I.A.A.
132 ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN. Tel. 52552.

HERBERT RD., BALLSBRIDGE—FOR SALE, with possession, one of these favourite Houses, containing three sittingrooms, four bedrooms, dressingroom, bathroom; has electric light, gas and garage. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

CLYDE ROAD—FOR SALE, with possession, one of these charmingly-situated Houses; has excellent accommodation, large garden and garage. Apply James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO
110 GRAFTON STREET.

BELFAST READERS.

The IRISH TIMES is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.10 a.m. If it is not delivered within a reasonable time, please communicate with our Branch Office, 139 Royal Avenue.

EVENTS IN IRELAND are fully summarised in the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES," with illustrations. Price Twopence.

Final clearance

NICHOLL'S SALE

There are scores of other Bargains equally as good as these. You should call and see them, or send your order by post. Country Orders over 20/- are sent Post Free.

BARGAINS IN TOWELS

Cream Linen **Bungalow** or **Guest Towels,** with neat coloured borders. Both dainty and useful Irish manufacture. Splendid value. EACH ..... **6D.**

White **Turkish Towels,** each stamped "Admiralty make as supplied to the Government." Size 24" x 48". Good dryers. EACH **10½D.**

CURTAIN FABRICS AT HALF PRICE

Several pieces of dainty Artificial Silk **Madras Net,** 45 ins. wide. Usually 3/9; also **Coloured Madras** in modernistic design, 45 ins. wide. Usually 2/6. Final Clearance Price, PER YARD **1/3**

About 400 yards of **Rainbow Shot Repp,** a heavy art silk fabric, suitable for Curtains, Screens, Cushion Covers, etc. In a variety of attractive multi-colour stripe designs, 48 inches wide. Well worth 2/11, it is an amazing bargain at, PER YARD **1/3**

Special Offer of Cream **Casement Cloth** for long Curtains, with wide lace insertion and hemstitched both sides. 45 inches wide. Regular 2/3 quality, but during this week, PER YARD **1/3**

OUTSTANDING VALUES IN SHEETS

50 pairs, **Finlay's make,** in plain Linen-finish or Twill. Excellent quality for wear. Perfectly pure. Size 2 x 2½ yds. Worth double this clearance price. PAIR **8/-**

20 pairs. **Plain Hemstitched Sheets,** full double bed size, 2½ x 3 yards. Free from filling. Will launder nicely and retain their snow-white appearance. PAIR **10/-**

Special offer of 38 pairs of **Horrockses'** super quality **Hemstitched Sheets.** There is no need to stress their exquisite finish and smooth, even texture. Size 2½ x 3 yards. Usually 18/11. PER PAIR ... **14/6**

REDUCTIONS IN SILKS

Lovely **Suede Georgette** of soft draping quality, in dainty shades of Lemon, Mauve, Pastel Blue, Beige, Sax, etc. 36" wide. Usually sold at 3/6; it is remarkable value at this Final Clearance Price. PER YARD **2/6**

Haitianne Taffeta. A delightfully crisp silk fabric of lustrous finish. In Mauve, Rose, Lemon, Sky, Pastel, Green, Ivory and Black. 36" wide. Exceptional value. PER YARD **1/8½**

Ring Velvet—Beautiful quality, rich deep pile; drapes nicely. In Black only. 36 inches wide. Very special value. PER YARD **6/6**

WINCEYETTE NIGHTDRESSES

During this week we are offering 120 Cream Winceyette and Flannelette Nightdresses at a big reduction. They are splendid quality, made with high neck and long, and very cosy. Out sizes are included. Usually 5/11 and 6/11, we are clearing them now at, EACH **4/-**

SERVICEABLE COAT OVERALLS

Made from a strong linen-finish Casement, these Coats are ideal for home or business wear. Smart fitting, with detachable buttons. In Green, Saxe, Helio, Navy, Grey, White or Black. All fast washing colours. EACH **3/8**

SPECIAL! 20 LINEN TABLECLOTHS

A manufacturer's clearing lot (seconds) of Irish Linen Damask Cloths. Soft pure finish, hemstitched all round. Attractive designs. Offered at half the ordinary prices.

Regular price, 21/-, 66" x 86". EACH **10/6**

Regular price, 23/-, 66" x 104". EACH **12/6**

POSTAL SHOPPERS' GUARANTEE.—If Goods ordered by post are not approved of, Nicholl's will refund the purchase money without question.

J. J. NICHOLL, Ltd.
Exchequer St., Dublin

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 2.)

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE AND WANTED.

ABANDON House Hunting. Consult Garvey and Good, Lincoln place, Dublin. 'Phone 62468, and 56 Grafton street. F

ALBERT MacARTHUR, "The Housefinder," "MacArthur House, 17 D'OLIER STREET. A

AT Dalkey, Kingstown & Suburbs, and other districts—Fine selection of Houses and Bungalows for Sale; prices to suit everyone.—Martin and Lord, 55 Upper George's street, Kingstown. 16 21

AT Seaside, Dalkey, Sandycove, Glenageary, Kingstown, Blackrock, Ballsbridge and Dublin suburbs—Megaley, Auctioneer, Sandycove road, has choice list new Detached Houses, sunny Detached Bungalows, on half acre and pretty Cottages for Sale, all prices, or Purchased by paying small deposit, balance as rent. 'Phone: Dalkey, 1202. 40 22

AUCTION, Brookville, Monkstown road, detached; early February.—Arthur Jones and Son. 24 D

AT South Suburbs—9 Acres Building Ground for Sale, cheap, rapidly improving district.—Probert and McMahon, 132 St. Stephen's Green. 24 D

AT Kingstown—For Sale, choice Family House, exclusively equipped—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 26 E

BALLSBRIDGE and Co., Auctioneers and House Agents. Established 1815—Houses for Sale in city, suburbs and county. Lists free on application. Call, write, or 'phone 21042.—39 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 24 D

BATTERSBY offer, £800, Bray, two storey, semi-detached, modern built House; 6 rooms, bath, electric, garden and garage. 24 D

BATTERSBY offer, £725, Phibsborough, nice two storey House, just off tram line; five rooms, bath, garden and room garage. 24 D

BATTERSBY offer, £2,500, Sydney Parade, semi-detached modern Residence, with all conveniences, 10 apartments, bath, electric, large garden and garage, etc. 24 D

BATTERSBY offer, £1,100, Pembroke, well built House in convenient position; 8 rooms, bath, garden and room garage. 24 D

BATTERSBY offer, £825, Donnybrook, conveniently situated House, just off tram line; 7 rooms, bath, electric, garden and room garage. 24 D

BEAUTIFUL Detached Residence, on 1 acre, free of rent, and lease for ever, close to train, tram, churches, Dalkey; bargain.—Boag, 24 Main street, Blackrock. 25 D

BLACKROCK—Cheap House for Sale.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 26 E

CASTLEKNOCK—Fawn Lodge, at Park Gate, house, yard, stabling, garden, 10 acre field, for Sale. Apply Long, 1 Lower Ormond quay. 24 D

CLONTARF—Variety of Houses for Sale, from £700 upwards.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 26 E

CO. Galway—Magnificent Residence, hunting district, comprising drawingroom, conservatory, dining, breakfast, six bedrooms, bathroom, three w.c.s, servants' hall, kitchen, scullery, pantry, dairy, cellars, thirteen excellent loose boxes, hay, coal and other sheddings, large enclosed garden, 13½ acres; valuation £35. Address "Z 2900, Residence," this office. 26 E

CAHIRA—To be Sold at reduced price, semi-detached Villa; two reception rooms, two good bedrooms, two smaller rooms, hot bath, a yard, workshop and garage.—Dockrell Limited. 26 X

EGLINTON road—Modern House, £375; two reception, four bedrooms, maid's room, hot bath, gas laid on; the house has been newly done up.—Dockrell Limited. 24 D

FOR Sale, Corrig avenue, Dun Laoghaire, handsome Residence, tastefully decorated, every convenience, two reception, four bedrooms, bath, electric light, garden; also Charnemont Villas, Glenageary (Dun Laoghaire), attractive non-basement Residence, recently decorated throughout, reception, four beds, hot bath, electric light.—237, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 23 A

FOR Sale, with possession, excellent pre-war House, nine rooms; long lease; garden; close to tram, churches, adjoining Belgrave road, Rathmines. Address "Z 2984, House," this office. 23 A

GLENAGEARY—Choice Residence, non-basement, on 1 acre.—Boag, 24 Main street, Blackrock. 25 D

GREYSTONES—House for Sale, semi detached; two sittingroom, 3 bedrooms, maid's, bathroom, electric light.—X 1918, this office. 27 F

HOUSE for Sale, lovely seaside place; freehold.—All particulars, No. 17, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

HAROLD'S Cross—Neat red brick two storey House for Sale; newly decorated throughout; 2 sitting, 3 bedrooms, hot bath, w.c., kitchen, scullery; possession. Key with Dockrell Limited Agents, George's street. 26 E

HOUSES for Sale—Kingstown, sea front, good investment, 9 apartments, garage, etc., £1,800; 10 apartments, £1,400. At Monkstown, detached, non-basement, 7 apartments, £1,100; 8 apartments, £1,300.—Martins and Lord, 53 Upper George's street, Kingstown. 27 F

HAROLD'S Cross—Corner House, non-basement, semi-detached; two reception, three bedrooms, servant's room, hot bath, space for garage, £950.—Dockrell Limited. 24 D

INCHICORE—Splendid modern Shop, best position, Letting £200 yearly.—Arthur Jones, Stephen's Green.

KINGSTOWN—Choice position, a good Family Residence, convenient to churches, schools, tram, golf, etc., containing 5 bedrooms, study, 2 reception, servant's room, kitchen, breakfast parlour, bath, electric light, garage, etc.—236, Smith and Barton, Kingstown. 25 A

LET us have your inquiries if you want to Purchase or Rent House, also Business Premises.—Robertson and Co., House Agents, Auctioneers, Valuers, etc., 46 Upper George's street, Dun Laoghaire. 24 D

LESSON Park (adjoining)—Attractive House, 4 family bedrooms, 3 sitting; £1,500.—Arthur Jones, 10 Stephen's Green. 26 E

MONKSTOWN—Brookville, detached, 5 rooms, bath, etc., garage space, Auction early February if unsold.—Arthur Jones and Son. 28 A

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

MODERN, well built Villa, between Clontarf and Dollymount, decorated, electric light, gas, large laid out garden, garage; owner must sell; moderate for prompt purchase.—X 1863, this office. 20 E

MONKSTOWN—Comfortable pre-war built House, most convenient situation just off tram line and facing sea; 10 apartments, bath, garden, etc.; will be sold at attractive price to prompt purchaser. Particulars, Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 27 F

NEAR Blackrock—Small House, three rooms, kitchen, electric light, yard, w.c., garden, price £350, or would be Let at £50.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

OUTSTANDING Value—All brick, well finished semi-detached Houses at Cowper Gardens, Rathmines; two reception, five bedrooms, bathroom, separate w.c., linen press, kitchen, two pantries, cookroom, garage, electric light and gas; rates remission; £1,350.—Pickering and Son. 12 21

PRETTY Cottage, Blackrock, 5 rooms, bathroom, electric light, large fruit and flower garden.—Boag, 24 Main street, Blackrock. 25 D

RATHMINES and Rathgar—Good selection of Houses for Sale.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 26 E

RANELAGH—Non-basement House, two reception, A1 decorations, best bath, garden, space for garage, £850.—Dockrell Limited. 28 X

RANELAGH—Price £750, free of rent for ever, five roomed House, with electric light, gas, bath, large garden and garage.—James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

SALE, 24 May street, Drumcondra; 5 apartments, bath; brick built throughout; £950. 26 E

SANDYCOVE, £1,850—Detached, non-basement House, on tram line, containing lounge hall, two reception rooms, four bedrooms, bed bath, large garden, garage, space for tennis court, electric light throughout. Seen on order to view from Dockrell Limited. 28 X

SANDYMOUNT—Modern House, two reception, three bedrooms, hot bath; long lease; price £950.—Dockrell Limited. 28 X

£925—RANELAGH—Modern House, perfect order, with garage.—Arthur Jones, Stephen's Green. 27 F

£1,000 CASH, or £250 deposit and £80 odd per annum, Purchases new semi detached House, with garage, Ashdale road, Terenure; 2 reception, 4 bedrooms; rates remission.—Bailey and Sons, Builders. 8 27

HOUSES TO LET.

ALDERLEY, Glenageary, detached, lovely garden, tennis, seven bedrooms, four reception rooms, garage, two bathrooms, Let, unfurnished. On view. 26 E

COTTAGE to Let, 4 rooms, unfurnished; Rahenv.—X 1922, this office. 27 F

DUNDRUM—Half House to Let, 2 rooms and sittingroom, kitchenette, bathroom.—A 45, this office.

FOXROCK—Attractive Furnished Bungalow, electricity, gas, garden, garage; 4 bed, 2 reception. Swincliffe Lodge. 25 E

FOXROCK—Unfurnished House to Let, also Furnished House, Dun Laoghaire. Apply Universal Bureau, Dun Laoghaire.

GOOD class Houses, Furnished and Unfurnished, for Letting. Apply Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street.

GREYSTONES—Five roomed Bungalow, for three months; near station.—2 Conyngham road. 22 E

HOUSE, four apartments, Ashtown, Co. Dublin; garden; rent £30 per year to suitable tenant. A 1

TO be Let or Sold, Mount Anville House, Dundrum, Co. Dublin, splendid residence, standing in own grounds of 20 acres; farm yard, also stabling, coachhouse, 4 apartments for man; hot bath, Let House with pleasure ground and lawn tennis court at £200 per annum, free; electric light from plant. Seen any time. 27 F

TO Let, 1 Newtown Villas, Dodder road, Rathmr, 4 bedrooms, 3 reception, garden, garage, 4 acres. 24 D

WELL Furnished, completely self contained Maisonette, in Hatch street, for 12-15 months, consisting of seven rooms, large kitchen, bathroom, hot and cold shower-boat, electricity, three gas fires and cooker, garden, garage; very moderate rent for long letting.—X 1826, this office. 26 E

HOUSES WANTED.

AT South suburbs, Furnished House Wanted, small family, careful tenants, for a year; rent about £120 per annum. Please reply to Probert and McMahon, 132 Stephen's Green. 26 E

HOUSES, Shops, Flats, Apartments Wanted, also Sites.—Property Brokers' Company, 17 Nassau street, Dublin. 26 E

MERRION square, Stephen's Green, or vicinities—Wanted, House or Hall House; rent in advance. X 1087, this office 28 A

WANTED to Rent or Purchase, Cottage, with 3-4 acres; South side preferred.—X 1717, this office. 23 D

WANTED, Furnished House immediately; no flats; city. Reply X 1746, this office. 25 D

WANTED immediately, in good district, convenient to city, Unfurnished House or self contained Flat, 4 or 5 rooms, every modern convenience; state terms.—X 1905, this office. 27 F

WANTED, to Rent or Purchase, South side, modern, well built House, detached or semi detached; 3 reception rooms, 4 bedrooms.—X 1996, this office. 27 F

WANTED immediately, Residence, with about an acre, Dundrum, Milltown or other Southern suburb; 3 reception and 4/5 bedrooms and usual conveniences. Particulars to Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street. 27 F

WANTED, Furnished House for year or longer, South suburbs, rent £90-£120, inclusive rates.—X 1901, this office 28 X

WANTED to Rent, South side preferably, modern House; £70-£80 inclusive.—A 50, this office.

HOUSES WANTED CONTINUED

WANTED to Purchase, non-basement House, South side, near city; five bedrooms, three reception, bathroom, etc., electric, gas; price £1,000-£1,100.—X 1955, this office. 28 A

WANTED, modern House, 6 rooms, North side; state particulars, moderate; no agents.—X 1961, this office 28 A

WANTED to Rent in County Dublin, good sized Dwellinghouse, convenient bus route.—A 49, this office.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

APARTMENTS Agency—Flats, Board Residence, Furnished Apartments.—Miss White, 25 Nassau street.

AT St. Anne's, Leicester avenue, Rathgar (end of Orwell road)—Select Board Residence; modern conveniences; personal attention. 24 D

APARTMENTS, with Private Board; comfortable, convenient, central.—24 Hatch street, private, 2935. 29 E

AT 29 Kildare street—Visitors or permanent (opposite Museum). 29 E

A BEDROOM, use sittingroom, suit gentleman; partial board.—20 Lennox Park avenue. 27 D

APARTMENTS, Dundrum neighbourhood—Two Bedrooms, sittingroom, bath, cooking, attendance, hall floor, telephone, garage, every comfort; reasonable.—X 1924, this office. 28 A

A VACANCY for three gentlemen sharing exceptionally large Room; full Board; refined home comforts.—Wilton House, Wilton place. 27 D

BED Sittingroom to Let; meals arranged.—107 Lower Biggot street. 27 D

COMBINED Rooms, breakfast and attendance, in modernly equipped house. South side; from one guinea. Address "Z 2910, Apartments," this office. 27 D

COMFORTABLE, well Furnished Bedroom, use sittingroom, attendance, South side; references.—X 1949, this office. 27 D

COMFORTABLE Board Residence; single and double rooms; good catering.—8 Herbert place. 28 C

DUNDRUM—Select Board Residence or Apartments; moderate. Apply X 1849, this office. 26 E

FURNISHED Bedroom, Sittingroom, kitchenette, use of bath, night attendance. Protestants.—X 1946, this office. 27 F

INVALID or slightly mental Lady will receive every attention in comfortable house. Address "Z 2575, Apartments," this office. 28 A

LARGE Furnished Bed Sittingroom, use kitchenette, bath, hot and cold water, electric light, inclusive terms 17/6 weekly, Pembroke.—X 1963, this office. 27 F

LARGE Furnished Bed Sittingroom, suit couple or two ladies; no attendance; top flat, Merrion square.—X 1958, this office

NICELY Furnished Bedroom and Sittingroom, Delgrave square, Rathmines; partial attendance.—X 1728, this office. 23 D

NURSE has comfortable Rooms in own house, suit elderly or delicate ladies; personal attention, select locality; terms moderate.—X 1913, this office. 27 F

TO Let, Oakley road, Ranelagh, Front Room as Bed Sittingroom, with use of kitchen, own cooker.—705, Irish Times Branch Office, Ranelagh.

TWO Gentlemen can Have Board Residence, good house, no others, Donnybrook; moderate. Particulars from Miss White, 25 Nassau street.

16 NORTH MUNSTER road—Select Board Residence; comfortable; tram line. 27 F

19 LOWER Pembroke street, off Baggot street—Apartments offered, singles; Board, full or partial 26 E

45 YORK road, Rathmines—Comfortable Home offered elderly lady; Protestant; every attention. 28 E

APARTMENTS WANTED.

BUSINESS gentleman requires first class Bedroom, Partial Board, good locality.—A 6, this office. 28 D

BUSINESS Lady requires Top Bedroom, with gas fire, ring; quiet, sunny, central.—X 1980, this office. 28 A

WANTED, large Bed Sittingroom and accommodation, with kitchenette, unfurnished, for single lady, immediately; respectable and convenient locality essential. Address "Z 2909, Apartments," this office. 27 F

WANTED by business Girl, Bedroom and Sittingroom, with use of bath; Ballsbridge or Pembroke direction in preference.—A 23, this office.

WANTED, by a lady, two Rooms, upstairs, partly furnished; no attendance.—R O 1606, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

FLATS TO LET.

ATTRACTIVE, well Furnished Flat Let, main road, Clontarf; adults.—X 1821, this office. 26 F

ATTRACTIVE new Unfurnished Flats; bright, central; every convenience. Apply 9 Herbert street. 26 E

AT Ranelagh—Unfurnished Flat, two large rooms, kitchenette, use bath, garden; £1 weekly.—X 1888, this office. 26 E

ATTRACTIVE Top Floor Flat, Unfurnished, ditto Hall Floor, £72, free, at No. 18 Marlborough road. 26 E

AT 92 Lower Baggot street—Unfurnished Hall Flat, bath, w.c., cooker; very select 27 F

A BRIGHT Garden Flat to Let, central; 22/6 weekly. Apply Archer, 12 Lower Fitzwilliam street. 'Phone 62023. 28 A

BROWNE and Co., Grafton street, opposite Wexford's, offer Furnished and Unfurnished Flats, best residential districts. 24 D

BEAUTIFUL four roomed Unfurnished Flat to Let. Can be seen at No. 30 Upper Fitzwilliam street. 27 D

BLACKROCK—Furnished or Unfurnished Flat to Let, self-contained; moderate for two; garage if required. Apply Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. 27 D

COMPACT three roomed Unfurnished Flat, including bathroom and kitchenette, own hall door. Apply 114 Stephen's Green. 27 F

FLAT, Unfurnished, three large rooms, self contained 15 Earlsfort terrace; rent £75. Seen duly, 12 to 4. 24 D

FURNISHED Flat, also Room and Kitchenette, use garden, etc.—2 Waterloo road. 25 D

FLAT offered to three or four gentlemen, full or partial Board; 25/- and 21/-.—X 1745, this office. 24 D

FLAT to Let, exclusive South suburban locality; gas, electric; adults only; references.—X 1812, this office. 26 E

FULLY self-contained large Drawingroom Flat, Pembroke road, modern conveniences.—X 1979, this office. 27 D

FLAT to Let, Furnished or partly, bedroom, sittingroom, kitchenette, use of bath (h. and c.), electric light. After 7 p.m., 41 Belgrave square, Rathmines. 27 F

FLATS, Unfurnished, suitable for two Office Chambers.—60-64 Blessington street. 26 F

FLAT, up to date, to Let, Lea House, 93 Pembroke road, Ballsbridge; every convenience. 28 A

Long, 1 Lower Ormond quay. 24 D

FLAT self contained Hall Flat to Let, Monkstown; lounge hall, 3 good rooms, very bright kitchenette etc.—X 1908, this office. 27 F

NOTICE

IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisements in this paper great care should be taken to include the catch word, when same is given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 40, Housemaid" should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LEINSTER road—Self-contained Unfurnished Flat, sittingroom, double bedroom, kitchenette, bathroom, gas, electric light; £78, inclusive.—X 1972, this office 26 E

MERRION square—Self contained Flat, six rooms, bathroom, electric light, newly fitted; rent £100.—Prim Bros., Dawson street. 24 D

MODERN Flat, Furnished or Unfurnished.—141 Leinster road, between 5 and 6. 26 E

OLD-TIME Bonfire—No. 6, Hen Pearce, "The Green Chicken," by Clayton Kent, in the "Weekly Irish Times" today. Price twopence. 27 F

FLATS WANTED.

FLAT (Unfurnished) Wanted by excellent tenant; 5 or 6 rooms, bath, kitchenette, in good order; Earlsfort, Elgin, Pembroke, Landsdowne roads or district. Particulars to Battersby, 39 Westmoreland street. 26 D

TWO ladies (civil servants) require small Flat or Furnished Rooms; partial attendance; state terms.—X 1881, this office. 26 E

WANTED, small Furnished Flat, also double bedded Room, or 2 single and sittingroom; state terms.—X 1935, this office. 27 F

WANTED, self contained Flat, Furnished 2 bed rooms; South side.—X 1984, this office. 28 F

WANTED, Furnished Flat, 3 rooms; Blackrock, Ballsbridge city; moderate.—X 1985, this office.

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY.

HOUSES TO LET AND WANTED.

AT Kingstown, Sandycove, Dalkey—Megaley, Auctioneer, Sandycove, has Unfurnished and Furnished Houses to Let, also numerous Flats. 40 22

BUNGALOW type of House to Let, Unfurnished, on Monkstown House Estate, Monkstown avenue, containing six rooms, kitchen, good garden; £90, free. Apply Caretaker at office

FOUR roomed Cottage, with free range for poultry; 30/- per month.—Manager, Mount Saint Benedict, Gorey, Co. Wexford. 27 F

FURNISHED House Wanted, County Dublin; state yearly rent.—Furnished Winnett's, Dalkey. 28 A

GREYSTONES—Easter and Summer Lettings are now available. Register early with us.—Garvey and Good, "Beacon-field," Greystones.

KILLINEY—Small House to Let, Unfurnished; four rooms, kitchen, bathroom, w.c., gas, small garden; £70 free; must shortly; seen only by appointment. Address "Z 2899, House," this office. 26 E

TO Let, Partly Furnished House, seven rooms, convenient bus.—